GULF OF MEXICO FISHERY MANAGEMENT COUNCIL

## ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY COMMITTEE

Grand Hotel Marriott Point Clear, Alabama
January 26, 2015
VOTING MEMBERS
Doug BoydMartha Bademan (designee for Nick Wiley)Florida
John Greene ..... Alabama
Campo Matens ..... Louisiana
Corky Perret ..... Mississippi
David Walker ..... Alabama
NON-VOTING MEMBERS
Kevin Anson Alabama
Leann Bosarge Mississippi
Jason Brand. ..... USCG
Glenn Constant ..... USFWS
Dave Donaldson ..... GSMFC
Myron Fischer (designee for Randy Pausina) Louisiana
Harlon Pearce ..... Louisiana
Robin Riechers ..... Texas
John Sanchez ..... Florida
Greg Stunz Texas
Roy Williams Florida
STAFF
Stephen Atran Senior Fishery Biologist
John Froeschke .Fishery Biologist
Doug Gregory Executive DirectorKaren Hoak.................Administrative and Financial AssistantMara Levy...........................................NOAA General Counsel
Bernadine Roy Office Manager
Charlotte Schiaffo. Research \& Human Resource Librarian
OTHER PARTICIPANTS
Tom Ard Orange Beach, AL
Jeff Barger Ocean Conservancy, Austin, TX
Randy Boggs Orange Beach, AL
Zack Bowen. ..... SAFMC
Steve Branstetter. .....  NMFS
Gregg Bray ..... GSMFC
Eric Brazer Reef Fish Shareholders Alliance
Kristen McConnell. EDF, Austin, TX
22
Mike Nugent Aransas Pass, TX
Bonnie Ponwith. ..... SEFSC
Tracy Redding ..... AL
Lance Robinson ..... TX
27 Matt Seymour Foley, AL
28 Katie Simon
29 Bob Spaeth SOFA, Madeira Beach, FL
30 Andy Strelcheck ..... NMFS
31 Bill Tucker. Dunedin, FL
32 Robert Turpin
33 Will Ward. Palmetto, FL
Bob Zales. Panama City, FL

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The Administrative Policy Committee of the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council convened at the Grand Hotel Marriott, Point Clear, Alabama, Monday morning, January 26, 2015, and was called to order at 8:30 a.m. by Chairman Doug Boyd.

## ADOPTION OF AGENDA APPROVAL OF JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY \& BUDGET/PERSONNEL MINUTES

CHAIRMAN DOUG BOYD: I call together the Administrative Policy Committee. We have everyone present except Ms. Dana. Out of the seven members, we have six here and so we have a quorum.

The first thing on the agenda is the Adoption of the Agenda and do I hear any changes or additions to the agenda from the committee? Does everybody know who is on the committee? Let me read the names. It's Boyd, Dana, Greene, Matens, Perret, Walker, and Bademan. Any changes or additions to the agenda? Hearing none, we will move to Item II, Approval of the Joint Administrative Policy \& Budget/Personnel Minutes.

Any changes or additions or corrections to the minutes? Hearing none, I will ask for approval of the minutes. There is a motion to approve by Corky and I have a second by Mr. Greene. All in favor say aye; any opposed. The minutes are approved.

The next thing on the agenda is the Action Guide and if you'll look up Tab G-3, we have two items on there and I am going to rely on Mr. Gregory to go through most of this. There are two items, Tab G-3 and Tab G-4, that we're going to talk about today and then a report on Tab G-5. Mr. Gregory, if you would go ahead.

## ACTION GUIDE AND NEXT STEPS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DOUG GREGORY: This is just an overview. Tab G-4 is going to be the review and decision on various aspects of the AP and SSC structure and I have brought that to the council the last two meetings for review and we need to make a decision at this meeting, particularly with the AP, because if we're going to appoint AP members in March and April, we have to start that advertising soon after this council meeting.

One of the things I am going to suggest in here or ask is that we postpone the SSC appointments until June because of, one, to reduce the total number of people we have to deal with. If you recall in April of 2013, we had some confusion about people's applications being lost and some people not getting their application. We are trying to strengthen that up so that doesn't happen again and we have about 250 people altogether that we're trying to get reappointments to and so if we can put off the SSC until June, that will help the process.

The other thing about the SSC meeting is they are supposed to -Any appointees to the SSC are supposed to have their statement of financial interest into the Office of the Regional Administrator forty-five days before they are appointed and so if you back off forty-five days from the council meeting, you don't have much time for advertising the positions and so we would like to do the SSC in June.

The forty-five-day requirement has been on the books for a while and we haven't really followed them in the past and so this is an attempt to follow that rule. Clearly the SSC members that are already in place are filing their statement of financial interest this month, just like council members are to do before February. That's a reminder to you all as well.

The thing about the advisory panel is we are suggesting term limits similar to the council. You serve three terms and then you're off for a year and then you can get back on. For the SSC, we have such a need for expertise that we are not proposing term limits for them.

I also have categories of stakeholders for the APs that we've discussed in the last two meetings and the council has given us guidance that your intention is not to make these categories that are fixed in stone that we have to fill, but rather they are to serve as a reminder to the council and guidance to the council when they make appointments that these are the stakeholders that are out there, but it's nothing that requires you to fill each and every position like it's listed. It was simply an attempt to try to identify the different stakeholders so we can try to avoid having AP committees that are missing certain stakeholder groups.

For the SSC, the big proposal is to merge them into one Standing SSC, merge the Ecosystem and the Socioeconomic SSC into the Standing. I have some ideas for that.

Then in Tab G, Number 5, these are comments by NOAA Department of Commerce attorneys on the standard operating policies and procedures that this council presented to them in 2012. This does not include any of the comments that the ad hoc committee on the council provided that we recently finished at the last meeting. That's an additional background document called Tab 5(a). We are not here to discuss that, but it's got track changes of all the changes we made in the last two council meetings and so if anybody wanted to bring something up for clarification or change, we can do that, but that's not the main purpose here.

The main purpose is to review the Department of Commerce comments and to approve or not approve the inclusion of those changes. They are relatively minor. There is a couple of places I have explanation for, but that should go pretty straightforward and so that's the overview of what we'll do. With your approval, Mr. Chair, we can get started on Tab G, Number 4.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I think the most important things that we're going to deal with today are the suggestion from the SSC of integrating the three larger SSCs and I would like to start with that first, if we could, and then the other thing that $I$ think is very important is the staggered terms on the APs. Mr. Gregory, in your Tab G-4, page 6 is the proposed integration of the SSCs.

MR. CORKY PERRET: I have got some questions long before that page, before page 6. I've got a question right at the start, with the introduction, and do we just want to go down the document or, Mr. Gregory, what would you like? How are we going to do this?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: My understanding is if we start at page 6 that when we finish with the SSC that we will go back to the beginning of page 1.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: That's what $I$ am proposing and is there something just in the formal process, Corky, or --

MR. PERRET: Mr. Gregory, and I quote, there is no formal provision for replacing members who resign before the end of their term, yet I don't see a proposal on how to handle that and so it seems to me we should have -- If we don't have a formal provision, let's have one and that would be for the AP and the SSC. I don't have a suggestion, but $I$ just think we need to have something, a formal provision.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Would you be okay making a motion within the proposed integration of the two, as a part of that process? Okay.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: My idea was if we have staggered terms and we are reappointing somebody every year, that is the provision for replacing somebody on an annual basis, rather than waiting two or three years.

