1	GULF OF MEXICO FISHERY MANAGEMENT COUNCIL
2	
3	DATA COLLECTION COMMITTEE
4 5	Courtyard Marriott Gulfport, Mississippi
6	Guirport, Mississippi
7	April 3, 2023
8	
9	VOTING MEMBERS
10	Susan BoggsAlabama
11	Dale DiazMississippi
12	Dave DonaldsonGSMFC
13	Jonathan DugasLouisiana
14	Dakus Geeslin (designee for Robin Riechers)Texas
15	Bob GillFlorida
16	Michael McDermottMississippi
17	Chris Schieble (designee for Patrick Banks)Louisiana
18	Andy StrelcheckNMFS
19	C.J. Sweetman (designee for Jessica McCawley)Florida
20	Troy WilliamsonTexas
21	
22	NON-VOTING MEMBERS
23	Kevin Anson (designee for Scott Bannon)Alabama
24	Billy BroussardLouisiana
25	Phil DyskowFlorida
26	Tom FrazerFlorida
27	LCDR Lisa MotoiUSCG
28	Joe SpragginsMississippi
29	Greg StunzTexas
30	
31	STAFF
32 33	Assane DiagneEconomist
33 34	Matt FreemanEconomist John FroeschkeDeputy Director
34 35	Beth HagerAdministrative Officer
36	Lisa HollenseadFishery Biologist
37	Ava LasseterAnthropologist
38	Mary Levy
39	Natasha Mendez-FerrerFishery Biologist
40	Emily Muehlstein Officer
41	Ryan RindoneLead Fishery Biologist/SEDAR Liaison
42	Bernadine RoyOffice Manager
43	Carrie SimmonsExecutive Director
44	Carly SomersetFisheries Outreach Specialist
45	
46	OTHER PARTICIPANTS
47	Myra BrouwerSAFMC
48	Rick BurrisMS
49	Richard CodyNOAA

1	Troy FradyAL
2	Peter HoodNMFS
3	Tom RollerSAFMC
4	John WalterSEFSC
5	
6	
7	

1	TABLE OF CONTENTS
2	
3	Table of Contents
4	
5	Table of Motions4
6	
7	Adoption of Agenda and Approval of Minutes and Action Guide and
8	Next Steps5
9	
10	Update on Southeast For-Hire Integrated Reporting Program5
11	
12	Public Hearing Draft: Modification to Commercial Coastal Logbook
13	Reporting19
14	
15	Discussion of Private Angler Licensing Requirements and the
16	Feasibility of a Federal Private Angling Permit to Define
17	Offshore Anglers
18	
19	Remaining Data Collection AP Summary Items40
20	
21	Adjournment
22	
23	
24	

1	TABLE OF MOTIONS
2	
3	PAGE 13: Motion to bring the modifications to charter vessel
4	and headboat reporting document to the council in June for
5	discussion and comment. The motion failed on page 19.
6	
7	PAGE 25: Motion to direct council staff to work with industry
8	groups to determine what outreach and education would be
9	appropriate to the commercial participants. The motion carried
10	on page 26.
11	
12	
13	

The Data Collection Committee of the Gulf of Mexico Fishery
 Management Council convened at the Courtyard Marriott, Gulfport,
 Mississippi on Monday morning, April 3, 2023, and was called to
 order by Chairman Susan Boggs.

ADOPTION OF AGENDA APPROVAL OF MINUTES ACTION GUIDE AND NEXT STEPS

10 CHAIRMAN SUSAN BOGGS: I would like to call the Data Collection 11 Committee to order. The members of the committee are myself, 12 Susan Boggs, as Chair, Dale Diaz is Vice Chair, Chris Schieble, 13 Dave Donaldson, J.D. Dugas, Bob Gill, Dr. C.J. Sweetman, Michael 14 McDermott, Mr. Geeslin, Andy Strelcheck, and Troy Williamson.

