

Revision of the ABC Control Rule

SSC Recommendations

Background

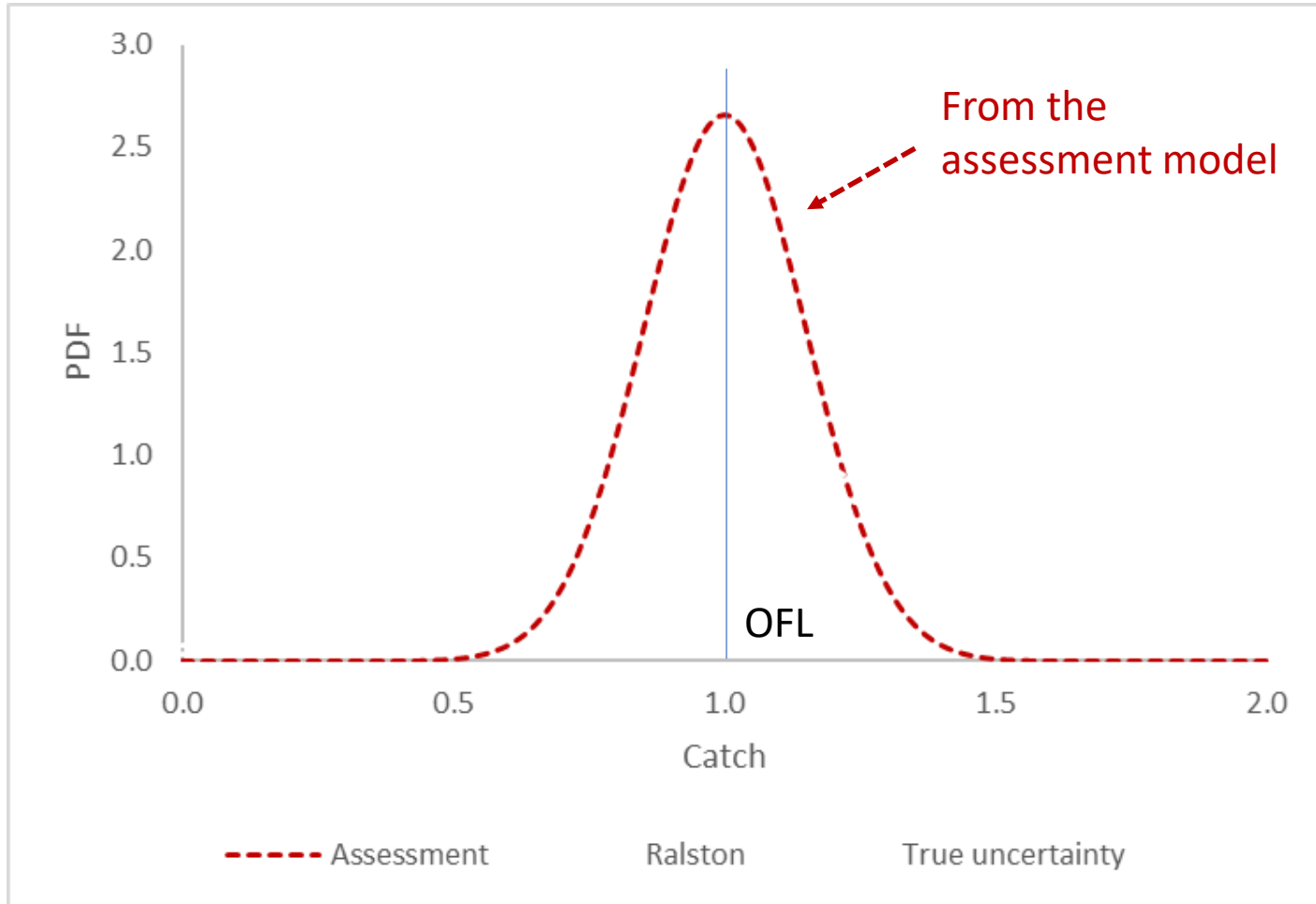
- The ABC control rule is used to create a buffer between OFL and ABC to reduce the risk of overfishing in the light of scientific uncertainty
- Requires characterization of scientific uncertainty (a science issue -> SSC) and definition of a risk policy (a management issue -> Council)
- ABC control rule is proposed by SSC but adopted by the Council

Aims of ABC Control Rule Revision

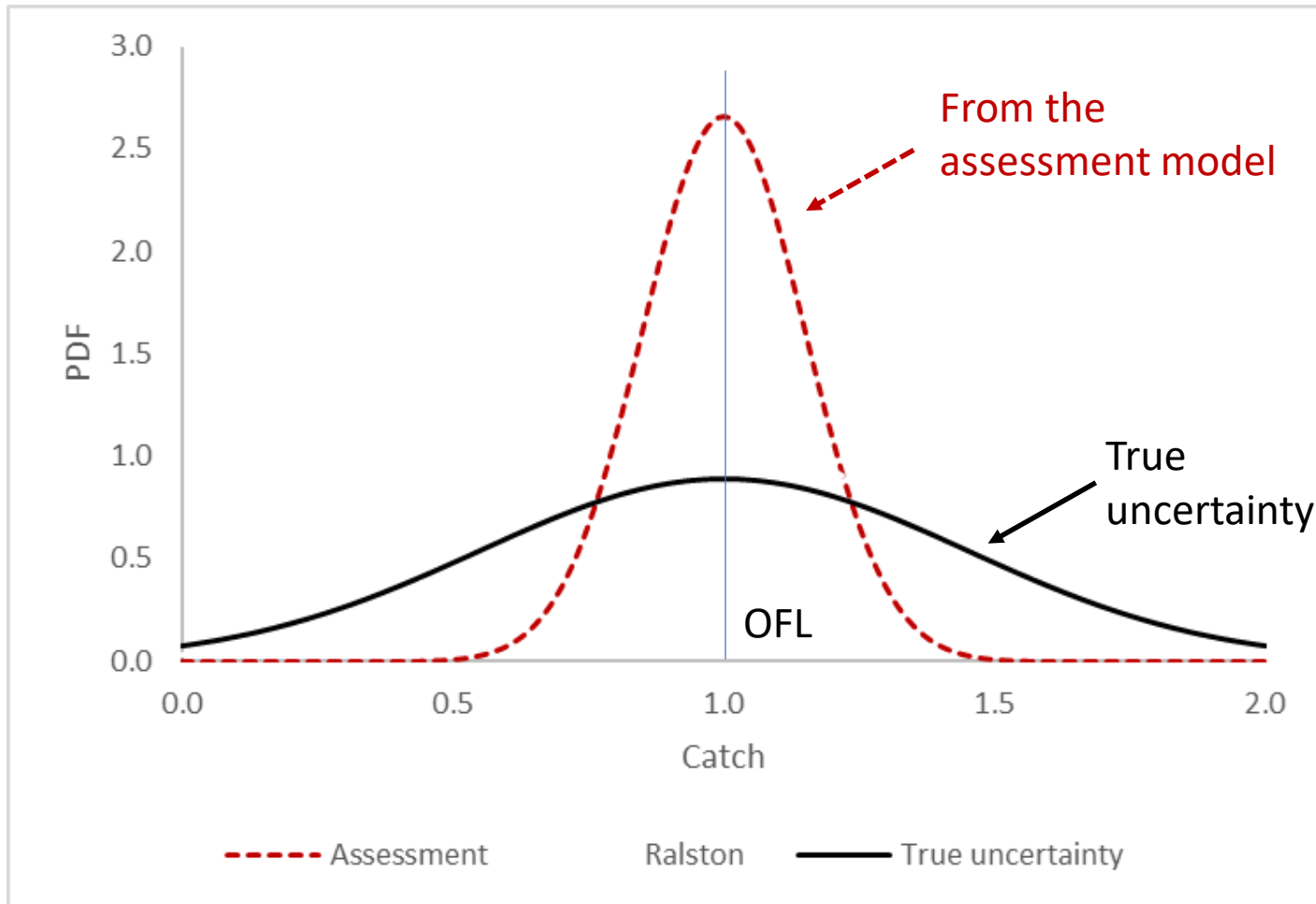
- Better characterize scientific uncertainty (most assessments underestimate scientific uncertainty and therefore, the true risk of overfishing at a given ABC)
- Clearly separate the characterization of scientific uncertainty from the risk policy (currently, the risk policy (P^*) is modified depending on how well scientific uncertainty is characterized)
- Make the buffer dependent on stock abundance: greater buffer when stock abundance is low.