MR. PERRET: Okay and if that language is in the document, then that takes care of it, in my opinion. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: If it's not, we'll get something to that in there.

UPDATE ON AP AND SSC APPOINTMENT PROCESS AND STRUCTURE
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: On page 6 is the background
information and on page 7, we have the proposed SSC integration. One thing I've done in this document is I've highlighted draft motions. This was to kind of give a heads-up to the council where I thought a decision needed to be made, so we just didn't get through the document and go, okay, well that's that.

I am not trying to put words in your mouth, but this is something I think the council needs to consider and make a decision and so we're the only council that has three major SSCs. We are also the only council that has what we call Special SSCs.

The Special SSCs have been a part of this council since the beginning and the original intent of that was to bring in the specialists of a particular species, whether it was mackerel, red drum, red snapper, the ichthyologists, the biologists, the behaviorists, which is critical to us today, because the SSC now is populated and we're trying to populate it mostly with quantitative people.

The Special SSCs were to supplement that core knowledge we have on the Standing and so I am not proposing to change that. What has happened over the years is the Socioeconomic Advisory Panel was created by the council to help the stock assessment panels provide information to the council. I think Robin was on one of the early Socioeconomic APs.

Then when the decision was made to pay the SSC a stipend for their work, the council staff said we've got these socioeconomic scientists and let's make them an SSC and pay them too, because it seemed unfair not to pay them if you pay these others and so they became an SSC and they have been operating independent of the Standing SSC, even though our SOPPs say they're a subunit of the SSC and they answer to the Standing SSC, but they have never operated that way.

We have an Ecosystem SSC that was created to help with a grant. When the grant ended, that group continued on and they meet, in the past, sporadically and more frequently now jointly with the Standing SSC.

Since we're the only council that has this variety of SSCs and we have clearly many more members than any other council, I have been working on and talking to the different SSCs about integrating the three major SSCs into one.

We will go from thirty-seven people down to eighteen or twenty people and the Standing and the Ecosystem SSC have endorsed
pretty much what this proposal is and the Socioeconomic SSC didn't really endorse it when they addressed it two or three years ago, before I became Director, and so what I am proposing here is that we integrate them and in talking with the Standing SSC, what $I$ have learned is they want an emphasis on quantitative biologists to help with the stock assessment reports.

We have SSC members go to each stock assessment meeting, the data workshop, the assessment workshop, and the review workshop, and they need more people to help spread the load. We need more expertise also. The South has always had a difficult time with stock assessments, in that the expertise, the need, wasn't here historically. I am talking the 1940s and 1950s, after World War II.

We are one of the regions that never had an international fishery and it's in the Northeast and the Northwest where there are international fisheries that really the stock assessment expertise at the universities and in the agencies really developed.

We want to strengthen that as much as we can with whatever expertise we have here in the Southeast. We can go outside the Southeast. The South Atlantic Council does that and grabs people from other regions.

The ecosystem people will be serving on the SSC and what $I$ am proposing is the seven stock assessment people we have on page 7, under the proposed SSC integration, three ecosystem scientists, three economists, and we currently have two, three quantitative anthropologists, and we currently have one, one environmental scientist, and one other scientist from any of the other disciplines or from one of the above.

In talking with the Standing SSC at the last meeting, there was some concern that we would lose too many economists and anthropologists if we only had three of each on the Standing and so I am suggesting here that we consider creating a Special Socioeconomic SSC to be comprised of two economists and two anthropologists that we would bring in to meet jointly with the Standing SSC whenever we address something that is strongly economic or social in nature, much like we use the other biological Special SSCs. That would keep the strength we have now in the economic and the social area. Do you want me to just go through all of this and then come back to the draft motions or --

CHAIRMAN BOYD: No, let's go ahead and have some discussion on these points now.

MR. PERRET: Doug, you give us, for the APs, the current structure and so on and so forth and can you refresh our memories now of how many do we have on the current SSC and what are their backgrounds? How many economists and all of that kind of stuff? First off, how many are on the SSC now?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: We have fourteen.
MR. PERRET: The bulk of those members are the quantitative biologist, stock assessment types?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Correct. We have two economists, one anthropologist, no ecosystem people, per se, and the rest of them are -- There's probably four or five quantitative people and then other biologists that aren't as quantitative.

MR. PERRET: You conferred with the different SSC committees that we have and basically got their input and this was the suggestion from the scientists as well as the staff, for this type of makeup?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I conferred with the Joint Ecosystem and Standing SSC $I$ think in February of last year and they didn't really discuss it. It was just brought up and they kind of passed it on. The Socioeconomic SSC looked at it two years ago when Dr. Bortone was looking at the SSC structure and I brought up the idea of integrating it, because I was on the Standing SSC at the time. I think Greg might have been there.

The Socioeconomic SSC people, in general, were not favorable to integrating and I assume they did not want to lose what stature they had. Then I came back to the Standing SSC at this last meeting and presented it in more detail and we did have a detailed discussion and so that was the only real detailed discussion we have had.

In talking privately with some of the Ecosystem people, they are concerned that since they were created to serve a grant and that grant has gone away that they might just not meet that often and there is a need to integrate ecosystem with stock assessments and $I$ think all of us feel that there should be better integration there and $I$ think they're more favorable to being integrated with the Standing.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Any other discussion?

MR. DAVID WALKER: I would like to see us sort of in the Gulf set an example. I think the Socioeconomic is -- That SSC is quite important in the decision making. You know we have the calibration thing that's being looked at and I think the social and economic -- I think you need to keep the professionals, the experts in that field, to keep looking at those and $I$ would speak against consolidating them.

If you want to add some members to the Standing SSC to get more knowledge, I would definitely support that, but when it comes to social and economic decisions, I don't know of any council member that can make those without the advice of a panel like we have now.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Other discussion?
DR. BONNIE PONWITH: Of course I'm not on the committee, but I appreciate the care that's being taken in contemplating the makeup of this committee and it's a challenge. You want to keep it right sized for the job, but certainly these different disciplines all bring some very, very important expertise to the difficult decisions that the council is facing.

The one aspect that $I$ appreciate the extra care on is ensuring that we don't lose that core group of people with the quantitative expertise. The challenge is that we've gone -Peer review was an important issue last year.

We are attentive to National Standard 2 and the requirements for posting to the Federal Register the council's procedures for peer review and the SSC makeup ensuring that there are people who have adequate skills on the quantitative side to be able to monitor those stock assessments and in some cases actually participate and then holding out enough people at the end who had no hand in the development of that assessment to actually be part of the peer review team is really important.

That's particularly true with the update assessments, which are now, under our procedures, done in-house, to be able to have people who are a fresh set of eyes to take a look at that assessment and make sure that we've met our obligation for peer review of the assessments.

My understanding is that the committee, as it stands right now, has a good number of people who have those quantitative jobs and I certainly wouldn't want to see that number drop anything below the proposed seven and if it were higher than that, $I$ would be
happy about it too.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Thank you, Bonnie. Go ahead, Greg.
DR. GREG STUNZ: Doug, thanks for letting me address your committee and Bonnie made much of my points that $I$ was going to make and for Doug Gregory, I don't know that $I$ have a better suggestion, but looking at the numbers, fighting that critical mass for sitting on stock assessments and that kind of thing and having done that for many years, if we -- I am just concerned we can find those number of people.

