



**NOAA
FISHERIES**

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center

Accounting for fleet complexity in the establishment of stock status determination criteria

Daniel Goethel, Matt Smith, Shannon Cass-Calay, and Clay Porch

Gulf of Mexico SSC Meeting

May 31 – June 1, 2018

Tampa, FL





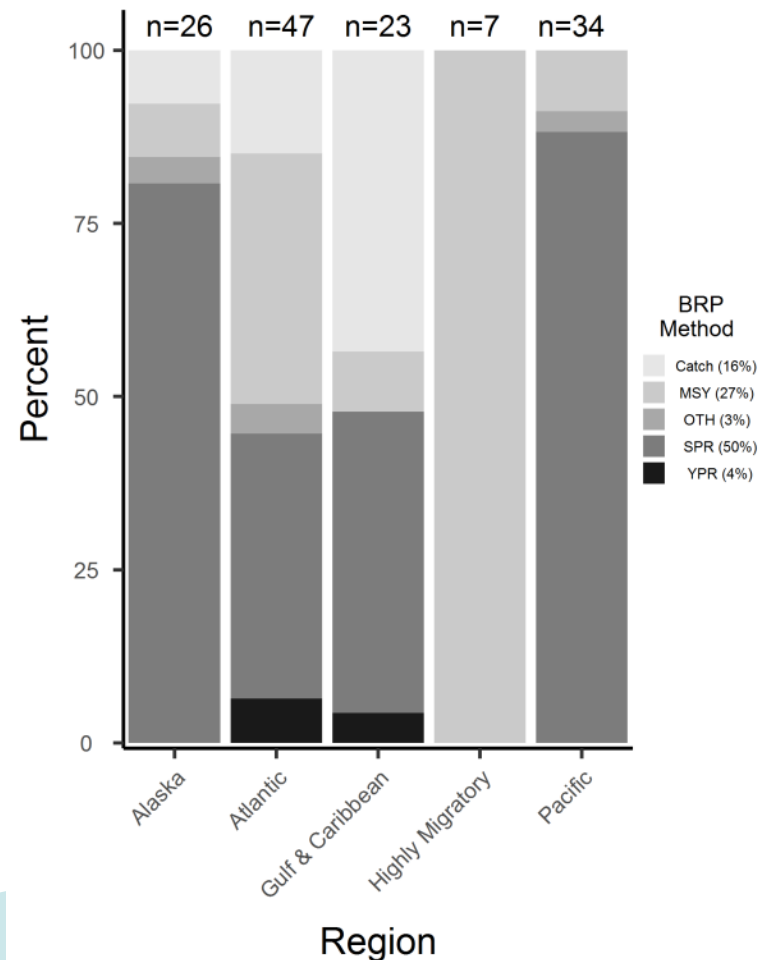
NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



Magnuson-Stevens Reauthorization Act (MSRA)

- Requires that stocks be rebuilt to a biomass level that is able to consistently provide MSY
- What is MSY?





NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



Magnuson-Stevens Reauthorization Act (MSRA)

- (28) The term "optimum", with respect to the yield from a fishery, means the amount of fish which--
- (A) will provide the *greatest overall benefit* to the Nation, particularly with respect to food production, recreational opportunities, and taking into account the conservation of marine ecosystems;
- (B) is prescribed on the basis of the *maximum sustainable yield* of the fishery, as reduced by any relevant economic, social, or biological factor; and
- (C) in the case of an overfished fishery, provides for *rebuilding to a level consistent with producing the maximum sustainable yield* in such fishery.

