

Options:

Modifications to Gag and Black Grouper Recreational Retention Limits, Spatial Areas, and Commercial Management Measures



Regulatory Status

The most recent gag stock assessment (SEDAR 72 2022) estimated that gag is overfished and experiencing overfishing as of 2019

- Amendment 56 establishes a rebuilding plan for gag:
 - Revises SDC, and sets F_{MSY} proxy at F_{40%SPR}; sets OY at ACL when overfished, and at 90% of MSY when not overfished
 - Sets 18-year rebuilding plan, and revises sector allocation to 65% recreational and 35% commercial
 - Sets recreational ACT at 80% of recreational ACL
 - Sets commercial ACT at 95% of commercial ACL, and sets commercial quota equal to commercial ACT
 - Sets recreational fishing season to begin September 1 and close when the recreational ACT is projected to be met

Council Motion

RF56 was transmitted to NMFS on June 27, 2023

Rulemaking expected to take at least 6 months

Council expressed interest in additional measures for gag and also included black grouper:

- Motion: To direct staff to develop the following options for exploration in a framework action or amendment:
 - Lowering the gag and black grouper recreational bag limit
 - Establishing a gag and black grouper recreational vessel limit
 - Spatial areas to protect spawning gag
- Motion carried 12 to 3 with 2 abstentions.
- Black grouper included due to misidentification concerns with gag



Considerations...

- Black Grouper
 - Does the Council want to move forward with black grouper management measures in this document, at this time?
 - Currently working on Amendment 58 to modify SWG complex ACLs
 - Black grouper is in the SWG complex
 - Black grouper stock assessment (or other analysis) to start fall 2025;
 management advice available fall 2026...?
- Gag
 - Gag OA to start fall 2025 and be completed by mid- to late-2026
 - Gag IA could be requested while the OA is in progress
 - SEFSC advises being sensitive to species in rebuilding plans



September 2023 SSC Meeting – Gag Research Review

- Review of some recent literature and data available on gag grouper
 - Movement and habitat use
 - Reproductive behavior
 - Susceptibility to environmental factors
 - Discard mortality
- What are the Council's goals and objectives for gag?
- What are the Council's goals and objectives for black grouper?

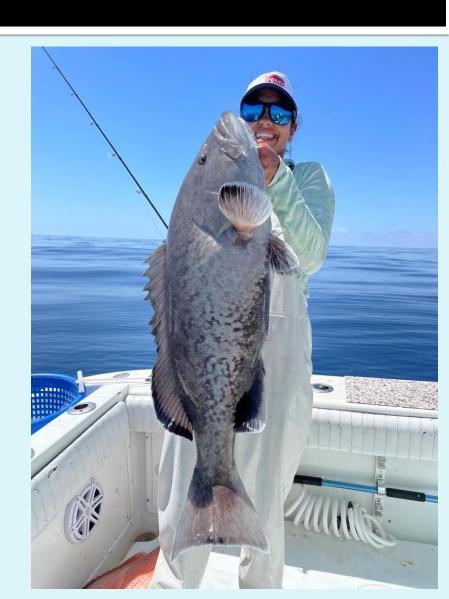
Council Goals for Gag?

- Ideas based on previous Council comments that the SSC might consider in September:
 - Reduce discard mortality for both sectors?
 - Increase recreational fishing season duration?
 - Reduce fishing pressure during gag spawning season?
 - Reduce fishing mortality on male gag?



Possible Management Alternatives...

- Recreational Bag Limit Reduction
- Recreational Vessel Limit
- New Spatial Closure(s)
- Commercial Spawning Season Closure



Management Options: Recreational Bag Limit

- Current recreational bag limits:
 - Gag: 2 per person per day (pp/pd), within 4 grouper aggregate
 - Black Grouper: 4 pp/pd, within 4 grouper aggregate
- Halving the bag limit (e.g., 2 fish to 1 fish pp/pd) is not estimated to double the fishing season duration
 - Most fishermen don't catch the bag limit