On the other hand, if we're looking at or trying to calculate eight people that may not be quantitative, many times that committee is way down in the weeds and very heavy quantitative issues that the economists or socioeconomists may not be that engaged with and so that concerns me a little bit and the same thing on the other hand.

Are you going to have half the people in the room not really engaged in that discussion and then you're giving up other people that could be sitting on other committees? Now, Doug, I don't have a better suggestion on how to do it, because, having been there, there is this real need for integration and the committees not talking to one another and so $I$ don't know and I'm just trying to throw that out there, is that you might have eight people in the room not engaged in assessing a model or something.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Doug, what is the current number of quantitative people on the SSC, on the Standing SSC?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I can't tell you right offhand.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Is it like twelve, ten or twelve?
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: No. It's probably five or six, according to Steven.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay and so we're going up.
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Most of the people, like myself, are not, quote, stock assessment scientists. There are people with a quantitative background in statistics or math who have an interest and have followed this and so I would five or six that we have now.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay and did you have another comment?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Yes and I think there is an element of inefficiency in a multidisciplinary group. One idea that we've come up with to try to address that is -- The reason I have put three and three and three for the new people on the Standing and also recommending a Special Socioeconomic SSC of two of each is so we have five economists and five sociologists or anthropologists that we can tap into if we need is to let them form working groups.

If they have an idea or a project, like we did with the ABC control rule, go do your working group analysis and bring it back to the full SSC for a decision, discussion and decision.

I think if we can do that that we will have enough of each type of scientist that they can pursue avenues on their own as a subgroup and bring back to the main body and so we won't be spending a lot of time discussing things that are not relevant to a third of the people or whatever, but that's inevitable.

The economists are quantitative, just by definition, and so you will see in here that, and this was a suggestion of the Standing SSC, that we emphasize that we want quantitative anthropologists and if they're quantitative, then they'll have some understanding of it, but, frankly, the new stock assessment models being used, like SS3, there is very few people that understand that and so that's not really the issue of having to have a stock assessment person.

They need to understand population dynamics and fisheries management and what the jargon is, what we're trying to accomplish. It's really just the foundation of that and support it and to go to Mr. Walker's concern, that's why, based on the discussing with the Standing SSC, I've got in here to create a Special Socioeconomic SSC, so that we would have available to us five economists and five anthropologists. That's about the same amount of expertise we have now on the separate Socioeconomic SSC. If we do that, if the council does this Special, then we really won't lose any expertise.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Further discussion?
MR. WALKER: I think the way it's set up now is working and like I said, I would like to see the council and the SSCs -- You're looking at biological and social and economic and ecosystem and I would like to see this -- We could set an example for the rest of the nation and maybe some of the other parts of the country would use more SSCs.

I speak in favor of keeping it the way it is. You've got the experts in that field looking at things that are important and the people coming to these meetings are concerned about the biological and social and economic and the ecosystem. There is a lot of things of value and people are dependent on these experts and I don't see any reason to consolidate at all. Like I said, if you want to add some members to the Standing SSC, some more experts in that field, I am not opposed to that.

MR. ROY WILLIAMS: I am not a member of the committee, but, Doug Gregory, how did this come up? Did staff bring this issue up or did this originate from the SSC itself?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: My recollection is that Dr. Bortone was looking at the SSC structure and proposing different structures probably as far back as 2011. As an SSC member, I took an interest in it and at that time, at one of the joint meetings between the Standing and Socioeconomic SSC in 2012, I proposed an integration of the two, because it made sense to me.

I mean we're the only council that has this thing where you've got three independent groups giving you advice and there is no real communication among those three groups and it just seemed dysfunctional, to me, and so I took what Dr. Bortone started and, with conversations among other SSC members who actually encouraged me to pursue this, $I$ did this and we are unique to the country.

If you had been at the Science Center review this past year when Dr. Ponwith mentioned that we had seventy SSC members and you heard the gasp in the room, I don't think it's an example, a good example, that we have right now. If we made the two SSCs subunits to where they had to report to the Standing SSC, that would provide some continuity, but then you have the question of why would a group of biologists be reviewing the anthropologists' recommendations and that sort of thing? There is no way around that part, but this is a discussion that's been going on for three years in one form or another.

MR. PERRET: Gregg, like you, I served on the $S \& S$ Committee, Standing $S \& S$, for many years and you bring out a good point about some of the discussion. Some of the members may be lost in the weeds because of the technicalities of one field or the other.

However, saying that, you can attend a council meeting or you can attend any committee meeting we have and there's going to be
several people that are going to dominate the conversation and you just have others that don't talk as much as Robin and I, but I am trying to figure out -- We've got a recommendation coming to us and $I$ want to make our $S \& S$ and $A P$ process as efficient as we possibly can.

I have one more question for Mr. Gregory. If indeed we were to propose this to the council and the council approved this, would you see the system working like it does now and that the $S \& S$ Committee meets on issues and say the Special Shrimp Committee meets with them? If indeed we were to have the Special Socioeconomic Committee and if indeed there was an issue relative to that aspect or that science, would you foresee them meeting with the Standing $S \& S$ Committee and is that how you see this thing operating?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Yes.

MR. PERRET: The same way we're doing it now with the special S\&S Committees? All right. Well, let's see if I can make people mad and we can vote something up or down. Are you ready for a motion, Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN BOYD: If you wish, Mr. Perret.

MR. PERRET: I will try and figure out how to do this. My motion is to propose that we integrate the three large SSCs, which currently total thirty-five members, into a single Standing SSC of eighteen individuals with the following multidisciplinary structure: seven stock assessment or quantitative biologists/ecologists, three ecosystem scientists, three economists, three quantitative anthropologists/sociologists, one environmental scientist, and one other scientist from one of the above disciplines or from some other field. That's my motion, Mr. Chairman, and thank you.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: We have a motion on the board and do we have a second on the motion?

MR. CAMPO MATENS: Second.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Camp seconded. Is there discussion?
MR. PERRET: All I will say is obviously our staff has researched this, as well as the previous Executive Director, and if they think this is going to make our operations more efficient, I am willing to try it. If three or four years from
now you guys that are still on, and ladies that are still on, this council and it's not working, I know you will see fit to modify it in whatever way it needs to be modified, but I want to give Mr. Gregory an opportunity. This is his suggestion.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Further discussion?
MR. STEVEN ATRAN: It just occurred to me and I'm wondering if you might want to change that bottom from one other scientist to two other scientists, so that the total would be an odd number, nineteen individuals. My concern is that if you have everyone attending an SSC meeting that you might end up with a bunch of nine-to-nine votes.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Corky, do you want to modify your motion or are you okay with the way it is?

MR. PERRET: I would have hoped the staff would have had all this worked out ahead of time, Mr. Gregory, and what do you prefer, an odd number or an even number?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I have no preference, but you will see eighteen pop up quite a bit. In talking with staff, we think a good AP or SSC or any good productive group would be of fifteen to eighteen individuals. If you want to make it nineteen, that's fine.

Again, this is going to be guidance for the council. I don't think we'll ever come to an appointment meeting where someone will say we've got to have three ecosystem people, but only two applied. We don't want to get caught in that situation and so this is guidance on how the SSC is to be structured and so going to nineteen is fine.

MR. PERRET: I am looking at the seven other councils and five of the seven have even numbers and two of the seven have odd numbers and so I am going to leave it at eighteen, the original recommendation that came to the council. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Further discussion?