**MSY is undefined
by the Act!**

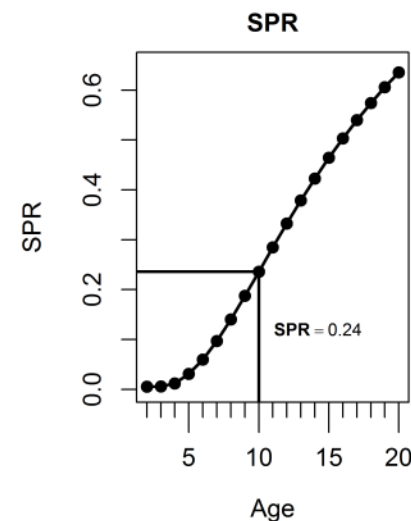
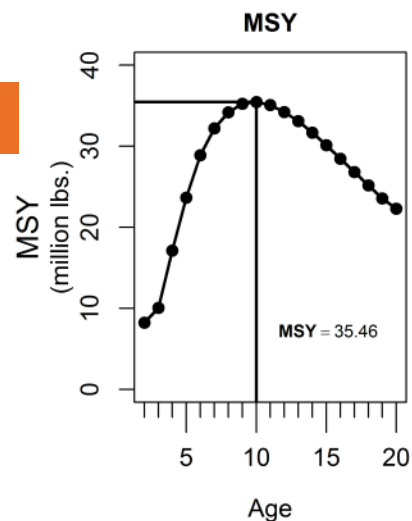
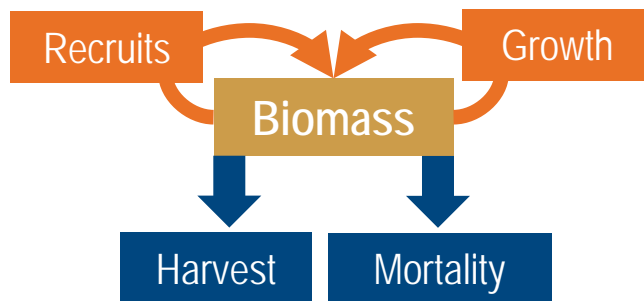
Global MSY



NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center

- Depends on growth, natural mortality and the *relationship between spawners and recruits*
- Achieved when fishing is begun at an optimal age that balances production (growth, recruitment) with losses owing to natural mortality



Conditional MSY

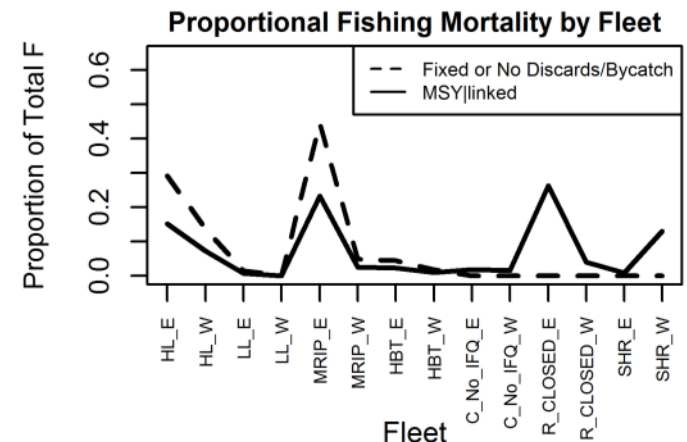
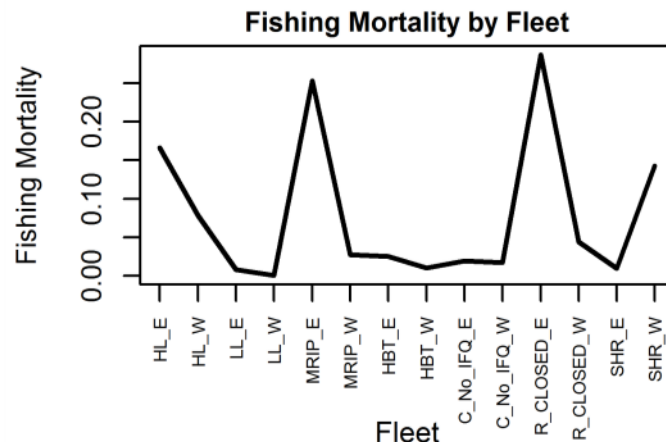


NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



- Allow suboptimal selection patterns and bycatch from other fisheries (conditional yields)
- MSY|fixed_discards
 - Directed yield is maximized AFTER bycatch/discard mortality has occurred (similar to treatment of natural mortality)
- MSY|linked
 - Maximizes yield assuming all fleets (directed and discard) are equally scalable or linked