Characterization of Uncertainty

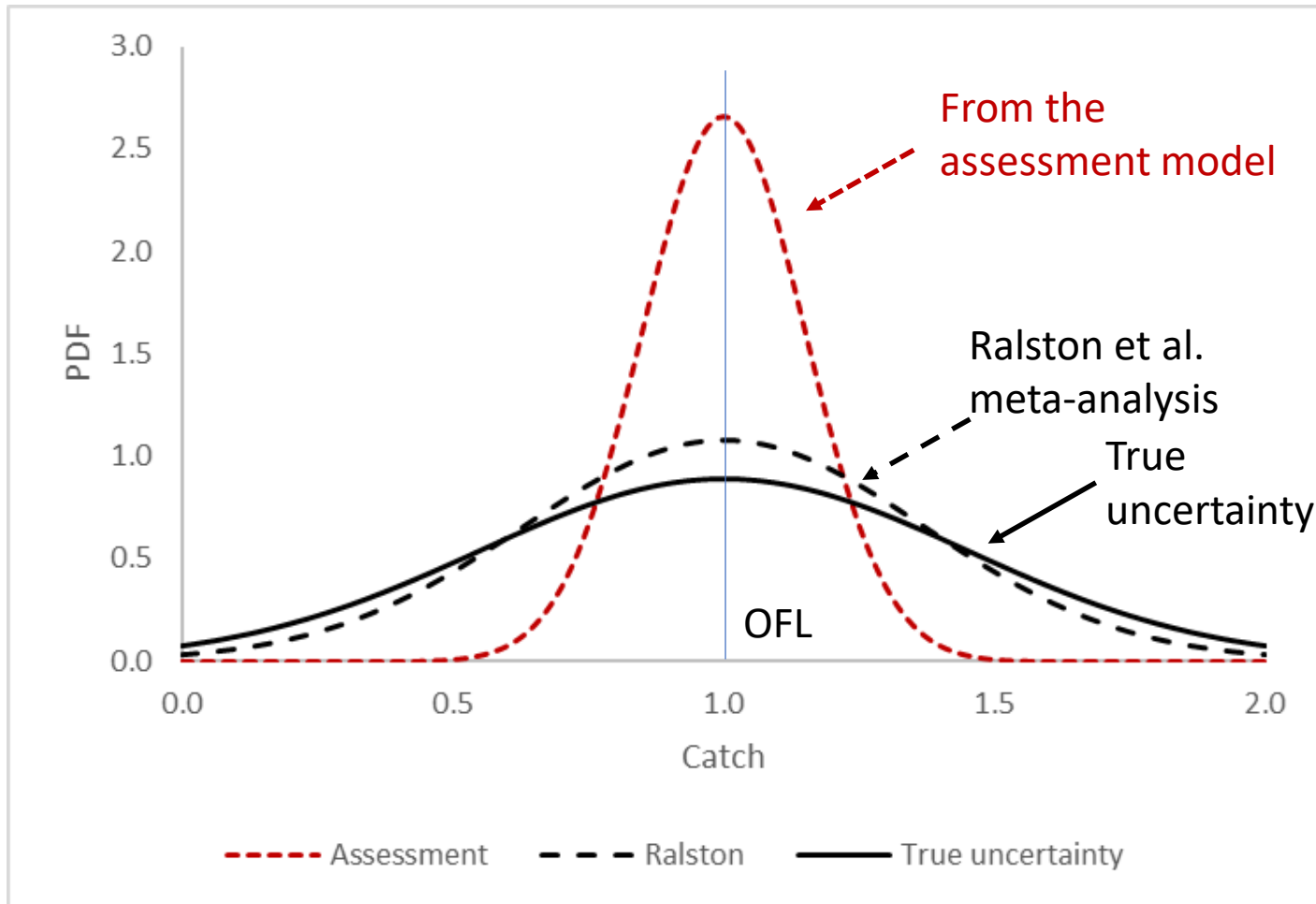
PDF of OFL



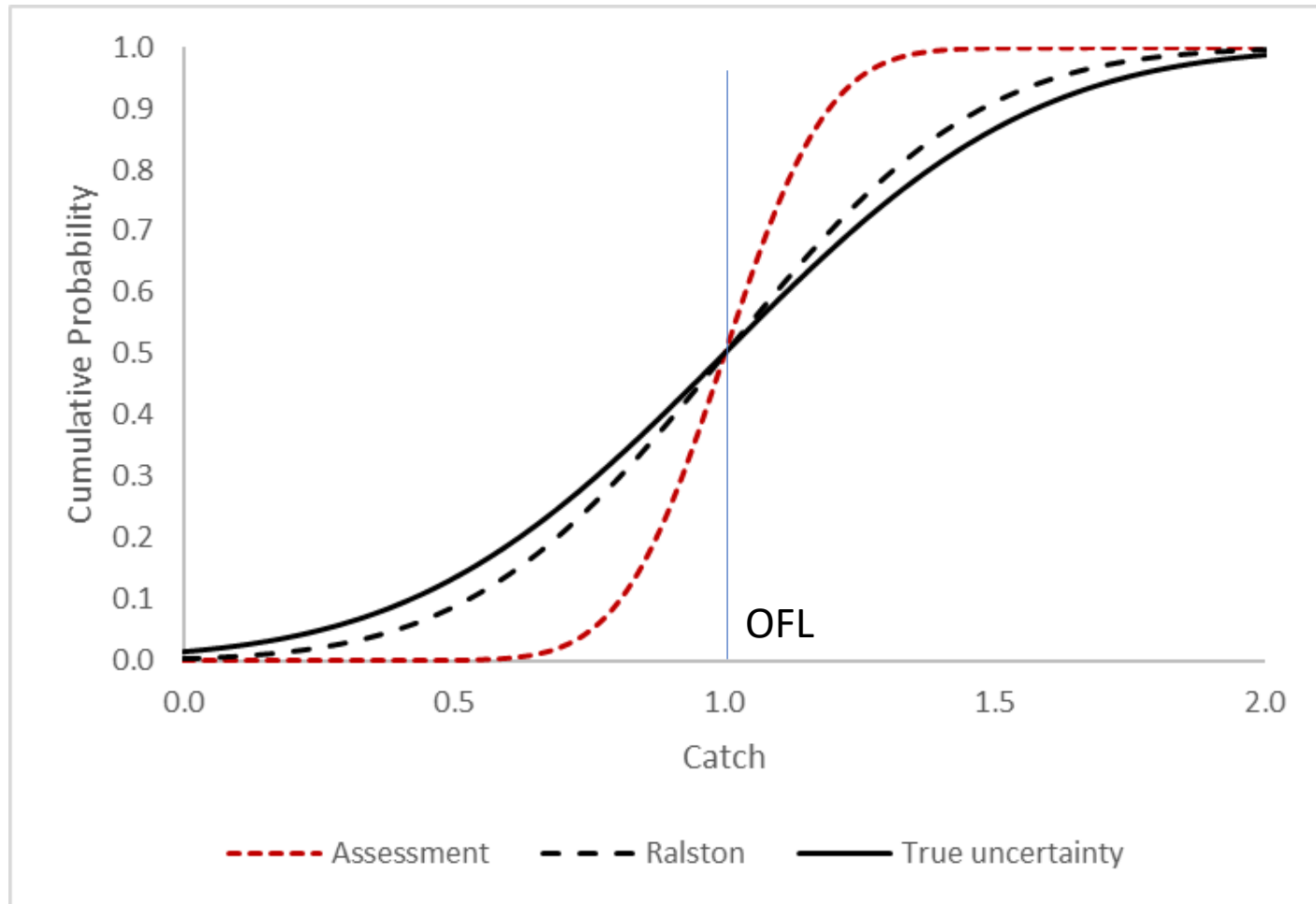
PDF of OFL