16 The first item on the agenda is the Adoption of the Agenda. Are 17 there any changes, corrections, or additions? Seeing none, the 18 agenda is adopted. The second item on the agenda is the 19 I do Approval of the January 2023 Minutes. have some 20 and does anyone else have any corrections corrections, or 21 comments? 22

23 The first item I saw was on page 13, line 29, "bene" should be "been", and then, on page 37, lines 24 through 25, it states 24 25 that it was me speaking, and I'm talking about the VMS, and it 26 was not paired to the antenna and SkyMate was emailing OLE, and 27 I think what I said was OLE was emailing OLE, and it should have 28 been SkyMate was emailing OLE, and so I apologize for that. Anv 29 other corrections? Seeing none, the minutes, with corrections, 30 are approved. The next item on the agenda is the Action Guide 31 and Next Steps, and I'm going to turn it over to Dr. Hollensead.

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UPDATE ON SOUTHEAST FOR-HIRE INTEGRATED REPORTING PROGRAM

35 **DR. LISA HOLLENSEAD:** Thank you, Madam Chair. The first thing 36 we have on the agenda today is an update on the Southeast For-37 Hire Integrated Electronic Reporting Program. As many of you 38 may be aware, there was a lawsuit brought forth, and I believe 39 the hearings for that were in October of last year, and, in late 40 February, the 5th Circuit Court of Appeals ruled in that case.

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42 Specifically, this was involving the vessel monitoring system, 43 or the VMS, requirement of the SEFHIER program. The court rule 44 in favor of the plaintiffs in this case, and the ruling has 45 ramifications not only for the VMS requirement, but also the 46 SEFHIER program as a whole, and I will also note that the Data 47 Collection Advisory Panel heard an update from the SEFHIER. 48 However, this was prior to that decision from that 5th Circuit

1 Court, and so, if you look in the summary, they had not gotten a chance to do that, because that ruling had not been published at 2 3 that point, and so just so you know. 4 5 The committee should -- NMFS staff, excuse me, will provide a 6 verbal update on the court's decision and the future of the 7 The committee should listen to the update and SEFHIER program. 8 ask any questions. Madam Chair. 9 10 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: All right. Well, I quess we'll turn it over to 11 the agency for an update and some discussion, I'm sure. 12 13 Okay. I guess I will give you the update. I MS. MARA LEVY: 14 mean, I think you all know, right, that the 5th Circuit Court of 15 Appeals ruled against the agency, in terms of the for-hire 16 reporting program. The specific challenges were related to the 17 VMS requirement and the collection of the five economic 18 questions in the logbook. The court did set aside the whole 19 rule, and so the entire rule is not in effect currently. 20 21 In terms of status, in terms of the proceedings, there is still 22 a few days left in the time to file a motion for a rehearing 23 before the court, or a rehearing en banc, and so that expires April 10, and then there is still the window to file a petition 24 25 for cert in the U.S. Supreme Court, and that doesn't end until towards the end of May, and so, in terms of the actual 26 27 procedural matters, you know, there's no definitive resolution to those yet, in terms of the agency still evaluating its 28 29 options, and those times are still open, but I think it's 30 important that we talk about the decision, and then we can go 31 from there. 32 33 Regarding the VMS requirement, the court found against the 34 agency, basically on two fronts, the first of which was that 35 that agency did not have the statutory authority to implement 36 this requirement for this program for these vessels, and I'm 37 saying that because the decision was pretty specific to this 38 program and these vessels and this challenge. 39 40 There's a couple of statutory provisions that speak to what the 41 councils and the agency can require. The ones that the agency was relying on this litigation -- The first was there's a 42 43 provision that basically says that fishery management plans can require equipment on fishing vessels, including equipment to 44 45 facilitate enforcement, and so the court talked about that 46 provision and said that the permit holders are -- Basically, this VMS requirement, they found, in a lot of these areas --47 They found it to be duplicative of what the agency was already 48

2 3 They were basically saying that it's duplicative, and so there's no real enforcement issue here, and, also, you haven't shown, in 4 5 this record, that there's any non-compliance, right, and so the agency has some -- There is some reasonableness in requiring a 6 7 VMS, or this type of equipment, to verify sort of self-reported 8 data, but they were like, in this case, you don't have any 9 evidence that these vessels, and these permit holders, are not accurately reporting their data, and you haven't shown us, in 10 11 this record, that you have that, and so this equipment is not 12 really facilitating enforcement.

requiring via the logbooks and the hail-out.