MS. MARTHA BADEMAN: Can we note somehow in the motion what Doug had just said, that these are suggestive categories, in case we get in a situation where we're short on one and we've got multiples from another or what do you think about that, Corky?

MR. PERRET: I had the same concern. We may only come up with six assessment types and so $I$ guess, if $I$ may, Mr. Chairman,
that if the number in a particular discipline are not available that staff and the council can modify that makeup with another discipline, or something to that effect.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Yes and if we put the word "approximate" after "following" and before "multidisciplinary", that will capture that.

MR. PERRET: That's what I wanted to do. Thank you.
DR. PONWITH: This is circling back to a question that Mr. Perret asked earlier and that was the process for replacing SSC members when someone leaves the SSC before their term is up. Again, it's just that seven stock assessment scientists, to me, is absolute critical mass and the question is if someone dropped out before their term was up, is there a way to replace them and initiate that earlier than waiting, potentially, for the full year?

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Corky, could we put something in here about the seven being not less than seven? That would alleviate Bonnie's concern.

MR. PERRET: That's fine with me, but insofar as if one resigns or whatever, Mr. Gregory's explanation earlier that they would be able to replace them with hopefully a like scientist in that field, but that's fine, yes. I will accept that modification.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Does the board look right to you? My eyes, I can't see that far very well. Not less than seven stock assessment or -- Okay. It's on there. Any other discussion? Bonnie, does that help you?

DR. PONWITH: I think so.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Hearing no further discussion, let's vote on this proposal. All in favor of the motion please say aye; all opposed to the motion say aye. I believe the motion passed on a voice vote.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The next issue would be whether or not to create a Special Socioeconomic SSC to be comprised of approximately two economists and two anthropologists.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right.
MR. PERRET: I move that we create a Special Socioeconomic SSC to be comprised of two economists and two
anthropologists/sociologists. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Do I hear a second for that motion? I have a second from Camp. Is there discussion on the motion?

MR. WALKER: That's just four, two members of -- Corky, you had four there?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Right.
MR. WALKER: That seems like kind of a small number.
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Their intent is to complement the three economists and three anthropologists that are on the Standing SSC and so, in essence, when you have a meeting where they need to discuss something, you will have five of each, which is stronger than the current Socioeconomic SSC, because I don't think you have five anthropologists on that committee.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: This group would be an advisory group to the SSC and is that the way I read it?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: They will meet jointly with the SSC and vote with the SSC, just like our Special Mackerel SSC does. They vote as a group and they don't vote separately and so they will be integrated into the Standing SSC meeting when there is a need to have them convened jointly with the SSC. That's the way they will operate.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Who makes the determination that they are required to meet?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The council, the council chair, or myself. It would be at the request of the Standing SSC. Normally we meet -- We automatically pull the mackerel or the red drum folks in when we're talking about those two topics and in this case, if we were talking about allocation, we would automatically bring that Special Socioeconomic SSC in with the Standing, when it's clear that their expertise is needed.

MR. RIECHERS: Doug, $I$ am kind of reflecting back to us trying to find social anthropologists who really work in fisheries and who kind of have that expertise and how they work into this process. Of course, $I$ may be way off on their discipline and how it's evolving through time, but in the past, it's been difficult in how they insert themselves into this very quantitative process, where we end up kind of finding a way to articulate what they're bringing to the table in terms of our
documents and where that heads.

I think we may be setting ourselves up both in a position here where we're not going to find that many people and, secondly, where we have a lot of people who aren't helping the process moving further because they really just -- Their discipline is not allowing them to do that in this way right now. I just appreciate addressing the committee and I will look forward to where you all come out on this issue.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Further discussion? I am concerned with this motion that what we've done is we've integrated the entire Socioeconomic SSC into the SSC, is what it appears.

MR. PERRET: Again, $I$ see this special committee just like any of our special committees on reef fish or mackerel or shrimp. If it's a shrimp issue, the Special SSC meets with the Standing SSC and if indeed, like Mr. Gregory used the example of allocation, then $I$ would foresee this special socioeconomic group meeting with the standing group.

I too have the same concerns that Robin mentioned, because this is a pretty specific discipline and whether we're going to find enough qualified people willing to participate in this process remains to be seen, but $I$ see this special committee operating the same way our other special committees would.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I have a question for Bonnie. Bonnie, if we have the Special Socioeconomic SSC meeting with them, what does that do to the scientific balance, as opposed to the socioeconomic balance on the committee? Am I making myself clear?

DR. PONWITH: I see no problem with having additional economists and sociologists meeting with the group, because often your economists are going to be heavily quantitative in their backgrounds as well and would at least find the stock assessment components of interest. In terms of there being voting problems with people from the social sciences being on the SSC, I don't see a problem.

MR. WALKER: I would just say $I$ speak in favor of the motion. If you're going to dissolve the SESSC, I think this would help at some point -- When it becomes a socioeconomic decision, which is an important decision, I think you need the Special Socioeconomic and it will come in very useful.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Further discussion? All right. Let's vote on
this one. The motion is to create a Special Socioeconomic SSC to be comprised of two economists and two anthropologists/sociologists. All in favor say aye; all opposed. The motion passes.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The next thing $I$ have here is a draft motion and it really doesn't need to be a motion, but it's just a suggestion from staff that when we go to appoint the special SSCs, let's try to limit them to three to five people.

MR. PERRET: A question. How many are on these special committees now, Doug?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Well, we have seven on the Special Coral and we have three on King Mackerel and we have six on Red Drum and five on Reef Fish and six on Shrimp and four on Spiny Lobster and so we're pretty close to that now.

MR. PERRET: I want to move to limit the size of the Special SSCs to no more than five members each.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Do I hear a second to that motion? I have a second. Is there discussion on the motion? Hearing no discussion, all in favor of the motion say aye; opposed to the motion.

MS. BADEMAN: Doug, the motion that Corky said is not what's on the board. Hang on a second.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay. Let's get it on the board.
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: It should read "to no more than five members".

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I am going to read it and then we'll vote again, to make sure everybody understood the motion. The motion is to limit the size of the Special SSCs to no more than five members each. Any discussion?

MR. WALKER: It reads "no more than five" and does that mean they can be as little as one? When you were saying three to five --

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: It's not likely we will go to one. I mean most of them are four to six now.

MR. WALKER: That just concerns me that it could be limited to one and that's my only concern, or one of my concerns.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: That's a council decision when you review the applications and decide who you appoint and so that's a decision you would make at that time. If there is -- That has never happened. I don't think you've ever had one with just two. I think it has gone as low as three people.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Further discussion? We will vote on the motion. The motion, again, is to limit the size of the Special SSCs to no more than five members each. All in favor say aye; all opposed. The motion carries.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The last thing is a request $I$ have of the council and it's to postpone the selection of the SSC appointments until the June meeting, due to the forty-five day lead time needed for the statement of financial interest to be submitted.

What we're going to have to do for people who are not on the SSCs now that are going to apply, they have to get their statement of financial interest in forty-five days before the council meeting and so we need a good lead time to advertise that and to make people aware, because we have never enforced that before and it would be simpler for us if we do that for the SSC in June and appoint the APs at the March/April meeting.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Is there committee discussion on this concept or this request?