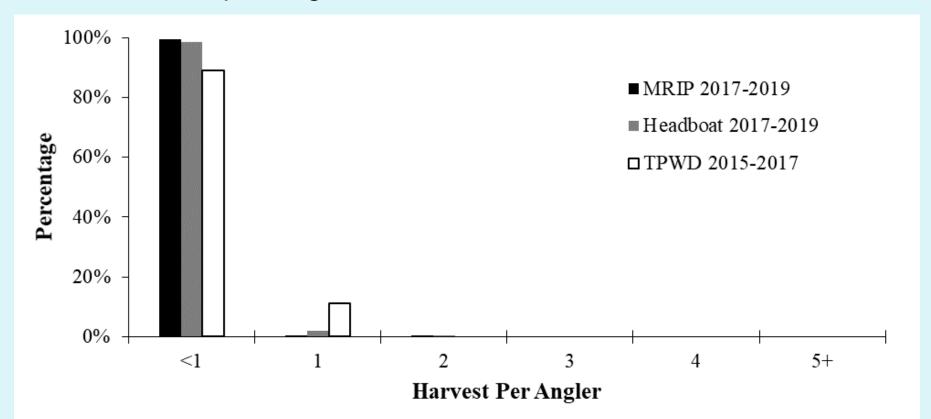


Management Options: Recreational Bag Limit

- Preliminary bag limit analysis for gag:
 - Done prior to RF56 development; can be updated with data used for SEDAR 72 (2022)
 - Recent Gulf recreational catch-effort data
 - MRIP-CHTS, SRHS: 2017 2019
 - TPWD: 2015 2017
 - n = 3,471 trips that harvested gag
 - Reducing gag bag limits from 2 fish per person to 1 fish per person would functionally have no impact
 - 99% of all trips sampled did not harvest over 1 gag per angler

Management Options: Recreational Bag Limit

Mean harvest per angler:



MRIP-CHTS (private + for-hire, n = 1,311 trips),
 SRHS (n = 2,151 trips) and TPWD (n = 9 trips).



Management Options: Recreational Bag Limit - Possibilities

Reduce black grouper bag limit to match gag bag limit

Pros:

 If there is an issue with misidentification, this would reduce the probability of inadvertent harvest of gag

Cons:

 No stock assessment of black grouper validating a stock condition similar to gag, so a bag limit reduction may not be necessary for black grouper



Management Options: Recreational Bag Limit - Possibilities

- Reduce gag recreational bag limit to 1 fish per person per day
- Pros:
 - ...?

Cons:

- No appreciable reduction in F from lowering gag bag limit
- Reduction in F may be negated by discard mortality, especially on vessels carrying multiple anglers
- 50% bag limit reduction ≠ doubling of recreational fishing season duration
 - Preliminary analysis indicates that decreasing the bag limit to 1 fish would have little to no effect on recreational fishing season duration



Management Options: Recreational Vessel Limit

- Vessel limit would allow for alternative to reducing individual bag limit
- Would require anglers to understand the difference between the individual bag limit and the vessel limit
- Would be defined as "per day", allowing for the current multiday trip limit for appropriately equipped for-hire vessels
- Headboat exemption?



Management Options: Recreational Vessel Limit

- Preliminary vessel limit analysis for gag
 - Done prior to RF56 development; can be updated with SRFS
 - Recent Gulf recreational catch-effort data
 - Data: MRIP-CHTS (private + for-hire), SRHS, and TPWD = 3,471 trips that harvested gag
 - MRIP: ~50% of vessels reported harvesting more than one gag
 - SRHS: ~60% of headboats reported harvesting more than one gag
 - TPWD: ~10% of vessels in Texas harvested more than one gag
- Most trips (>80%) harvest 4 gag or less, except some headboats.

Management Options: Recreational Vessel Limit - Possibilities

- Establish a combined vessel limit for gag and black grouper:
 - E.g., 2, 3, 4 fish per vessel per trip?

Pros:

 Doesn't matter if landed fish are gag or black grouper; easier for enforcement and anglers struggling with identification

Cons:

- More rapid harvest of gag, which are more abundant than black grouper in the Gulf;
- Gag and black grouper have different spatial distributions
- May result in a marked reduction in allowable retention for vessels;
 with multiple anglers (e.g., larger private vessels, for-hire)