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14 Then there's the provisions in the act that say that the 15 councils, and the agency, can require other things that are 16 necessary and appropriate for management of the fishery, right, 17 and so it's kind of a catchall provision. You have very 18 specific things, and then you have that you can require other 19 things that are necessary and appropriate, and the court found 20 that this wasn't necessary and appropriate, because you have to 21 look at the costs and the benefits and weigh them, and, here, 22 you have monetary costs and privacy costs, and the agency did not show that these costs were outweighed by the benefits of 23 requiring the VMS, again relying on the fact that the court 24 25 found it to be duplicative of the reporting requirements and 26 that there was no showing of non-compliance. 27

- 28 I don't think that the -- I am trying to think about how to 29 phrase this. I don't think the agency's position would be that 30 it was duplicative. I think that we probably needed to do a 31 better job of explaining to the court what independent purpose 32 it held, right, but I'm just saying what the court held, so that 33 you can kind of see where they were coming from, and so that was 34 the no statutory authority piece of it, again limited to this 35 record, what we didn't show for this record, and then the court 36 went on to talk about the 4th Amendment issue, because the 37 plaintiffs had said that it violated the 4th Amendment, that it 38 was an unlawful, warrantless search to have this location data 39 going on.
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41 The court said that -- It basically said that it appears to be a search, and it did not specifically say whether it was a search 42 43 under 4th Amendment law, and there is clearly no warrant, and so there's that piece, and so we had argued that, even if it was a 44 45 search, that there is an exception to that requirement for 46 closely-regulated industries, and so it's a doctrine that basically says, under specific circumstances, closely-regulated 47 48 industries, you don't need a warrant to conduct a search.

2 The court rejected that argument that this particular industry 3 was a closely-regulated industry. Now, at the District Court level, which is the trial court, that court looked at the 4 fishing industry as a whole and determined that the fishing 5 industry is a closely-regulated industry. This court, 6 the Appellate Court, said that was too broad, that we should not be 7 8 looking at the fishing industry as a whole, and you should be 9 looking at charter fishing, and so the charter boat fishing industry is how they defined it, and, if you look at that very 10 narrow industry, we didn't meet the test of showing that this 11 12 was a closely-regulated industry. 13

14 The court did distinguish the commercial fishing industry, and 15 the court recognized that other courts have held that the 16 commercial fishing industry was considered a closely-regulated 17 industry, but they distinguished charter fishing from commercial 18 fishing, and so, once you don't have that exception, if there's 19 a reasonable expectation of privacy, then you need a warrant. 20

21 The court talked very briefly about this reasonable expectation 22 of privacy, and they did not definitively say whether these 23 charter vessel owners and permit holder had a reasonable expectation of privacy, but they expressed serious concern that 24 they did and that this would -- They had concerns that this 25 would violate the 4^{th} Amendment, but they did not rule on the 26 27 merits of the 4th Amendment claim, and so there's no holding by them that this does violate the 4th Amendment, but there's a lot 28 29 language in there that indicates that they were very of 30 concerned that it would violate the 4th Amendment, and so I just 31 wanted to make that clear.

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33 Then the other thing that they looked at was whether the 34 arbitrary and capricious requirement was under the 35 Administrative Procedure Act, and so it's not a statutory 36 authority issue, and it's not a constitutional issue, but it's 37 you know, whether it's reasonable under the essentially, 38 Administrative Procedure Act to implement this, and the court 39 said no in this case, because, number one, the agency failed to address the privacy concerns that were raised by some of the 40 41 commenters, and so we got some comments that mentioned the 4^{th} Amendment, but we didn't interpret them to relate to privacy, 42 43 because they also talked about the data and sort of the -- They wanted to keep the data safe, and so, when we responded to those 44 45 comments in the rule, we responded to them in sort of the data 46 confidentiality tact, and we didn't directly respond to 4^{th} Amendment privacy concerns, and the court says we should have 47 48 done that, and then that NMFS didn't adequately justify the