Spawning Potential Ratio (SPR) proxies

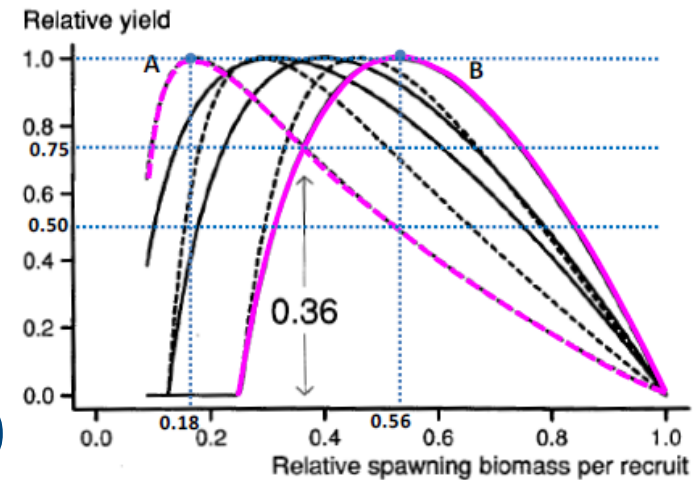


NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



- Based on life history (longevity, natural mortality, etc.)
- Does not account for spawner - recruit relationship
- Goal is to maintain SSB within safe biological limits, while also limiting foregone yield
 - Minimize the maximum foregone yield (Clark's min-max approach)
 - Targets range from 20-60% (e.g., Clark 1991, 1993, 2002)
- Targets can be arbitrary



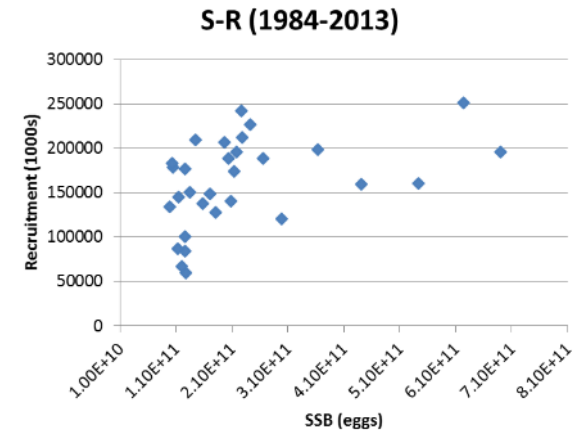
MSY for Red Snapper



NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center

- Determining MSY for red snapper is problematic because the stock-recruit function is not well-defined
- Conditional MSY approaches provide widely varying reference points, because the various fisheries have different selectivities



Project Goals

- Illustrate how complex fishery dynamics convolute the choice of MSY metrics
- Demonstrate an alternate approach to defining objective SPR proxies corresponding to SSB_{MSY} that conform to Magnuson-Stevens Act guidelines



**NOAA
FISHERIES**

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



Courtesy of Ted Stevens Foundation, 1973



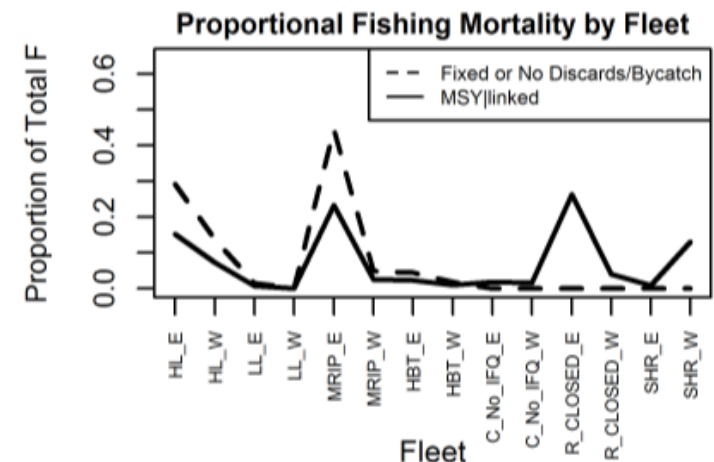
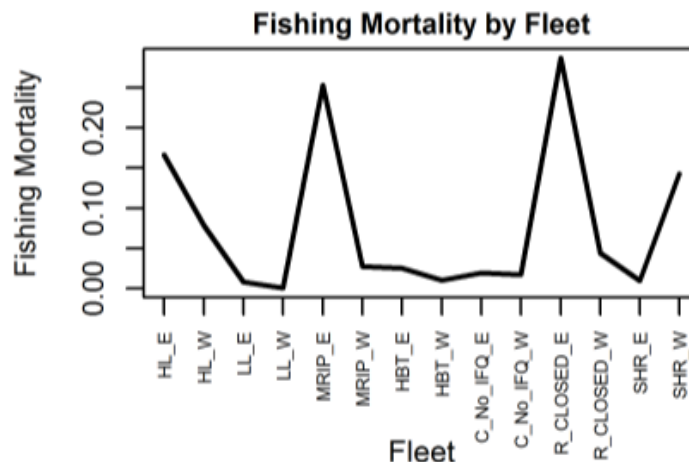
Methods