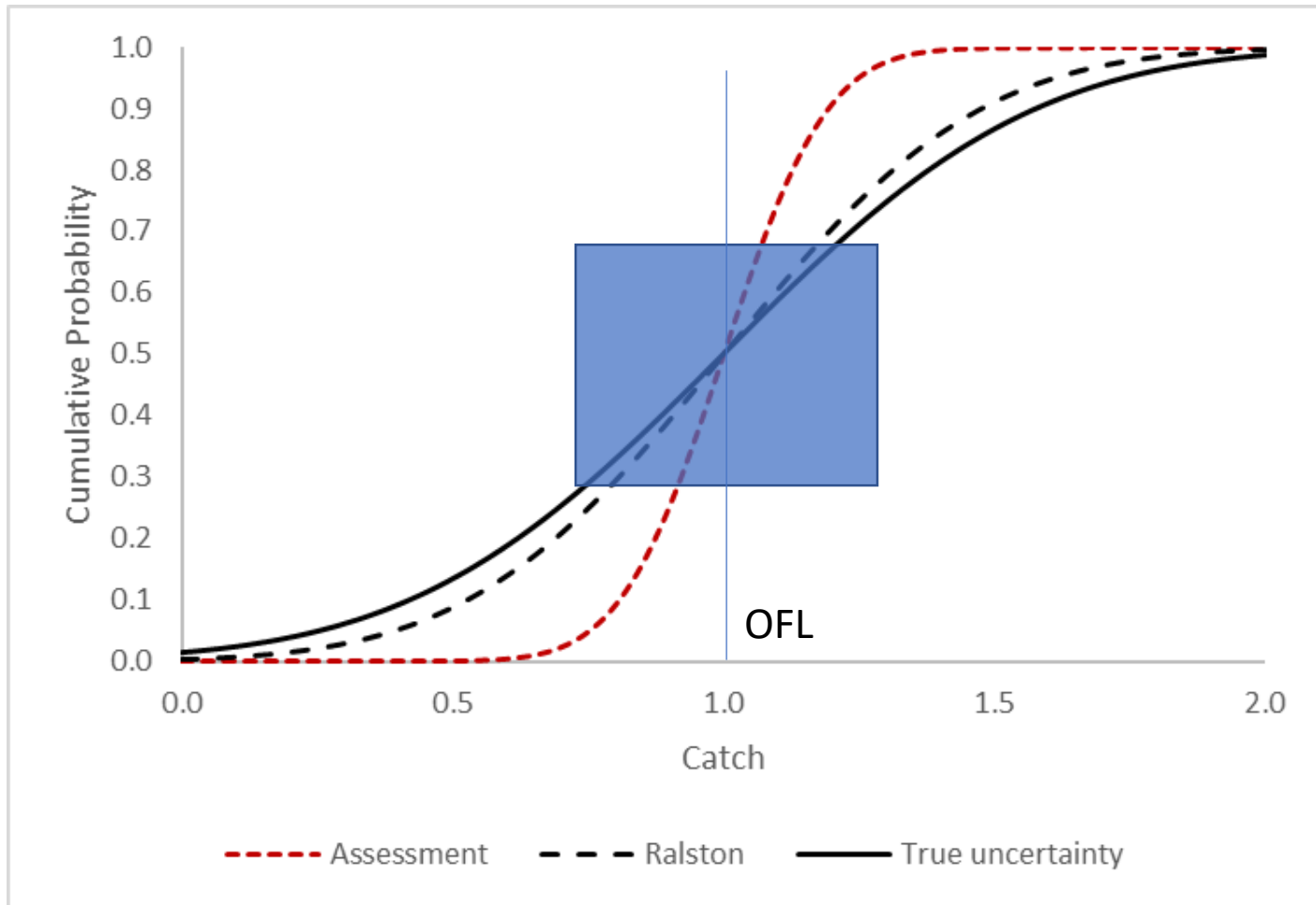
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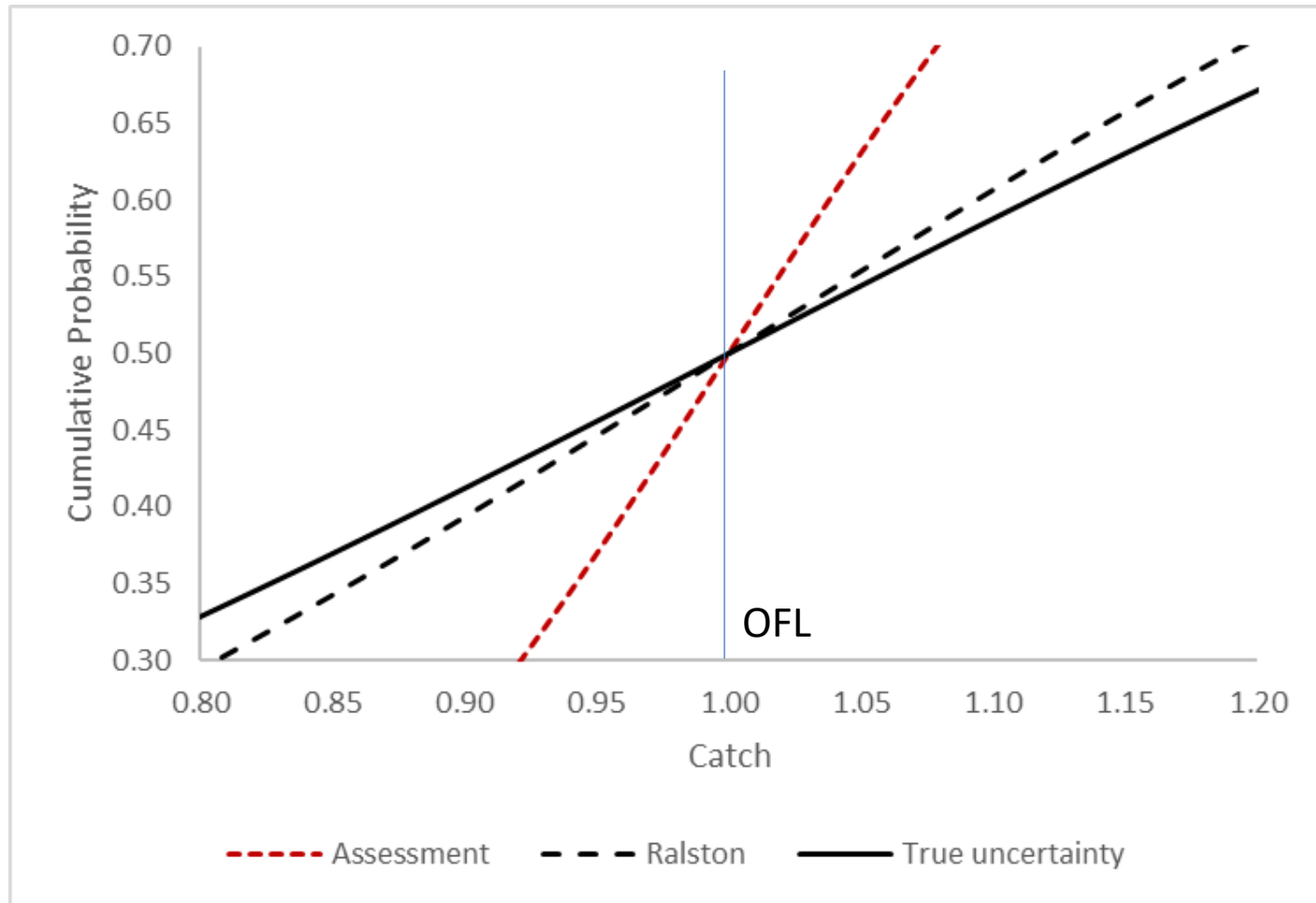
Probability of overfishing