1 costs and the benefits, in terms of the costs, the benefits outweighing the costs, and it used the same reasoning as in the 2 3 statutory authority argument, basically under the necessary and 4 appropriate, right, and like you haven't shown why you need this 5 VMS. 6 7 It's duplicative, and there is no real indication that the 8 agency is getting any benefit from this information, but you 9 are, you know, making people pay for it, and so there's the monetary costs, and you have the privacy costs, and so they're 10 11 saying we didn't justify that under the APA, and so, under the 12 APA, this wasn't lawful either. 13 14 Then, with respect to the economic questions, that was also an Administrative Procedure Act issue, and, basically, they said 15 16 that we didn't give notice in the proposed rule that we were 17 going to ask these five economic questions, and so the final 18 rule was not lawful, and it was not a logical outgrowth of the 19 proposed rule, and it wasn't lawful, because we didn't put 20 people on notice in the proposed rule that these five questions 21 were going to be asked. 22 23 The APA -- Any issues with the APA are the things that are most 24 easily remedied, right, and you can always go back and redo a 25 rule and kind of tick off the boxes that you need to. Other things get more complicated. I hope that I explained that well, 26 27 but, if you have any questions, I'm happy to answer them. 28 29 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Gill. 30 31 MR. BOB GILL: Thank you, Madam Chair, and so I think everybody 32 has got a bunch of questions, mostly related to what does that mean for the future, and so this was a narrowly-scoped decision, 33 34 as I understand it, but, on the other hand, from my perspective, 35 it looks like it opens the door to anybody that does not like 36 the VMS system, and there is plenty of those, that, with the 37 money and the willingness to file a suit, which would, in turn, 38 imperil a lot of our data collection and how we manage the 39 fisheries, and could you comment on how reasonable that assumption is, and is it an area of concern that the average 40 41 stakeholder should be concerned about or not? 42 43 MS. LEVY: Well, I mean, I quess my answer is anybody file anything, and, you know, for folks that are really adamantly 44 45 against things like a VMS, I think, of course, they could file a

45 against things like a VMS, I think, of course, they could life a 46 lawsuit somewhere challenging something and use this case to try 47 to argue their point, but I believe that the case is very 48 narrowly tailored to this record, these vessels, and what we did

1 in this particular program.

3 I don't necessarily read anything in there as being some broad pronouncement as to VMS programs overall, and I don't see it as 4 5 really a comment on VMS programs for commercial vessels, and, 6 you know, the 5th Circuit has never addressed that, and they 7 said, in this, that we've never addressed it, and who knows what the 5^{th} Circuit would do, right, and, I mean, we have cases out 8 9 of other circuits that have upheld these programs in the commercial sector, and so I guess that's kind of a long way of 10 saying, yes, I think people could be emboldened, I guess, to try 11 12 challenge these programs, but, whether they would be to 13 successful, I can't really answer that.

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15 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: A follow-up, Mr. Gill?

17 Thank you, Madam Chair, and so I read you as saying MR. GILL: 18 that it is a precedent, in your view, that does not hold a whole 19 lot of likelihood, but my second question is for Andy, and I'm 20 hoping that he'll give us a good overview here of what does that 21 mean charter/for-hire, the SEFHIER for program, the data 22 collection side that we were trying to accomplish, and that's --23 I ask regardless of whether the agency decides to go forward or 24 not, and how do you see the impact on our ability to manage?

26 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Strelcheck.

28 MR. ANDY STRELCHECK: Thanks, Bob, for the question. For those 29 that might have not been around this table, I think I want to 30 first start by saying this was really a grassroots effort by a 31 large portion of our industry, right, to get this off the 32 ground. Conversations about logbook programs started in 2008 or 33 2009, and it took us quite a while to actually get it up and 34 running and implemented, and so that's really the disappointing part about all of this, is that we had at least a good portion 35 36 of the industry supporting this, and there were certainly 37 opponents and those that, obviously, sued us, but the goal was, 38 obviously, to improve data collection, to improve the timeliness 39 of data, to help with better management and science within this 40 industry, and within the fishery.