- MSY projections performed with Stock Synthesis (SS3)
- Based on 2014 update of SEDAR 31 stock assessment
- 100 year (2015-2115) deterministic equilibrium projections
- Recruitment based on Beverton-Holt stock-recruit curve for varying levels of steepness (0.7, 0.85, and 1.0) assuming constant apportionment to each area
- Relative fishing mortality retained in constant proportion



NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



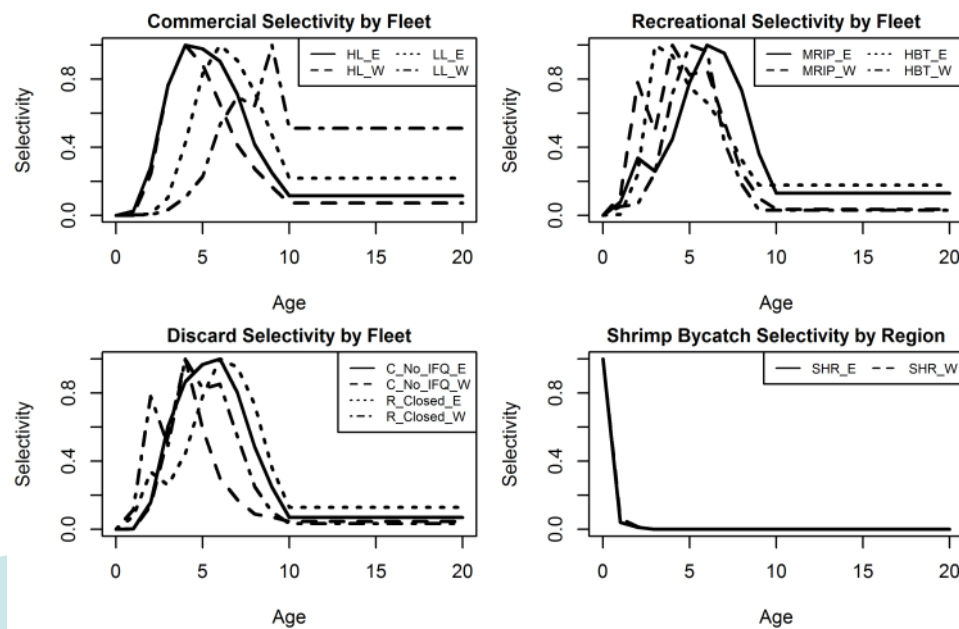


**NOAA
FISHERIES**

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center

Methods

- 4 directed fleets (each with an east and west component):
 - Commercial handline (HL), commercial longline (LL), recreational private (MRIP), and recreational headboat (HBT)
 - Each directed fleet includes discards due to size and bag limits (based on retention functions)
- 3 discard fleets (each with an east and west component):
 - Shrimp bycatch (SHR), commercial discards due to lack of IFQ (C_No_IFQ), and recreational discards due to closed seasons (R_Closed)