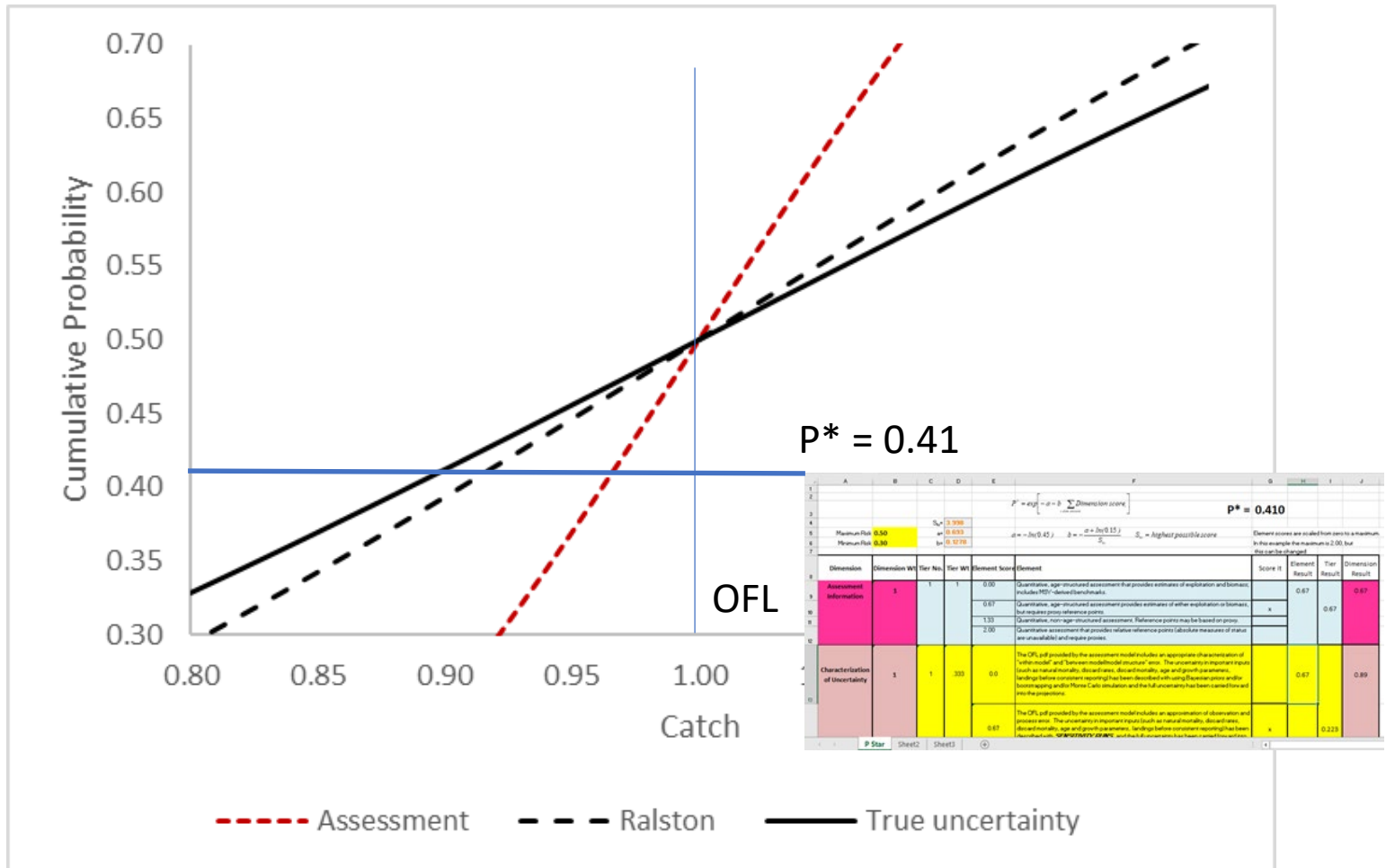
Probability of overfishing



Probability of overfishing



Applying current ABC control rule

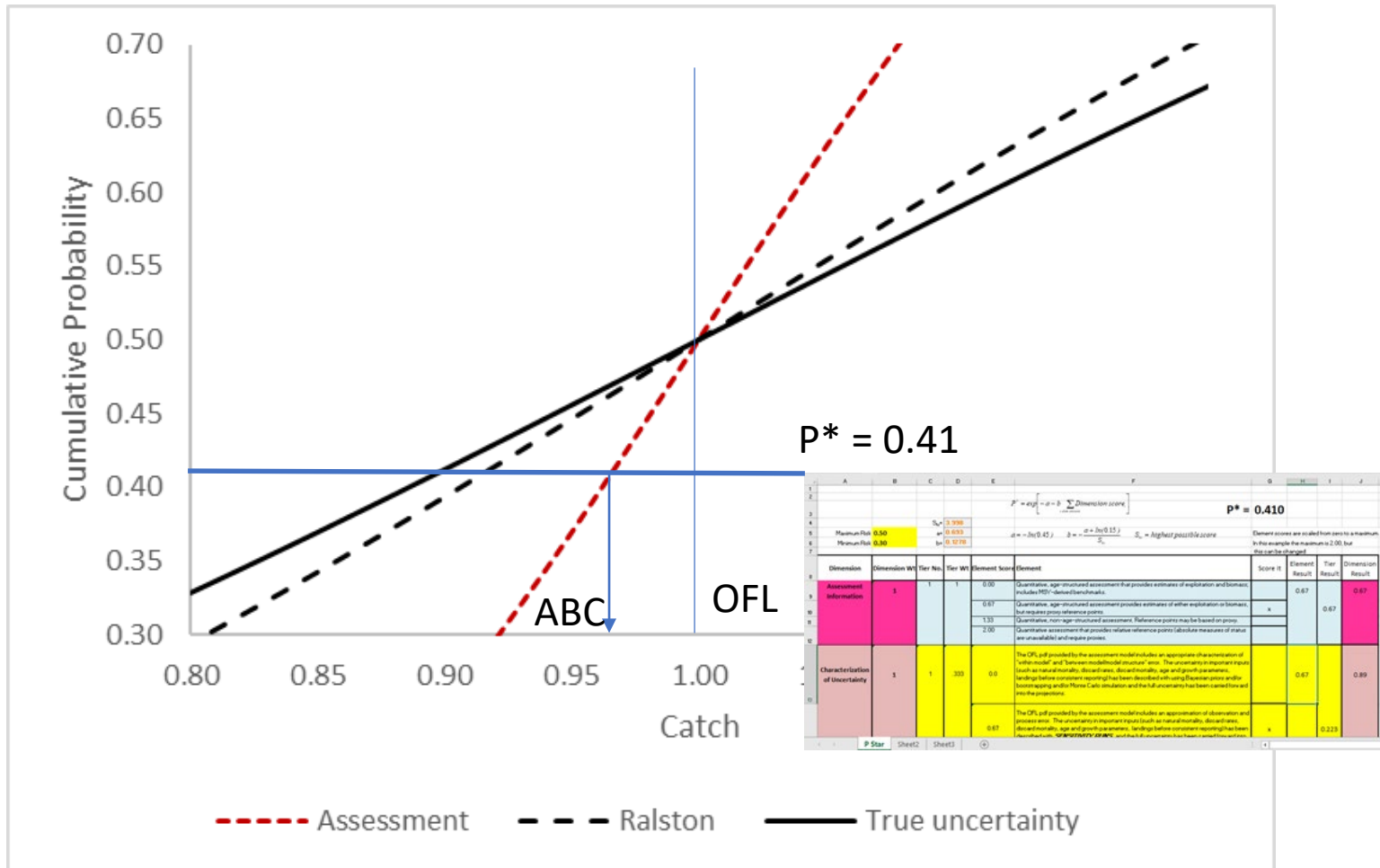


$P^* = 0.41$

OFL

Dimension	Dimension Wt	Tier No	Tier Wt	Element Score	Element	Score It	Element Result	Dimension Result
Assessment Information	1	1	1	0.00	Quantitative, age-structured assessment that provides estimates of exploitation and biomass, includes MSY-derived benchmarks.		0.67	0.67
				0.67	Quantitative, age-structured assessment provides estimates of either exploitation or biomass, but not both process reference points.	x	0.67	0.67
				1.33	Quantitative, non-age-structured assessment. Reference points may be based on proxy.			
				2.00	Quantitative assessment that provides relative reference points (absolute measures of status are unavailable and/or vague process).			
Characterization of Uncertainty	1	1	300	0.0	The OPI will provide the assessment model includes an approximation of the precision of "best-estimate" and "between model/best estimate" error. The uncertainty in important inputs (such as natural mortality, discard rates, discardability, age and growth parameters, landings before consistent reporting) has been described with using Bayesian priors and/or bootstrapping with Monte Carlo simulation and the full uncertainty has been carried forward into the presentation.		0.67	0.89
				0.67	The OPI will provide the assessment model includes an approximation of observation and process error. The uncertainty in important inputs (such as natural mortality, discard rates, discardability, age and growth parameters, landings before consistent reporting) has been described with using Bayesian priors and/or bootstrapping with Monte Carlo simulation and the full uncertainty has been carried forward into the presentation.	x	0.223	