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In terms of, you know, what Mara just went through, I guess I will go through some what-if scenarios, right, and so, right now, the agency, I believe, has sixty days from the court decision to decision whether to appeal or not appeal the decision. If we appeal the decision, the council is essentially in a waiting game, and the industry is in a waiting game, until that appeal is heard and decided.

If we do not appeal the decision, then it would come back before 2 3 the council to discuss whether or not we want to reinvent or revise the SEFHIER logbook program and kind of dust off the old 4 5 amendment and make some changes to it, to address not only the Administrative Procedure Act violations, but also the VMS 6 requirement that was included in that amendment, 7 and make 8 modifications, and so that could take any number of paths, but 9 certainly there's a lot of great building blocks from the, you know, previous SEFHIER program that I think could be utilized 10 for validation and accountability, and then we would have to, 11 12 obviously, make modifications, in light of the lawsuit.

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CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Dr. Frazer.

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16 DR. TOM FRAZER: I just wanted to circle back to something that 17 Mara said, and so I'm just curious, and what are the criteria by 18 which the commercial sector was considered a highly-regulated 19 entity, right, and the other sectors in the fishery are not? 20

21 So there are -- Basically, there's a couple of MS. LEVY: 22 factors that the court looks at, and the first is kind of the 23 history of warrantless searches in that particular area, and, I mean, they didn't like go into like a whole history of the 24 25 decisions that upheld the commercial requirements, right, and all they said was it's not here, and there is no such history 26 27 for charter fishing. Then I have to look at the -- Sorry. 28

29 Then, basically, that there would be a threat to public welfare 30 if it was left unregulated, and like they kind of look at that like what does the industry do, in terms of public welfare, and 31 32 is it like a threat to public welfare that would make it, you know, heavily regulated, and, in this case, we kind of relied on 33 the Magnuson Act provisions that basically say, you know -- And 34 35 the findings of Congress that said, you know, fishing, you know, 36 is something that needs to be regulated, and there is a public 37 welfare component to fisheries management, right, and it's 38 important to the nation.

40 The court didn't really agree with that. They disagreed that 41 the charter boat fishing does not pose an overfishing risk, because it accounts for a small percentage of total fishing in 42 43 the Gulf of Mexico, and they found that. I think we might disagree with their facts there, and so I think -- The point is 44 45 I think there are some clues as to what we could put in the 46 record, right, if we end up going through this again, right, and like if the agency doesn't appeal, or appeals and loses at the 47 48 highest level, what could we do, and how could we support the

decision better, so that, if it was litigated again, we would address these points, and one of the things might be to have much more discussion about how much charter fishing does occur in the Gulf of Mexico, what percentage comes, and like lay all this out, so that we have the facts that we want that support the program the best that we would be able to point to if it was challenged again.

- 9 DR. FRAZER: Thank you.
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CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Strelcheck.

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12 13 MR. STRELCHECK: I just wanted to follow-on with a couple of 14 comments, and so, for those that have read the decision, there's 15 a statistic in there about for-hire fishing I think representing 16 0.2 percent of the overall fishing activity in the Gulf of 17 Mexico. I don't know how they arrived at that, where that 18 number came from, and I couldn't replicate it, and so I think

19 that goes to kind of what Ms. Levy was just stating now, in 20 terms of the significance of charter fishing as part of the 21 decision. 22

23 The other interesting component of this decision is we -- Well, first of all, we know compliance is far better, or was far 24 25 better, for the SEFHIER program in the Gulf of Mexico than it was for the South Atlantic. The South Atlantic did not have a 26 27 hail-in or a hail-out provision, and it only required weekly 28 reporting, but we were seeing some pretty stark differences, 29 just in the short lifespan of the programs, but this decision 30 also essentially goes as far as saying, well, we didn't 31 demonstrate, you know, why the VMS was needed, the costs and 32 benefits, and that it was kind of duplicative in nature to some of the other requirements, but the reality is that we were 33 34 requiring all of this at the same time, and implementing all of 35 the provisions at the same time, and so there's really no way 36 for us to actually know whether it was duplicative or not and 37 whether or not this truly was a significant cost, or benefit, to 38 the fishermen. 39

40 Ultimately, you know, it comes down to compliance and what we 41 were going to gain from the VMS requirements, but, given that, 42 you know, the VMS considerations in the lawsuit -- Hail-in and 43 hail-out still seems to be a very important provision to knowing 44 when a trip is occurring and making sure that we can validate 45 the trips and reported logbooks.