Conditional MSY



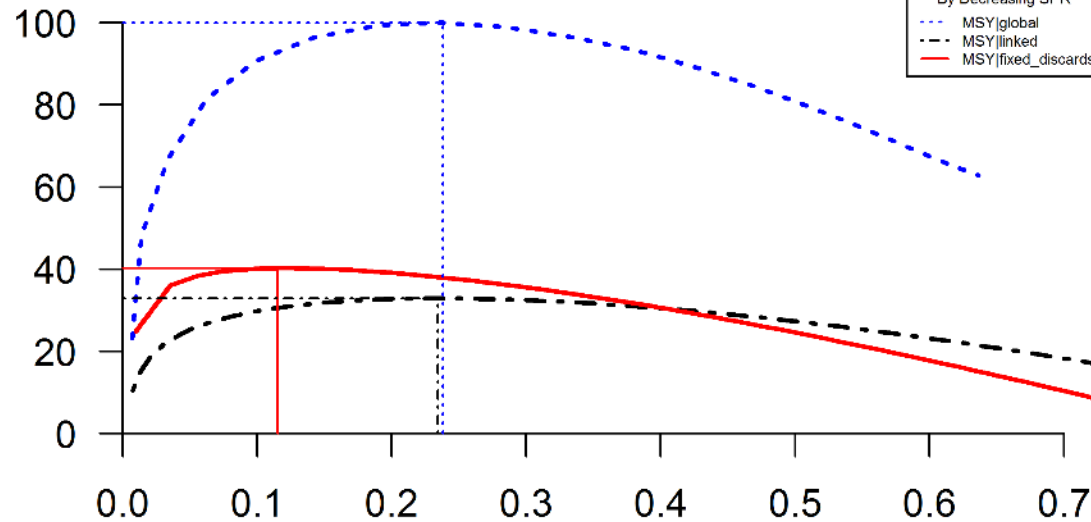
NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center

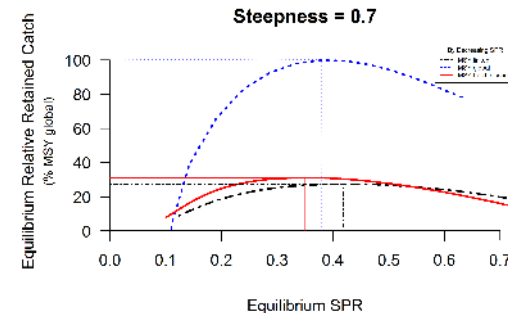
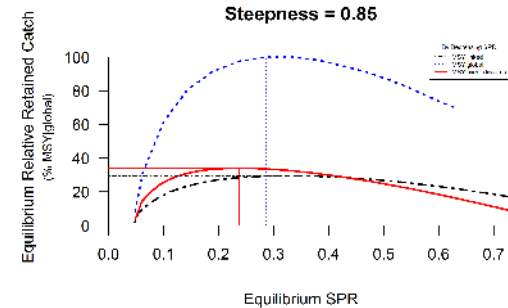


Equilibrium Relative Retained Catch
(% MSY_{global})