MS. BADEMAN: I would be willing to make the motion.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right. Go ahead.
MS. BADEMAN: Postpone selection of the SSC appointments until June of 2015 due to the forty-five day lead time needed for SOFIs to be submitted and to reduce potential confusion and work load during the transition to staggered terms and the online application process.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Mr. Greene seconds. Mr. Gregory, how many open positions do we have at the current time?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: How many positions on the SSC? Seventy.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: How many do we consider to be open at this moment and not filled?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: None.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Didn't we have one person drop off this year?
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Well, Greg was on the SSC and like I said in the introduction, we don't have a process for automatically appointing seats. We don't have specific seats like we're trying to establish and so there is no recognition. The Standing SSC at one time was seventeen or eighteen members. When I became the Director, I really wasn't replaced and Greg wasn't replaced and so we haven't kept track of that.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: We have a motion on the board and I am not going to read the motion again. I believe everybody knows what it is. Any further discussion? All in favor of this motion say aye; opposed to the motion say aye. The motion carries.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: That completes the SSC portion.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right. Myron, do you have a question?
MR. MYRON FISCHER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Just for clarification, when would we be populating the SSCs, whether it's the Special Socioeconomic or --

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: In June.
MR. FISCHER: Okay. With enough lead time, could you furnish us the present breakdown and -- Because we may -- I don't want to say swap out, but we may want to look at some of our state people in a different light with this new recalibration of the SSCs and could you furnish that to us in some timely manner so we could get the information?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Certainly and, again, the Special SSCs are not necessarily populated with quantitative people like the Standing is intended to do, but we can do that and we will do that probably in the next couple of weeks.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay, Mr. Gregory, what else in Tab G-4?
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: We can go back to page 1 and so, again, my intention was that if the council agrees with doing staggered terms and having a term be three years instead of two years and we appoint a third of all the members each year, then that is the process for filling seats in a timely manner.

Other than that, if you wanted to have a more formal process
that we fill seats as soon as one becomes vacant, we possibly could be having closed sessions at every meeting or every other meeting during the year just for one or two people. I didn't think that was necessary and so I haven't proposed anything like that here.

The first thing here is the proposed terms and term limits and none of our APs or SSCs have term limits at this point in time and staff thought it might be useful to have term limits similar to what the council itself has and so the first suggested thing or motion is that the AP seats may, at the pleasure of the council, be reappointed for two additional terms after their first term, and so that gives them three terms.

However, AP members may be reappointed to the same advisory panel after having been off the advisory panel for at least one year. Your current policy is no individual can serve on more than two APs simultaneously and so the suggestion is to have the AP seats be similar to council seats as far as term limits go and we have never had term limits before and we are not proposing term limits for the SSC.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I think we have two different things we're dealing with here and, Doug, would you be okay if we divided this and talked about the staggered terms first and then talk about term limits? I see those as separate.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Yes and the next item under this section is AP and SSC terms will be staggered to provide for the appointment of one-third of the membership of the SSC and AP each year.

The council had a difficult time during the last reappointment process and we have over 250 people that serve on the APs and SSCs. Right now, you do this every two years, every odd year actually, in 2013, 2015. We thought that if we staggered the terms and you did this every year to a third of the people there would be less confusion on that part.

The potential problem with staggering the terms is confusion on the part of the AP members themselves. They will now, each one, have a different term and when we advertise a seat, we need to make it clear to the existing members whose seat is being advertised and whose seat is not being advertised. I think there is potential confusion there. Right now, everybody has the same term and everybody gets reappointed or not reappointed at the same time.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Is there committee discussion?

MR. MATENS: Doug, you and I have discussed this before and this just occurred to me and I have two questions. How do we choose which sitting members are going to be one, two, or three-year members, one? Two is under your guidelines, it is possible for someone who is a sitting member and would remain a sitting member to apply for a seat that would bring him or her further into the future? If $I$ have one more year left in my term, could I apply for a three-year term coming up and then get four years? You have to forgive me. I am from Louisiana.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I haven't thought of that, but I did develop a sophisticated mathematical model for determining what the term limits are. First, we are going to alphabetize all the members that you appoint to the AP and then we'll start at the top and go 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3. That will be their initial term and then from that point forward, everybody has three years, but the issue you brought up I hadn't even considered.

MR. PERRET: Doug, we use comparisons to other councils when it's to our advantage and not so much so when it's to our disadvantage or to a disadvantage and what's the status on term limits and staggered terms for the other seven councils?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I do not know.
MR. PERRET: I don't know about this one. Camp has brought up a good point and, of course, he comes from a state with term limits, but they just serve their term in the House and then they run and they become a Senator and they go back and forth and so I guess they could do that too, but have we had a problem or what is the problem that we're trying to fix, other than the staggered thing?

I can see a hundred coming up at the same time or whatever that number is and $I$ can see a need for that, but we've had difficulty enough trying to get qualified people to serve on a lot of these committees and if indeed we have people that are willing to serve and are contributing, why would we want to limit their time?

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Let me just speak to that for a second. I think there's two different issues here and that's why $I$ wanted to break them apart. One, the staggered terms is, in my opinion, strictly a logistical administrative problem that we deal with every time staff has to advertise and go through all of the applications and then we make appointments. The other issue,

I'm with you that we need to have a deep discussion about that.
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I recognize I'm putting a lot before you. We are also developing an online application process for both the SSC and the AP and I can demonstrate that a little bit at the full council meeting. It's not live yet, but we have links to some pages, so what you get when you do the reappointment will be consistent among all the different applications, because in the past, sometimes we get an email saying I want to be on that panel and sometimes we get a resume and so we are going to try to develop a form for that.

The other thing we can concentrate on is not just sending out email notices to existing members, but also mail, paper copies, of their need to be reappointed, because in two or three instances in 2013, we lost people on panels because they thought they applied or they say they never got the notice to reapply and they weren't aware of the process.

We can strengthen that and we can reevaluate and see if we have similar confusion this year and not do the staggered terms now, but maybe reconsider that at a future date, because $I$ do have mixed feelings about staggered terms. On the one hand, it might simplify our process, but it might turn out to be more confusing for the people that serve on these APs and it may be more work for them than it saves us and so staff doesn't have strong feelings about the staggered term issue.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay and is there further discussion?
MS. BADEMAN: I realize that transitioning to staggered terms is kind of awkward, but $I$ think it would be a good thing. I think it would cut down a lot of the confusion in trying to appoint all those people at one time. It's a lot, I think, thinking back to a couple of years ago, in April. I think it was tedious, to say the least. If we can get there, I am onboard, but how we get there, I don't know.

DR. PONWITH: Again, this is speaking strictly from a logistics standpoint and $I$ don't have any stake in the decision that the council makes, but in managing groups like this internally, staggering makes sense if you have a term limit and staggering becomes almost moot if you don't.

If the decision for term limits is accepted, then staggering almost becomes an imperative, because you don't want to destabilize your panel by losing too high a percentage. Mr. Gregory's approach makes the sense, the 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3. The
catch is that a one-year term is a pretty short term and so an alternative way to do that is to have 2, 3, 4 for the first time and then after that, land on a 3. That way, you don't have a group of people that come in and serve one year and are gone.

MR. WILLIAMS: The staff load problem could be solved by just doing a third of the committees every year too though, couldn't it, rather than -- Just say do Mackerel this year and a couple of the smaller ones and next year do Reef Fish and a couple of the ones that meet less often, but that might not integrate so well with the term limit problem, when Bonnie said that. That might not work so well. That's another way to do it and it would be less confusing, in some ways, but it might create another problem if you go to the term limit thing.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Wouldn't you still have the same problem of figuring out which committee is going to be two years or three years or four years as you do with -- Is there further discussion? We need to keep moving and we are going to run out of time here pretty soon on this committee. Any further discussion on the concept of staggered terms for the SSCs?