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47 **CHAIRMAN BOGGS:** Does anyone else have any questions or 48 comments? Mr. Gill.

2 Thank you, Madam Chair, and so it seems to me that, MR. GILL: 3 from a council perspective, we're going to be waiting either way, one until NOAA GC decides whether they're going to handle 4 5 it in some other fashion, or, if not, we're living with a decision of the court, and so, from our perspective, and this is 6 7 to Andy's original point that there is value, I believe, in 8 continuing work on those portions of the document, unaffected by 9 -- That may not be the right terminology, but unaffected by the 10 court's ruling.

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12 With that in mind, I would like to make a motion that we 13 continue work on the SEFHIER document, on those components not 14 affected by the court's ruling, and I would be happy for wordsmithing to get around those issues. The thought here is to 15 let's do what we can to continue work, and the items that pass 16 17 muster we can continue working on, and there's a lot invested in 18 this amendment. There are many who might not support it, and 19 think that it needs to go forward, and so, either way, whatever 20 the legal outcome is, we're not stopping work and waiting for 21 the ultimate outcome of the legal system, and we're effectively 22 doing what we can to continue with the work needed on the 23 document. Thank you.

25 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: All right. We will wait for staff to get the motion on the board, and then we'll see if we can get a second. 26 27 The only question I would have is do we need to reference the document, or is this enough information for staff, or may I 28 29 offer a suggestion? Okay, and so let's let them finish, and 30 then I will read it, and Dr. Sweetman seconded the motion. 31 J.D., is it to this motion? All right. Let me read the motion, 32 and then we'll discuss the motion. Okay. 33

The motion on the board is to continue working on modifications to charter vessel and headboat reporting document for those components not affected by the court ruling. J.D.

38 MR. J.D. DUGAS: Thank you, Ms. Chair. My question is for Mr. 39 Gill. What do you want to continue working on? I thought that 40 it was all completed.

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Well, given the court's ruling, I'm not sure how we 42 MR. GILL: 43 parse that out, but what I'm effectively saying is that we --The parts that are not affected by the court's ruling, and I 44 would think that there is more to be done, either from the 45 agency standpoint, or perhaps from ours, and the answer is I 46 don't know, but, if there is room for continued working on this 47 document, I think we should. I think the program is important 48

1 for data collection, and it fully had the support of most of the 2 charter industry, and we ought not just stop because we hit a 3 bump in the road.

5 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Strelcheck and then Mr. Dyskow.

7 MR. STRELCHECK: A couple of suggestions, and so we're not 8 currently working on any document, and so I think maybe it would 9 be better to bring back to the council, in June, the charter/headboat reporting document, and we would know, by then, 10 11 whether or not the agency has appealed the decision or not, and 12 then I am hung up a little bit with the second part of the sentence as well, "for those components not affected by the 13 14 court ruling", and remember Mara talked about the Administrative 15 Procedure Act violations that could be addressed, that were part of the court ruling, right, and it doesn't mean that we don't 16 17 work on them, right, but we just need to consider whether we 18 should or shouldn't work on them, and so I would just recommend 19 that we bring the document back for discussion at the June 20 meeting, at this point, given the agency decision will be known 21 by then, and then we can decide the path forward at that point, 22 depending on the agency decision. 23

24 MR. GILL: Good suggestions, and I'm okay with that. Thank you, 25 Andy.

27 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: So, number one, Andy, are you making that motion, and, number two, is that really -- I mean, I guess I'm 28 29 asking, and do we really need a motion, because I would think 30 all would bring that information back that you to us, 31 irregardless of whether we have a motion or not, and I'm looking 32 at staff. So, first, Andy, are you making this motion? 33

34 MR. STRELCHECK: I was taking the liberty of making a very 35 lenient friendly amendment, if the primary and seconder agree 36 with that provision.