Steepness = 1.0



Equilibrium SPR



Conditional MSY

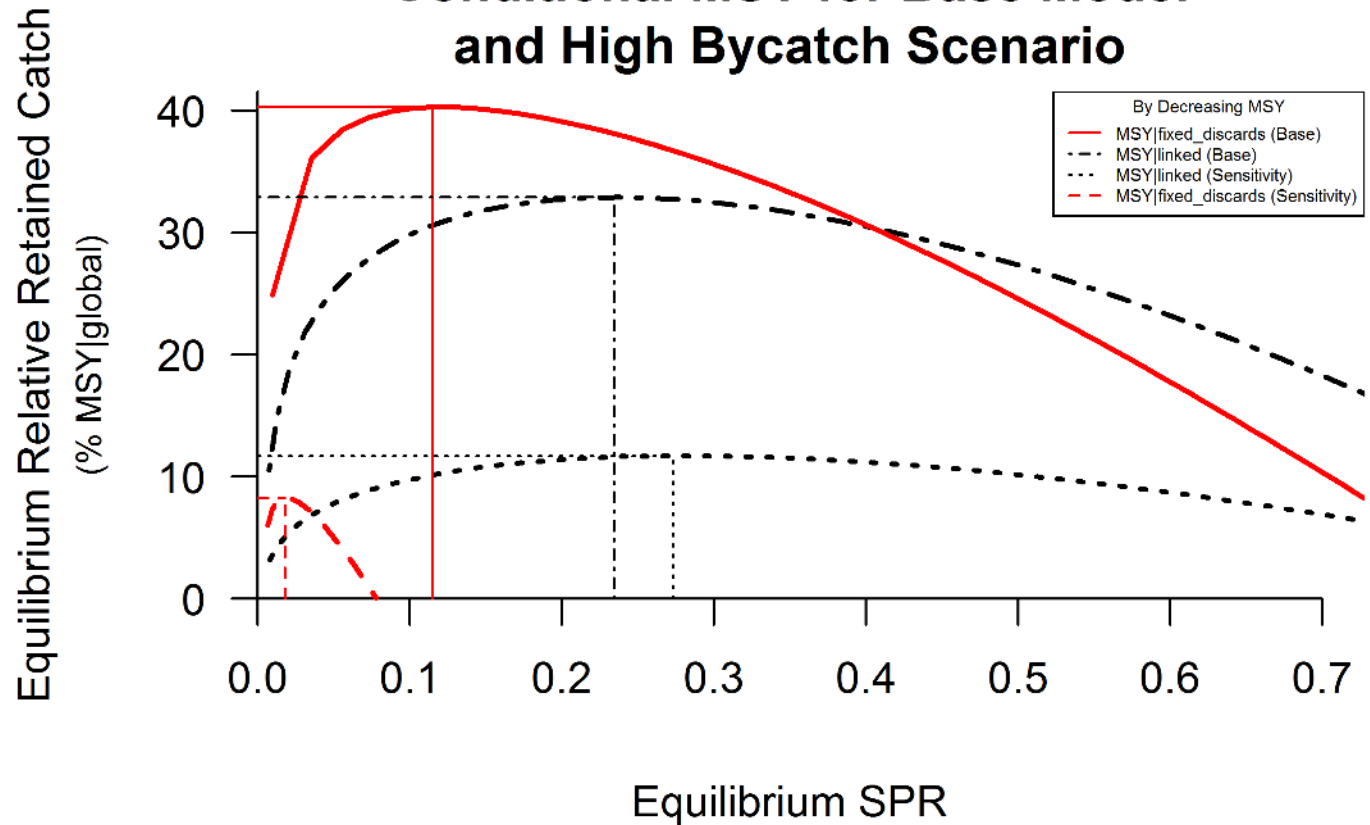


NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



Conditional MSY for Base Model and High Bycatch Scenario





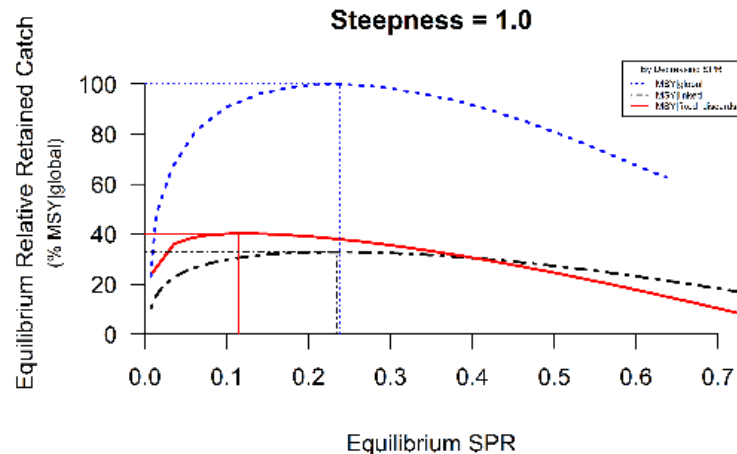
NOAA
FISHERIES

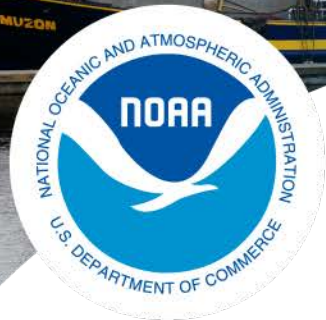
Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



Summary

- Is there a best proxy for MSY that fulfills MSRA guidelines? – NO
 - MSY indeterminable when stock-recruit function unknown
 - MSY|global is unobtainable in practice
 - MSY|fixed_discards may lead to unsustainable proxies if bycatch/discards are high OR productivity overestimated
 - MSY|linked relies on scaling F on all fleets proportionally