Management Options: Spatial Closures

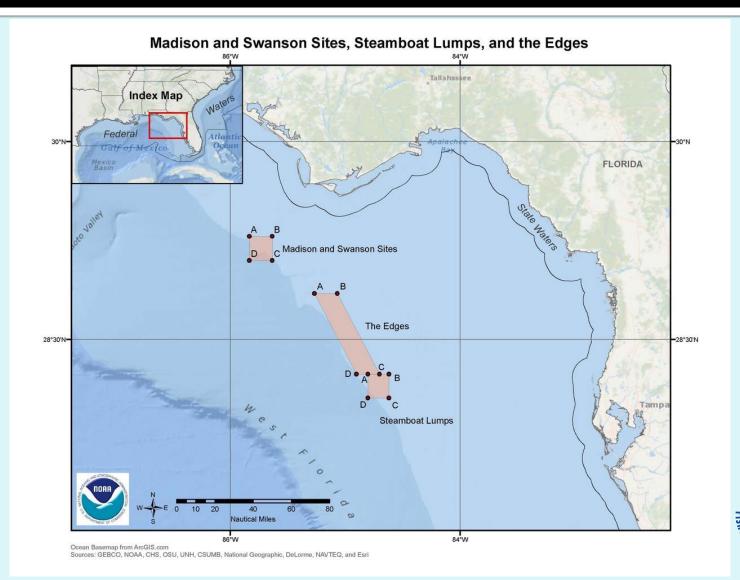
- Current year-round spatial closures pertinent to gag:
 - Madison-Swanson (FL), Steamboat Lumps (FL)
- Current partial-year spatial closures:
 - The Edges (FL), 20-Fathom Break (FL)
- Gag occur from AL east and south into southwest FL
- Black grouper occur from west-central through southwest FL and the FL Keys
- Spatial overlap in southwest FL
- All areas far offshore; recreational enforcement is difficult

Management Options: Spatial Closures

- Could consider extending partial-year closure(s) to year-round
 - Being closed for part of the year functionally only delays potential fishing mortality
 - Fishermen can just fish that area when it isn't closed
- E.g., The Edges:
 - Partial closure in Amendment 30B
 - Closed Jan 1 Apr 30
 - 390 nm² gag spawning region northwest of Steamboat Lumps
- 20-fathom break? Or deeper?



Management Options: Spatial Closures



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Management Options: Spatial Closures - Possibilities

Establish a new spatial area closure to protect spawning gag.

Pros:

- May reduce fishing mortality on gag spawning stock biomass
- May alleviate fishing mortality on males and improve reproduction
- May have tangential benefits for species on the same habitat as gag





Management Options: Spatial Closures - Possibilities

Establish a new spatial area closure to protect spawning gag.

Cons:

- Determining efficacy can take many years
- Determining efficacy is notoriously difficult to quantify
 - Many species on same habitat as gag, and many knowledge gaps still exist
- Efficacy can be confounded by mortality associated with fisheryindependent sampling and academic research
 - Take is take; doesn't really matter who's doing it
- Year-round closure expected to be most effective
 - If only closed part of the year, or conditional on stock status, fishing pressure therein may increase when closure not in effect
- Difficulty of recreational enforcement directly correlated to spatial area size and distance from shore/population centers
- Possibility for considerable economic burden

Other Measures?...

Commercial closure during the spawning season





Management Options: Commercial Spawning Season Closure

- Gag and black grouper managed under the Grouper-Tilefish IFQ program
 - Initial purpose included allowing commercial fishermen to fish when it was best for them to do so
 - Previous system of trip limits, seasons, and size limits was ineffective for fishermen, and increased regulatory discards
- Gag spawning peaks in February and March
- Black grouper spawning peaks from January March

Management Options: Commercial Closed Season: Examples

- Commercial catch share programs with closed seasons:
- North Pacific Halibut
 - International Pacific Halibut Commission sets ACLs
 - Usually open mid-March 15 through mid-November
 - Safety at sea, catch monitoring and processing, bycatch
- North Pacific Crab
 - Seasons set by AK, open October 15, and close between April and May
 - Molting and mating, catch processing, markets
- AK Rockfish
 - Seasonal openings based on harvest gear used

Management Options: Commercial Closed Season

| FMP category | Common name | Family | Scientific name | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun . | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|----------------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|
| Coastal Migratory Pelagics | King Mackerel | Scombridae | Scomberomorus cavalla | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coastal Migratory Pelagics | Spanish Mackerel | Scombridae | Scomberomorus maculatus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red Drum | Red Drum | Sciaenidae | Sciaenops ocellatus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Gray Triggerfish | Balistidae | Balistes capriscus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Greater Amberjack | Carangidae | Seriola dumerili | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Almaco Jack | Carangidae | Seriola rivoliana | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Speckled Hind | Epinephelidae | Epinephelus drummondhayi | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Goliath Grouper | Epinephelidae | Epinephelus itajara | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Red Grouper | Epinephelidae | Epinephelus morio | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Nassau Grouper | Epinephelidae | Epinephelus striatus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Yellowedge Grouper | Epinephelidae | Hyporthodus flavolimbatus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Warsaw Grouper | Epinephelidae | Hyporthodus nigritus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Snowy Grouper | Epinephelidae | Hyporthodus niveatus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Black Grouper | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca bonaci | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Yellowmouth Grouper | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca interstitialis | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Gag Grouper | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca microlepis | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | ELF Egg F | Project | showing | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INCCT FISH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish DE | ak (black) | and pr | ominent | | | | | | | | ı | | | | |
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| Not Federally | Gulf | specie | S | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not Federally | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not Federally | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \neg | \neg |
| Not Federally Managed | Sheepshead | Sparidae | Archosargus probatocephalus | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Number species (all) | 11 | 13 | 13 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 16 | 18 | 15 | 9 | 7 | 5 |
| Stallings et | al. 2023 | | Number species (peak) | 3 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| | | | | | Q1 | | | Q2 | | | Q3 | | | Q4 | |