MR. PERRET: This would delay things, but $I$ would just like to know, Doug, if you would check with the other seven councils and see if any of them do that and how it's working. If they do it and it's working great, $I$ am all for it and if they do it and it's not working worth a darn, then $I$ think we ought to put it to bed.

MS. BADEMAN: I was just going to note, and Zack can correct me if I'm wrong, but the South Atlantic just started doing term limits this year, right?

MR. ZACK BOWEN: I think it went into place last year.
MS. BADEMAN: Okay, but you all have had staggered terms for some time and is that right or did you just start that too?

MR. BOWEN: I think we just started that as well, but $I$ can check and clarify and get back with you if you need me to, but the term limits just started last year, I believe.

MS. BADEMAN: Okay and so there's one council.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right. Martha, did you make a motion a while ago or am I --

MS. BADEMAN: I think we took care of it. It was the one about
delaying. I think we voted on it.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Mr. Gregory and then we'll need a motion on this suggestion from staff.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Both the term limits and this is something we can bring back to the council in March with more information and the council can decide at that point, because this doesn't affect your appointment process in March. Everybody is going to have to reapply.

When we advertise it, and I am looking at Charlene for confirmation, but when we advertise it, we can say the council is considering term limits and staggered terms and that may be part of the appointment process, instead of telling them that we're going to do it that way. We can bring both of these issues back to the council in March and that will give us time to find out what the other councils do and bring that to you for consideration.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right and with that, is there a motion that anyone wants to make or are we just going to continue on? Hearing no motion, Mr. Gregory, we will continue on.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The next item, on page 2, is -- I don't know if you need to approve the process. We are working on an online process for application, to get formal applications. We have some suggestions for things for the council to consider when they are appointing people to the AP and SSC.

We will also, at the request of the council, be available to send out hard copy applications to individuals who don't want to do an online application and so people can apply by regular mail as well as online, but they will have to complete a standard form and $I$ can show you all the standard form at the council meeting if you want. We don't have it live right now.

That's what we intend to do this year to try to make it easier on the public and on yourself in evaluating the applications, but I am not sure a motion is needed here for that.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I agree. I don't think we need one. That is administrative. Any discussion? All right, Mr. Gregory.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: On page 3, we have a section called Proposed Updates to the Advisory Panel Structure and, again, I brought this to you at two different meetings. At the last
meeting, it was suggested that we not try to develop categories by eastern and western Gulf of Mexico and so what you have before you is kind of a new set of numbers of people.

You have also told us, based on the experience of the South Atlantic Council, that these categories are not fixed in stone. These are suggestions for the council to follow when they are making the appointments, but these are ideas for how to broaden -- Staff ideas on how to broaden the makeup of the APs so that all stakeholders are represented.

I am not trying to say we should propose each one individually, but that's at your discretion. If one particular advisory panel recommendation of stakeholders looks inappropriate, you can address them one at a time or we can just go forward with this and I can present this to the council when you make the appointments for your guidance.

That's all it is and I don't think -- I know there has been some concern about once we do this and once we make a motion that it becomes something you have to do and I don't see it that way. It's advisory and we don't have to put it in the SOPPs that this is the structure of our APs. It's just something for us to consider.

MR. FISCHER: Once again, I would like to make certain, whatever decisions we -- They are just called rough guidelines, because as far as the east and west, and it could even be regionalized tighter than that, but $I$ do think we understand if we're discussing a red grouper or a spiny lobster or a stone crab issue, it should weigh very heavily on input from the eastern and southeastern Gulf, as opposed to if we're doing shrimp work and we need an AP involved with shrimp and it probably should be heavier maybe towards the western Gulf and we just have to think about where that species -- What its habitat is and geographically where it's from. Although I know we're not creating our committees all that way, it's something we still have to consider.

MR. MATENS: I have two kind of nagging concerns about the -The first is about the makeup of some of these. There are some in here that $I$ am a little uncomfortable about the way they're made up.

Secondly though, more generally, I am uncomfortable about no matter what we say about this and it could just be advice only, limiting ourselves and putting ourselves into a box. I am just still mulling through that in my mind.

When we start talking about other stakeholders, I mean there's a lot of stakeholders out there and not just the ones that we have on this list and so, for what that's worth, that's kind of what is going through my mind right now.

MR. RIECHERS: I am not on the committee, but sharing some of the same concerns that Camp has, I -- I think our targets for advisory panels, I think we've always done a good job of outlining those targets as we try to think about those panels and pull them together.

More recently, we have kind of gone to a structure where we've grabbed more ad hoc panels and that, in and of itself, typically is designed to grab certain folks specifically for those areas. I think if we put this in -- Even though it's advisory in nature, I am not certain that it won't be brought up as you were supposed to be targeting these areas and you set it in the past.

Frankly, $I$ just am at the point here that $I$ think we need to make a decision this meeting whether we go forward or not and it would be my preference not to go forward with this. We are trying to do some other things with structures and term limits to help us and I think we just need to decide which way we're going here at this meeting and we've spent enough time on this discussion continually over the last couple of meetings and we just need to decide one way or the other.

MS. MARA LEVY: I just wanted to say that $I$ don't see a problem with having an advisory type of list, but if it's going to be advisory, I guess what I'm hearing is it's advisory, but we just don't feel comfortable necessarily following it.

When I hear that, then, to me, there doesn't really seem to be much point in having this list about who you are going to potentially appoint or what types of interest, because it's advisory, but there's people that are uncomfortable with it and don't really want to be following it.

I don't think that making the list mandates that you do it, but if there is not going to be sort of a consensus that there's going to be an attempt to follow this guideline and perhaps deviate in certain circumstances, then it doesn't seem necessarily worthwhile to have the guideline.

MR. JOHNNY GREENE: Kind of following on what Camp had said earlier about the makeup of some of the committees, in the past we have had APs that were put together where it was all one
particular user group, such as, for example, as the Data Collection AP for Recreational Anglers was strictly all recreational anglers.

Then we have other APs that are made up where we have a crosssection of recreational and for-hire and commercial, et cetera, et cetera, and so I think that if we're going to look at this from a holistic point of view, we need to decide are we going to put groups of people together specifically for a particular topic and it's going to be just those individuals or are we going to make it a unilateral decision that we're going to have commercial, environmental, for-hire, recreational, and we're going to populate all the committees the same and go from that.

Now, I understand that there may be a special scenario that we may have to deviate from that and I think that's something that we should look into.

The other issue $I$ have is looking back through some of the makeup of the APs in the past and I looked at particular individuals and $I$ noted that on several occasions they were people who had put down that they were part of several of the groups that are listed on the board.

Currently on the screen you see, for example, private anglers, for-hire, environmental groups, and commercial hook and line, et cetera. Well, if you have one individual that clicks multiple categories, then that becomes somewhat confusing, because you could argue that every one of them is an environmentalist or whatever and so on and so forth.

I think that in moving forward that if we're going to solicit this that we should have people click the box that most suits them, as opposed to multiple boxes where they are trying to make sure, well, if $I$ can't get on under this category, I can get on under this one or $I$ can get on under that one. It seems a bit confusing to me.