Applying current ABC control rule



$Z = \frac{a - b}{\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{n} + \frac{b^2}{m}}}$ $P^* = 0.410$

Maximum Risk: 0.50 $\alpha = 0.050$ $\beta = 0.100$

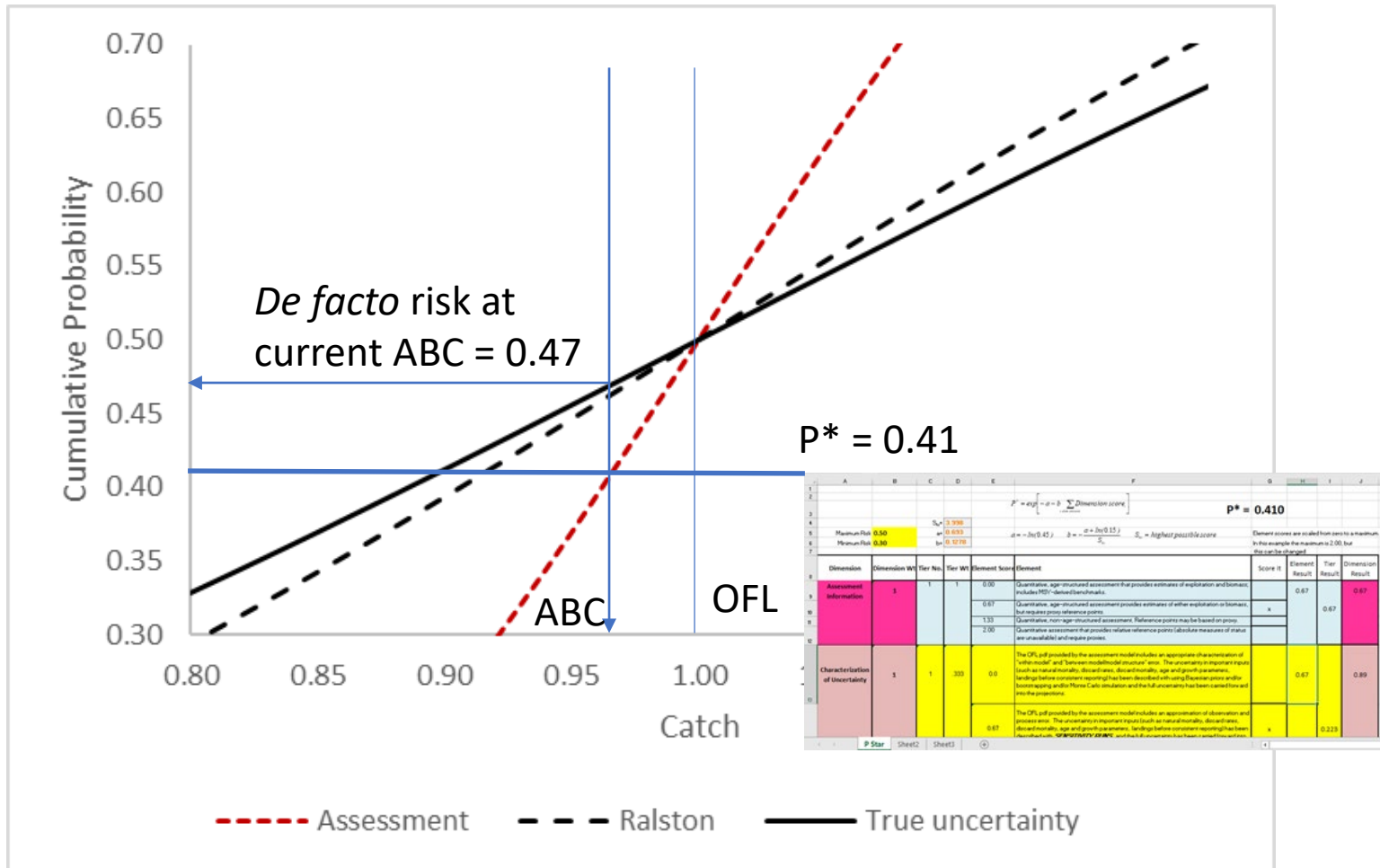
Minimum Risk: 0.30 $\alpha = 0.050$ $\beta = 0.100$

$a = 0.45$ $b = 0.55$ $S_c = \text{Highest possible score}$

Element scores are scaled from zero to a maximum. In this example the maximum is 2.00, but this can be changed.

Dimension	Dimension Wt	Tier No	Tier Wt	Element Score	Element	Score It	Element Result	Dimension Result
Assessment Information	1	1	1	0.00	Quantitative, age-structured assessment that provides estimates of exploitation and biomass, includes MSY-derived benchmarks.		0.67	0.67
				0.67	Quantitative, age-structured assessment provides estimates of either exploitation or biomass, but not both from reference points.	x	0.67	
				1.33	Quantitative, non-age-structured assessment. Reference points may be based on proxy.			
				2.00	Quantitative assessment that provides relative reference points (absolute measures of status are unavailable and/or no proxy).			
Characterization of Uncertainty	1	1	300	0.0	The QFI will provide the assessment model includes an approximation of observation and process error. The uncertainty in input data (such as natural mortality, discard rates, discardability, age and growth parameters, landing before consistent reporting) has been described with using Bayesian priors and/or bootstrapping with Monte Carlo simulation and the full uncertainty has been carried forward into the presentation.		0.67	0.89
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Applying current ABC control rule