Management Options: Commercial Closed Season

| FMP category | Common name | Family | Scientific name | Ja | Feb | Mar | pr | May J | Jun Ju | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Coastal Migratory Pelagics | King Mackerel | Scombridae | Scomberomorus car | _ | | | - 1 | | | | | | | |
| Coastal Migratory Pelagics | Spanish Mackerel | Scombridae | Scomberom aculatus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red Drum | Red Drum | Sciaenidae | Scionocellatus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Gray Triggerfish | Ralistidae | uistes capriscus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Greate Spawr | ning mon | ths ^{merili} | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Almac | | oliana | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Speckled Hind | Epinephelidae | Epinephelus drummondhayi | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Goliath Grouper | Epinephelidae | Epinephelus itajara | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Reef Fish | Yellowmouth Grouper | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca interstitialis | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Gag Grouper | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca microlepis | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Scamp | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca phenax | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Yellowfin Grouper | Epinephelidae | Mycteroperca venenosa | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Hogfish | Labridae | Lachnolaimus maximus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Mutton Snapper | Lutjanidae | Lutjanus analis | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Red Snapper | Lutjanidae | Lutjanus campechanus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Cubera Snapper | Lutjanidae | Lutjanus cyanopterus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Vermilion Snapper | Lutjanidae | Rhomboplites aurorubens | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reef Fish | Tilefish | Malacanthidae | Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not Federally Managed | Southern Flounder | Paralichthyidae | Paralichthys lethostigma | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not Federally Managed | Spotted Seatrout | Sciaenidae | Cynoscion nebulosus | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not Federally Managed | Black Drum | Sciaenidae | Pogonias cromis | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not Federally Managed | Sheepshead | Sparidae | Archosargus probatocephalus | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 3 | | | | | Q1 | | | Q2 | | Q3 | | | Q4 | |

Management Options: Commercial Closed Season - Possibilities

- Establish a commercial fishing season closure for gag and black grouper
 - January through April? February through March?

Pros:

Would alleviate direct fishing pressure during spawning activity

Cons:

- Could increase regulatory discards during spawning closure
 - Evidence of commercial vertical line fleet ability to redirect effort in 2023
- Would impact markets re: availability of gag and black grouper
- Would require future action to change
- Positive effect of spawning closures on SSB questionable for many species, and has not been demonstrated yet for gag



Management Options: Commercial Closed Season - Possibilities

- Commercial fishing season closure tied to stock status:
 - If gag or black grouper is in a rebuilding plan, the commercial fishing season will be closed from:
 - February 1 March 31
 - January 1 April 30
 - If gag or black grouper is not in a rebuilding plan, then the commercial fishing season closure does not apply.
 - Include red grouper (bycatch likely)?

Pros:

- Would alleviate fishing pressure during spawning activity
- Measure effective after stock status determined as overfished
- Automatically removed once stock is no longer overfished



Management Options: Commercial Closed Season - Possibilities

- Gag commercial fishing season closure tied to stock status
 - If gag or black grouper is in a rebuilding plan, the commercial fishing season will be closed from:
 - February 1 March 31
 - January 1 April 30
 - If gag or black grouper is not in a rebuilding plan, then the commercial fishing season closure does not apply.

Cons:

- Could increase regulatory discards during spawning closure
 - Evidence of commercial vertical line fleet ability to redirect effort in 2023

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- Would impact markets re: availability of gag and black grouper
 - Conflicts with SAFMC seasons?
- Could be in effect for some time

Decision Matrix

| Goals | Recreational Bag Limit | Recreational Vessel Limit | Spatial Closure | Commercial Spawning Season Closure |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Decrease Discards | X | ? | X | $\sqrt{}$ |
| Increase Recreational Season Duration | X | √ | X | N/A |
| Decrease Fishing Mortality During Spawning Season | N/A | N/A | X | √ |
| Decrease Fishing Mortality on Males | X | ? | ? | √ |

Questions?