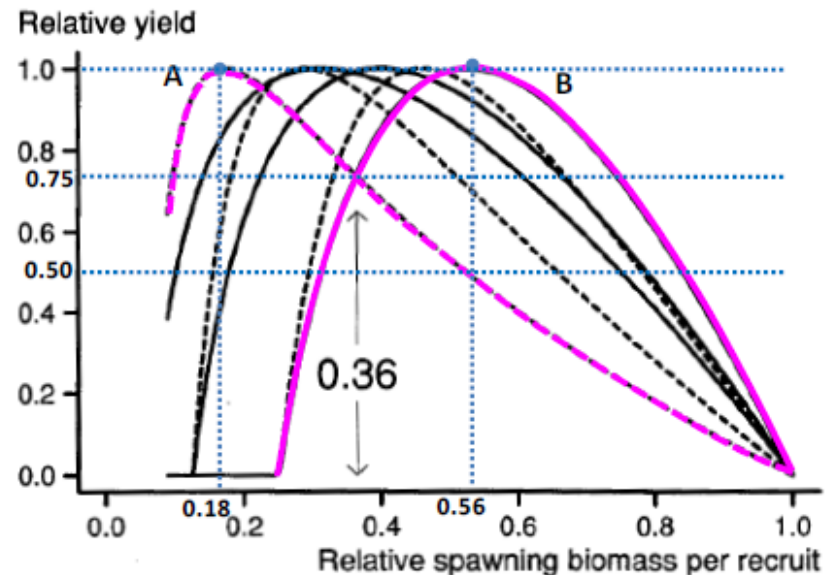
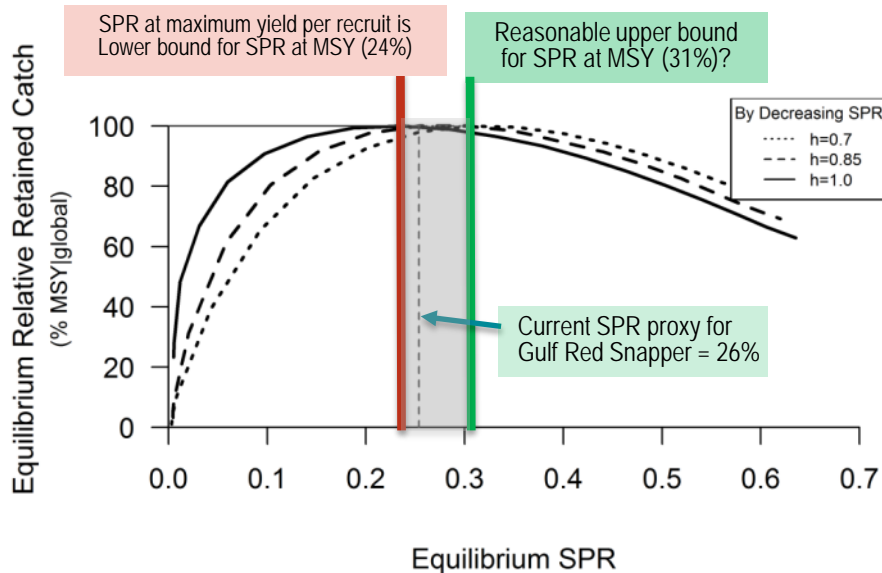


**NOAA
FISHERIES**

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center

SPR_{MSY}|global

- Essentially flip the Clark min-max method to focus on SPR_{MSY} instead of MSY
 - Use global MSY as the comparative metric as opposed to a conditional MSY
 - When bycatch rates change projected SPR target remains constant
 - Only projected yield is altered



$SPR_{MSY|global}$



NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



- SSB at $MSY|global$ is attainable even though associated yield is not
- Inherently sustainable (SSB where birth = death)
- Rebuilds to a biomass level that should provide MSY (fulfills Magnuson-Stevens Act requirements)
- *Time-invariant SPR target over the rebuilding schedule*
- Calculate yield to achieve it from $MSY|fixed_discards$ curve (update as needed)
- Resulting $SPR_{MSY|global}$ when a Beverton-Holt stock-recruit function is assumed with a steepness value of 1.0 can provide a lower SPR bound