SSC Discussion and Determination re. Ralston Method vs. Alternatives

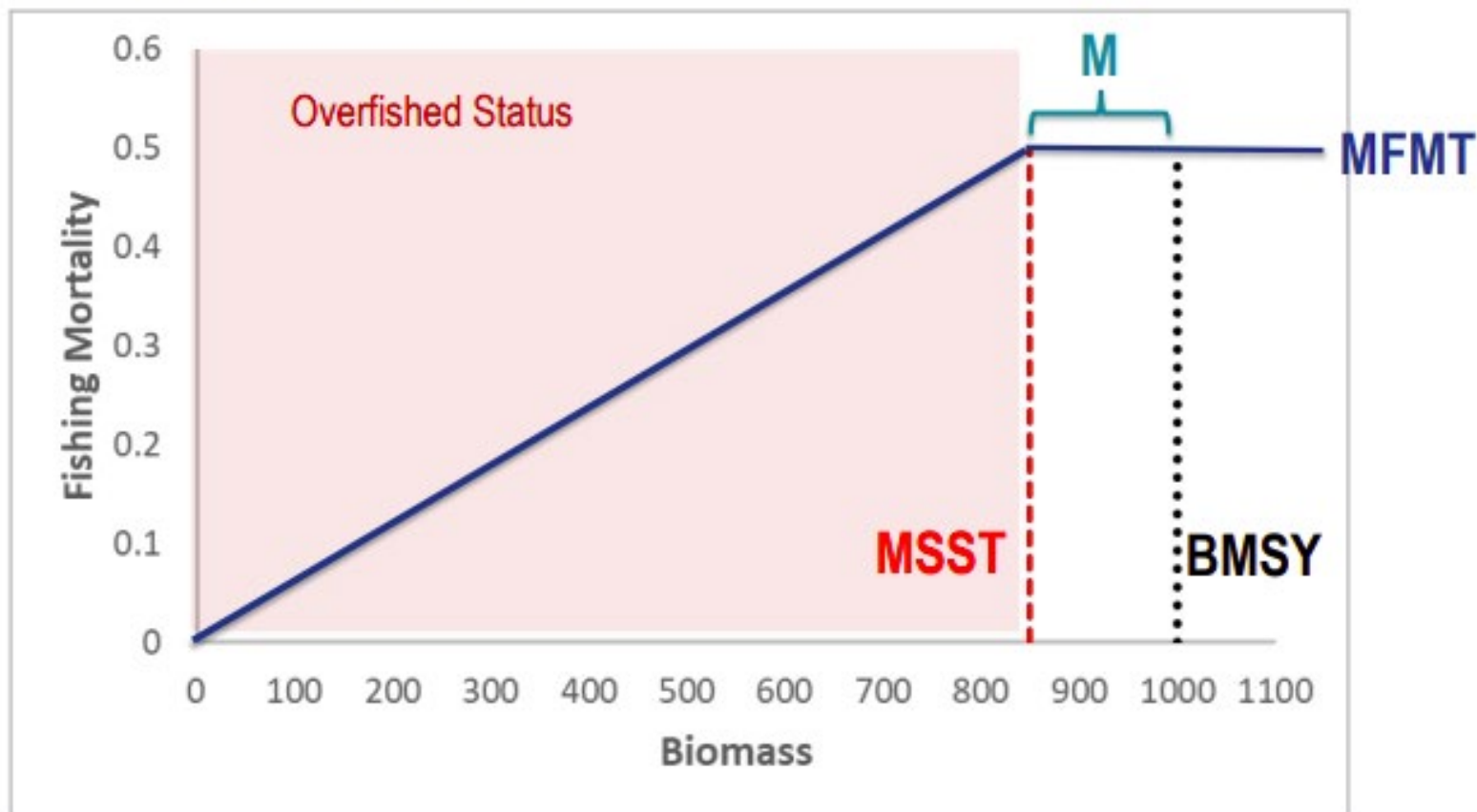
- The SSC is interested in the Ralston method (using a default minimum uncertainty derived from a meta-analysis of stock assessments)
- The SSC also recommends further exploration of other, conceptually different approaches such as F-multipliers (i.e., Restrepo et. al)

Harvest Control Rule (HCR)

(how buffer changes with stock abundance)