MR. PERRET: One thing consistent with this Gulf Council, and I'm sure the other councils, since we started in 1979 is the difficulty or the issues appointing people to these advisory panels.

In the early days, the discussion was what type of fishermen from what part of the Gulf and so on and so forth and then the environmental community came in the 1980s, I guess it was, and more and more and so every time we have ever had this type of discussion there has been these issues of what's fair and what's
equitable and so on and so forth.
Those of us that take the oath of office, part of that oath is the greatest overall benefit to the nation. One thing I think we definitely should have on these panels is a consumer. Now, we can say every member is a consumer, which they obviously are, but $I$ do think there is a consumer league in each state that probably we should have members of consumer organizations.

I think we have done a pretty darned good job with populating these panels with geographical representation and various interests, direct interests, in the fishery and members of the environmental community and we're going to have some disagreements and that's why there is seventeen of us that make these decisions.

It's tough. It's really tough and Myron brought up a point about, well, if it's an issue with spiny lobsters, I think probably the experts or the advisors should be from that particular geography and with shrimp, I agree with him on the west Gulf, except for pink shrimp. That's primarily a Florida fishery and we probably should have the right people from that area on that. This has always been an issue and it's not going to change and hopefully we're in pretty good shape and if we can improve it, so be it.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Mr. Gregory, I am not hearing a lot of support for the structure that you proposed and in all due respect to our former administration, committee chairman, Mr. Riechers, does the committee want to send the direction, in the form of a motion and a vote, to staff about continuing to work on this or not work on it or what's the pleasure of the committee?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I understand and if there's no motion, then we don't go forward with it.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I am hearing no motion and so $I$ think we just discontinue work on this particular recommendation.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Okay, but we do have a couple of things we want to try to address here with the ad hoc panels. It was discussed I think one time before. When we do an ad hoc panel, we --

MR. PERRET: Do we want to do something with the Data Collection thing, the AP, and consolidate it? That seemed like probably a good idea to me and we could have some discussion on it, but that's before your ad hoc stuff.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The Private Recreational Data Collection is an ad hoc committee and so the proposal is that we discontinue that and integrate that function into the overall Data Collection AP. Now, I don't know why this separate AP was formed and $I$ don't have the history to that and so I'm just bringing it to your attention. According to staff, and $I$ have talked with John Froeschke, who is our data collection liaison to the council, and he thought that was a good idea.

That was one thing we wanted to ask you to do before we start advertising and the other thing was to establish a sunset date for the ad hoc and if not now, at a future date consider it and also, we were asking to eliminate the three state habitat APs, because you did not populate them at the last meeting and we don't use them and we don't address state-level coastal construction projects like the council did in the 1980 s and 1990s.

Those are three actions that we're asking the committee and the council to consider and the first one is what Corky brought up, is to integrate the Private Recreational Data Collection AP into the overall Data Collection AP.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: I think there's the possibility of several motions there, if $I$ am listening correctly, and if there discussion by the committee?

MR. PERRET: Mr. Chairman, $I$ move that we discontinue the Private Recreational Data Collection AP and integrate function into the Data Collection Advisory Panel.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: You have a motion and do I have a second?
MR. MATENS: Second.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: I have a second from Mr. Matens. Is there discussion? Hearing no discussion, the motion is to discontinue the Private Recreational Data Collection AP and integrate function into the Data Collection AP. Mr. Pearce, you don't have any comment on that, since that's your committee?

MR. PEARCE: No, $I$ mean it was useful at the time and $I$ think they're moving way past that now and we've got a lot of things that are going to go on that we're ready to go with and so I'm fine with that.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right. Then let's go ahead and vote on this
motion. All in favor say aye; all opposed like sign. Hearing none, the motion passes. Mr. Gregory, what's the next possible topic for a motion?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: To establish a sunset date of May 2018 for each ad hoc AP. That can be renewed for an additional period at the council discretion and we just put May of 2018 just to have a starting point of discussion. That's three years in advance, three years from now. If the APs are not intended to be ad hoc, then we can make them permanent, but by definition of ad hoc, they are there to do a specific purpose and they should go away when that purpose has been completed.

MR. PERRET: I've got a little problem with this and $I$ won't be around in 2018, but what if the council forms an ad hoc committee at the January 2018 meeting? Does it sunset in May? It seems like we're going to -- The council is going to be setting ad hoc committees for a particular purpose at a particular time and it seems to me if we want a sunset date, we ought to make it May of 2015 and if we've got to renew whichever ad hoc committee it is, we do it, but going that far out, I think we could be creating some problems.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: Any new ad hoc committee, when you develop the purpose and need for that committee, you should probably establish a sunset date at the time that you then reconsider and if the purpose and need hasn't been completed, you simply extend it for another period of time, but this is just an attempt to force a decision on not having these by default become ongoing, permanent-type committees, but we call them ad hoc.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Corky, do you think we need more information about what we're trying to do here or is that sufficient?

MR. PERRET: Again, the current ad hoc panels that I'm looking at, I think they're all active and May of 2018 is fine, but in the future, if you set an ad hoc committee up, say at the end of 2017, is it going to automatically sunset on that date? I don't know and, Doug, if you're satisfied with it, I will make the motion to set it at 2018, if you think that takes care of what you're trying to do.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: There is an alternative approach. See the dilemma staff has is we've got to advertise for all these APs after this meeting and so March and April is not the time, $I$ don't think, for you all to decide to discontinue one of these. Ideally, you would reevaluate this every year and so the
date was simply a way to try to get that started.
If you want, we can simply address the existence of each of these every January and then advertise it if you all decide to keep it going forward.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Yes and do we just want to eliminate those that are not useful right now and then have you just go forward with the ones that are?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: If we did that annually, that would serve a similar purpose.

MR. PERRET: Would something to the effect of establish an annual review of ad hoc committees -- In January of every year, establish an annual review of ad hoc committees and for those that have fulfilled their obligation, they would be sunsetted or something to that effect? Okay. Let's see.

I move that in January of each year the council evaluate each ad hoc advisory panel and if they deem the panel has completed its assignment that the panel be disbanded.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: We have a motion on the board and is there a second on the motion?

MR. GREENE: Second.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Johnny Greene seconds and is there discussion? I think this is a good cleanup motion.

MR. WALKER: Does the council -- I am just trying to think historically and has it always met in January? I just want to make sure that's clear or the first meeting in each year.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: The point there $I$ think is to get it in timely so that we can do the proper advertising for the next round of appointments.

MS. LEVY: That was actually my comment. I was going to suggest that you say the first council meeting of each calendar year, rather than January, so that if you don't meet in January, then you still do it at the first meeting.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Corky, are you all right with that?
MR. PERRET: Yes.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right. The motion is that in the first council meeting of each year the council evaluate each ad hoc advisory panel and if they deem the panel has completed its assignment that the panel will be disbanded. Any further discussion? All in favor of this motion say aye; opposed to the motion. Hearing none, the motion carries. Mr. Gregory, do we want to go ahead as an Administrative Committee and define some of those for this meeting, to try and clean it up for you? Or we could do it at full council if you want to come back with a list of ad hoc committees that you think --

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: We have three and they're in the document here. We have an Artificial Substrate Committee, a Red Snapper IFQ Committee, and a Red Snapper For-Hire IFQ Committee. The Artificial Substrate was created in October of 2012 and the Red Snapper IFQ in August of 2013 and the Red Snapper For-Hire IFQ in June of 2014.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay, committee, any comments or questions? Hearing none, we will move on, Mr. Gregory.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: In April of 2013, when you reviewed the AP applications, you did not populate the three state advisory panels and staff is not clear if that was intended to eliminate those advisory panels. We have kept them on our website blank and we don't work with state habitat advisory panels like we did in the 1980 s and 1990 s to review and comment on coastal construction projects that might impact habitat. I just wanted clarification if the council wanted us to eliminate those three advisory panels.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Comments from the states?
MR. PERRET: Mr. Gregory, what's your recommendation?
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: To eliminate them.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Corky, let me just ask from the states who are here, what is you all's opinion on that? Is there any comment or no comment?