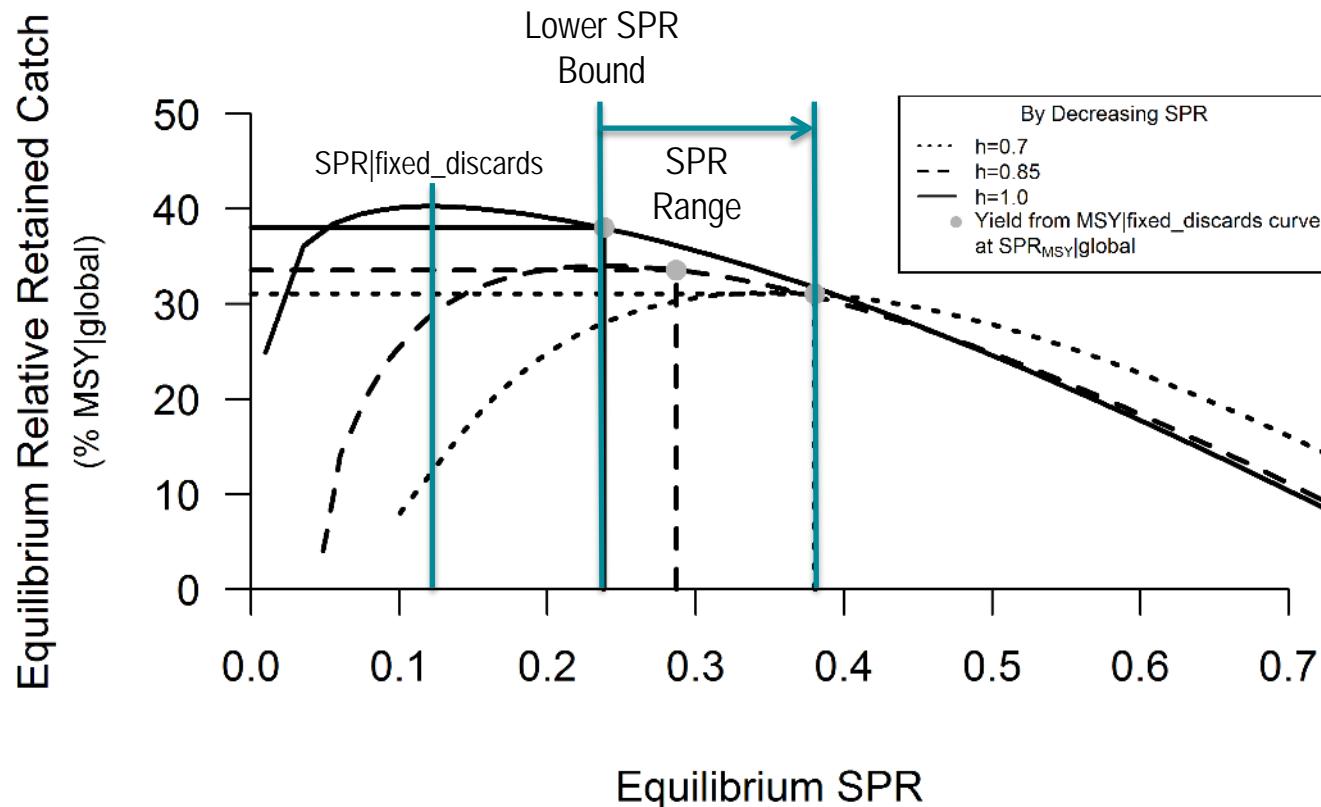
NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



$SPR_{MSY|global}$

- Current SPR target (26%) for Red Snapper falls within the range of $SPR|_{global}$ (24-38%) based on reasonable values of steepness (0.7 – 1.0)



Conclusions



NOAA
FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



- The SPR associated with the SSB at $MSY|_{global}$ can be a useful proxy that adheres to MSRA guidelines
- When productivity is uncertain (i.e., steepness is not well estimated) $SPR_{MSY|_{global}}$ associated with a steepness value of 1.0 can provide a lower SPR bound
- SPR 26% (current red snapper proxy) lies within reasonable bounds of $SPR_{MSY|_{global}}$ (24 – 38%)



NOAA FISHERIES

Southeast
Fisheries
Science Center



Questions?

For further information see:

Goethel, D.R., Smith, M.W., Cass-Calay, S.L., Porch, C. 2018. Establishing stock status determination criteria for fisheries with high discards and uncertain recruitment. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management*. 38: 120-139.



Acknowledgments

Andre Punt, Adyan Rios, and Matt Lauretta for reviews. Rick Methot and John Walters for Stock Synthesis input. SEFSC team members who helped develop the 2015 Red Snapper stock assessment. The Gulf of Mexico Science and Statistical Committee and associated Interdisciplinary Plan Teams for stimulating discussions on MSY.