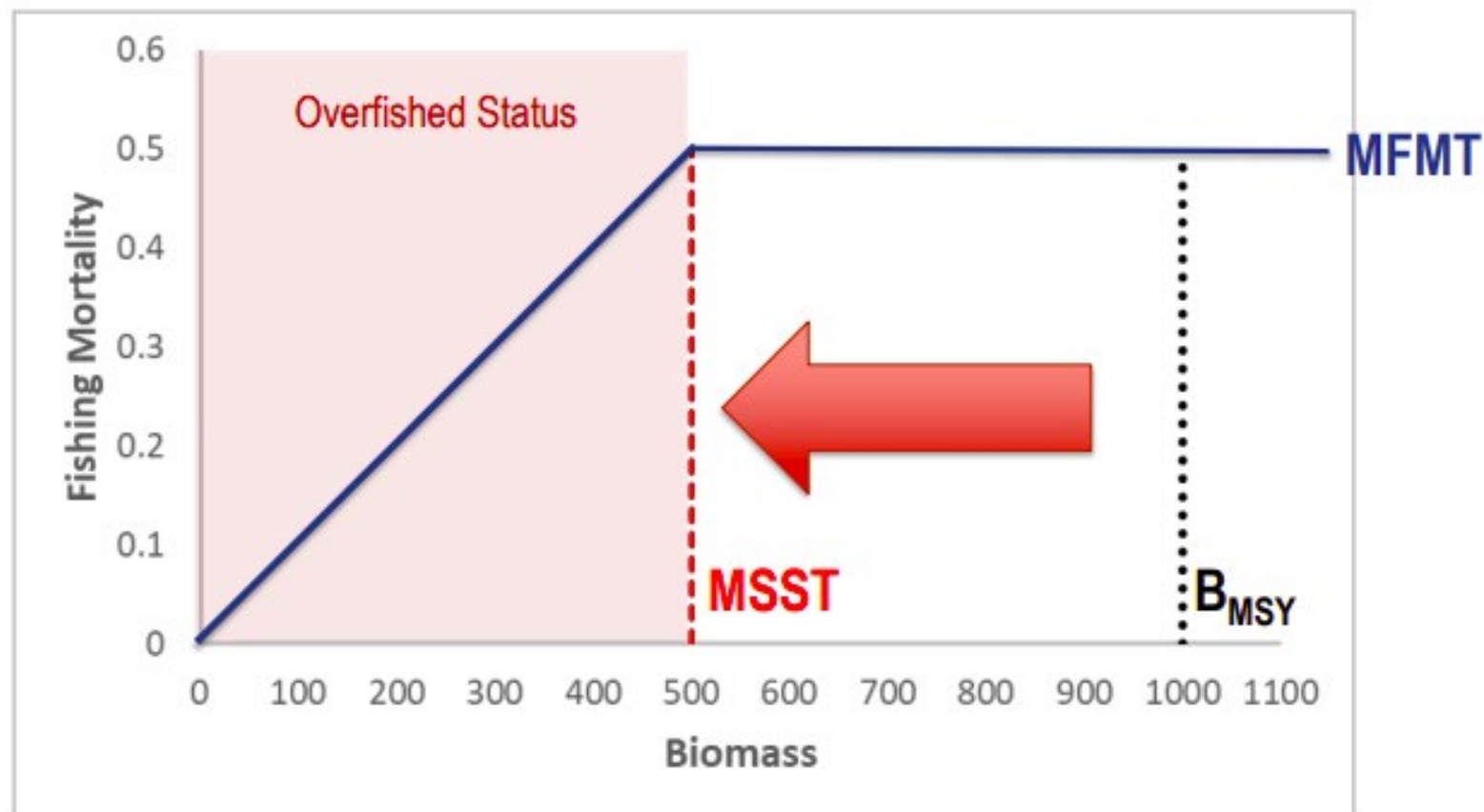
ABC Control Rule: General Guidance

- The ABC control rule should consider reducing fishing mortality (MFMT) as stock size declines. Previously, MSST was based on M . Rebuilding plans were required when $B < (1-M) \cdot B_{MSY}$.



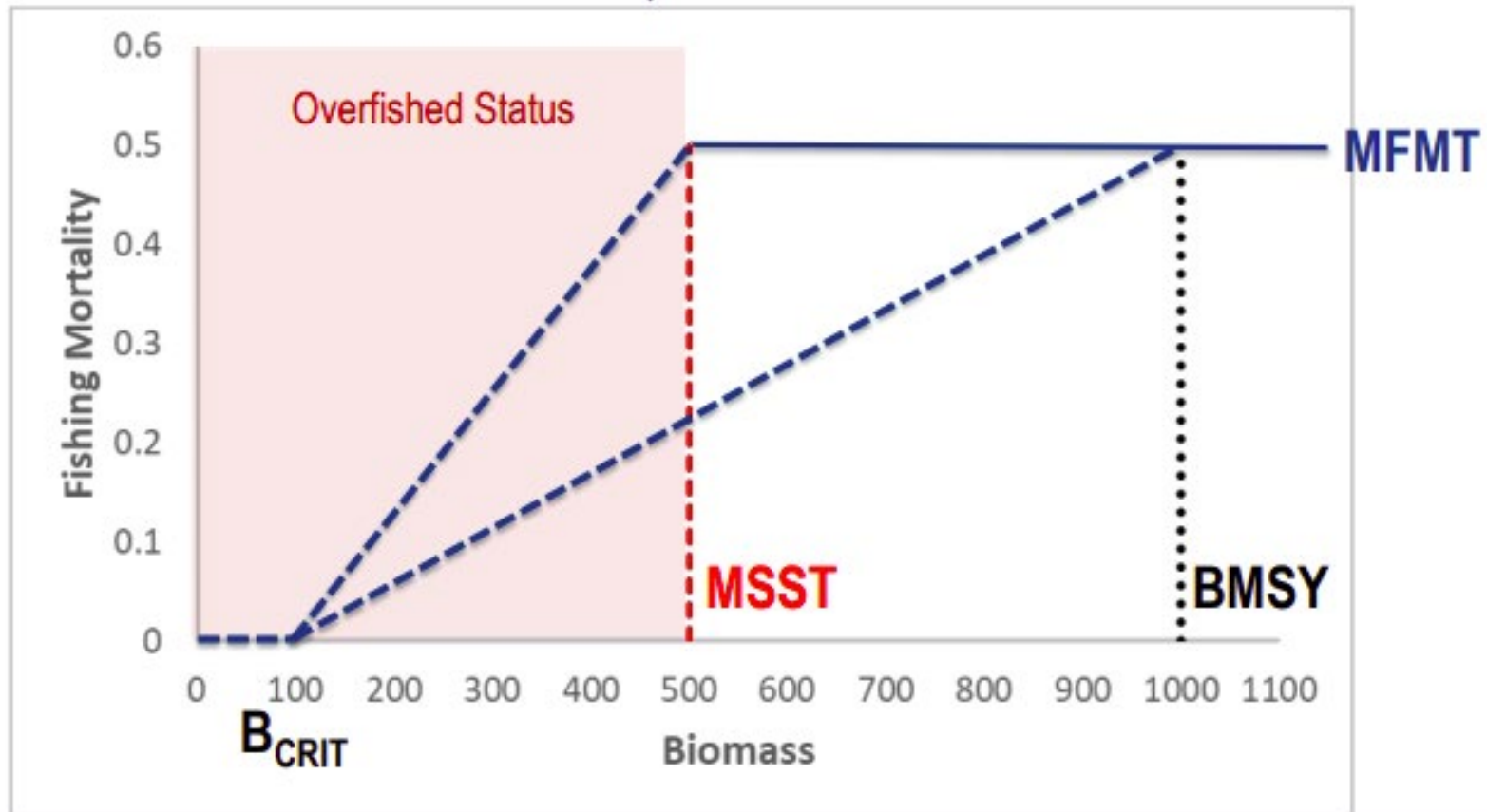
ABC Control Rule: General Guidance

- MSST now often set to $50\%B_{MSY}$. Stock is reduced well below the level that produces MSY before reducing F. Can require large reductions in F (and catch) and long rebuilding plans.



ABC Control Rule: General Guidance

- To reduce the likelihood of long and/or harsh rebuilding plans The SSC could consider reducing F when $B < B_{MSY}$. The SSC could also impose a B_{CRIT} to reduce F to zero at some level of depletion



SSC Discussion and Determination re: the Harvest Control Rule (HCR)

- The SSC is interested in exploring a range of options for the HCR
- Overall, the SSC favors simplicity and robustness (not too many hinge points or opportunities to 'tweak' the rule)

SSC requests re: information to help evaluate the performance of alternative ABC control rules

- Past performance of existing rule
- Past performance of deviations from existing rule (e.g. us of F_{OY} proxy F-multiplier)
- Simulation performance of potential alternative rules
- Implications of alternative rules for ABCs of Gulf stocks

SSC discussion re: information to help the Council consider its risk policy (part of ABC control rule)

- Risk of overfishing vs. fishing opportunities forgone
- Costs of overharvesting to stocks and stakeholders
- Consideration of phase-in of changes in catch limits
- Social considerations and management buy-in