MR. MATENS: We in Louisiana are fine with that elimination.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: Okay, Corky, thank you.
MR. PERRET: Mr. Chairman, I move that we eliminate the three
state habitat advisory panels.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: We have a motion and a second?

MS. BADEMAN: I will second it if nobody else will.
CHAIRMAN BOYD: We have a second by Martha and, Martha, did you have a comment a while ago?

MS. BADEMAN: I was just going to say I'm fine with this and that's all.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Any further discussion? All in favor of the motion to eliminate the three state habitat APs say aye; opposed. Hearing no opposition, the motion carries.

## REVIEW OF NMFS/NOAA COMMENTS ON 2012 SOPPS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: The next item on the agenda is Tab G, Number 5. That's a copy of our SOPPs as of August of 2012 that was submitted to National Marine Fisheries Service based on their recommendations for model SOPPs. They are trying to get all the councils to develop consistent SOPPs that are similar.

Where there were comments by the reviewers, I retyped the comments in italics and $I$ will just go through this and highlight some of this, what we think, what staff thinks, is worth bringing to your attention. Most of the other stuff is editorial and of little consequence.

It was interesting that the first comment on page 1 was that we put these SOPPs on our website in 2012 when we submitted them to NMFS and he is suggesting that they shouldn't be there because they haven't been approved.

This was an issue that $I$ resolved a year ago with our liaison in D.C., Bill Chappell, and the question is what SOPPs do the council follow, the ones that they approve or the ones that NMFS approves and that was the dilemma, because it takes two years or more for NMFS to approve SOPPs.

The response was that we follow what we approve and so this comment is incorrect and we had the right SOPPs on the website. We follow the SOPPs that this council approves and, as you see, these are suggestions by the Department of Commerce on things that we should change.

They did some reshuffling of council functions and responsibilities. There is nothing new really there. That was on page 2. On page 4, they just noted that that comment was
redundant to something said earlier in the document and whenever we mention "member", they want us to say "voting member". Each voting member, on page 5, must take an oath of office.

MR. PERRET: A question. It seems to me that a voting member, and that's fine, in my opinion, under the appointed voting members, but the oath of office in 2.2 below, as trustees of the nation's fishery resources, each voting member -- To me, that should be each at-large and obligatory member, because you've got five state directors that do not take the oath of office, yet they are voting members. I think that would clarify it, that that's talking about those that are appointed as at-large or obligatory members and that's my suggestion for a possible modification.

MS. LEVY: When you talk about voting members appointed to the council, you are only talking about those that are nominated by the Governors and appointed by the Secretary of Commerce and so that automatically doesn't include the state directors and the Regional Administrator.

MR. PERRET: I will buy that, but it's still confusing when you read the oath of office in a different section below. It talks about members appointed. The director of the agency has appointed Myron.

MS. LEVY: I understand that, but as the term is used in the Act, it's those that are appointed by the Secretary of Commerce.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I mean we can make that clarification without contradicting anybody. That's easy enough to do. Right above the oath of office is a paragraph that they've suggested that non-voting members of the council may serve on committees and may serve as chairs and may initiate and second motions, as well as vote on matters that pertain to committee.

At the meetings of the council, the non-voting members may do neither of those. They may not initiate or second motions nor vote on matters and $I$ think we follow that policy now and so this is just clarification of that. The non-voting members have more leeway in committee than they do in the council.

The next interesting point is on page 16 and, again, we will -I will come back to the council and this committee at the next meeting with the SOPPs again, where we will start reviewing staff recommendations and integrate those with these and with the ad hoc committee recommendations that we've done earlier.

I didn't want to confuse things and so I'm doing this in a stepwise matter, but on page 16, the comment was when we say that knowingly and willfully submitting false information to the council is a violation of federal law -- We say that in our chairman's statement and we say that in the public hearing statement, but the question here is which law is violated and it's the Magnuson Act.

Mara sent me the Section 307 of the Magnuson Act and it says that it is unlawful for any person to knowingly and willfully submit to a council, secretary, or governor false information, and then it has a parenthetical phrase, regarding any matter that the council, secretary, or governor is considering in the course of carrying out this Act and so we got that clarification.

You can see the person that made that comment may not have been that familiar with the Magnuson Act. A number of different departments review these, the Ethics Department and -- I wrote it on the front cover, but the Financial Assistance Law Division, the Ethics Division, the General Law and Employment, and the Labor Law Office. That's why a couple of these comments don't seem relevant.

The next major comment is on leave, page 24 , and the comment was that much has been left out from the model SOPPs in this section and that we may want to reference 50 CFR 600 and so we're going to take that and put that in there and what that is, it's a paragraph on leave accounting and our suggested wording is going to be: An account shall be maintained -- This from the CFR. An account shall be maintained to pay for unused sick or annual leave, as authorized, and will be funded from the council's operating allowances. Funds may be deposited into this account at the end of the budget period, for us every year, if unobligated balances remain in our budget. Interest earned stays in the account along with the principle for the purpose of paying unused annual and sick leave.

We have such an account. In fact, we have two accounts. We have one for sick leave and one for annual leave and they are fully paid up. It says budgeting for accrued leave will be identified in the other object class category in the budget we submit to NMFS and so we do that and so we will add that to our SOPPs.

I don't believe there is anything else that staff thought was of real consequence. They clarified -- They say they will follow
the General Service Administration reimbursement rates for mileage. We don't follow that strictly. We are more lenient than that and so I'm going to put in there that the council generally observes and see -- We will respond to National Marine Fisheries Service with changes that we are going to make to this and see where it goes from there and eventually we will get a final approval of our SOPPs, but in the meantime, we're still changing them again and so it's like this is just a process that goes on.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: All right and so the committee can expect more changes to come, based on comments.

MS. LEVY: I was just curious and when you get back with your comments on the DOC and NMFS comments, are you going to include the changes that the council is now currently making or considering or we're just leaving that for another time?

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GREGORY: I will certainly mention it to them and ask them if they want to see it as we change them or if they want to wait until we finish making changes, but the whole process is not helpful to us. I mean it takes them two years to provide these kind of comments and we're going to be making changes more substantive than that within the two-year time period.

If it takes that long to get approval from the Department of Commerce or whatever, $I$ don't know what the utility of it is, but we will respond to them and if we -- If the response to this raises a red flag with them, they will tell us and they will tell us you can't do that and so that's the way we'll proceed with that and then once we finish the current revision that we have, we just submit it to them again for approval.

CHAIRMAN BOYD: Thank you, Mr. Gregory. Any other business or comments or questions from the committee? I believe our committee is finished with our work for today.
(Whereupon, the meeting adjourned at 10:30 a.m., January 26, 2015.)