38 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Dyskow, I will get you in just a moment.
39 Ms. Levy.

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41 LEVY : Well, I mean, I think it is appropriate, either MS. motion, but Andy's is probably more in line with the procedure 42 43 of where we are right now. It's appropriate for the council to make the motion and consider it, because, you know, as of now, 44 45 there is no for-hire reporting. You know, if the agency decides not to appeal, there is no for-hire reporting, and so I think 46 the council needs to decide is it something that you want to 47 48 bring up and discuss further, and then I will just note that,

you know, even with the VMS requirement, right, again, the 1 decision was fairly limited, at least for the statutory stuff, 2 to the record, and it was based on the fact that it was twenty-3 4 four hours a day, seven days a week, one-hour ping VMS.

6 I think it's more of a management discussion as to if there 7 would be any value in a more limited VMS requirement, and maybe there's no value in that. Maybe it doesn't get you what you 8 9 want, but I also think that the decision did not address that, and that could potentially address some of the privacy concern 10 11 issues and stuff that we would have to look into more, but I 12 just want to make sure that you know that it's not everything, 13 and things are still on the table, right, but it's just going to 14 require some discussion and development and justification and 15 articulation of the reasons for doing whatever you decide to do. 16

17 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okay. So, as a point of order, does the 18 seconder -- Well, first of all, Mr. Gill, are you okay with 19 this, and is the seconder okay with it? Okay. They're both 20 shaking their heads. Mr. Dyskow, I am going to go to Mr. Diaz, 21 because I know he needs to leave, and then I promise that you 22 will be next.

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MR. DALE DIAZ: I just -- J.D. brought up kind of what I'm 24 25 thinking about, and so, Dr. Simmons, do we currently have an open document to make modifications to, or are we, in effect, 26 27 That's what I am trying to trying to start a new document? 28 figure out. Can you speak to that?

30 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR CARRIE SIMMONS: Sure. We have a document that's been implemented and vacated, right, and so we could put 31 32 it on the agenda as background, with some feedback from the 33 agency, I think, on what we could do and not do, because it's 34 not quite clear to me right now, based on the court ruling, and 35 look at what the South Atlantic has done, and look at what we're 36 trying to improve, regarding data collection and monitoring, and 37 try to make sure that we're addressing that at very get-go, 38 again, when we bring that back, and that would be my suggestion, 39 that we could put it in as background.

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41 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Dyskow.

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43 MR. PHIL DYSKOW: Thank you, Madam Chair. I am not on your committee, and I've been trying to follow this process for a 44 45 long time, and what it seems to me that we've heard, over and 46 over, from the audience is that this was evolving into an unnecessarily burdensome process, and what I heard from people 47 was that they wanted to streamline it, or perhaps simplify it, 48

1 and perhaps strike certain odious elements of it, and so, if 2 we're going to revisit it, that's what I hear that people want 3 us to address, is they want this to be scaled down to a more 4 manageable process, and is that correct, or am I way off-base? 5

6 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Well, I mean, I don't know if I'm the 7 appropriate one to comment to that, and there's differences of 8 opinions. I mean, I was part of that grassroots effort, and I 9 stood at the podium, and I can't say how many times, and 10 supported this, along with many, many other fishermen along the 11 Gulf coast.

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13 You know, is there any decision that this council makes that 14 everybody is happy with? There are goods and there are bads that come with it, and the charter/for-hire needs this data 15 16 collection information, and the headboats -- The only thing 17 different with the headboats right now is we don't have a VMS, 18 and we don't have to -- There is one other component missing, 19 having to do with the hail-in and hail-out part, and so nothing 20 has really changed for the headboats, and they're reporting 21 weekly instead of before offloading, and so the headboats are 22 still reporting. 23

The charter fleet, they don't have a mechanism, and I don't know if -- I am really getting ahead of myself probably on this, but, to really find out, do a referendum, and see what these people want, and I think you will overwhelmingly see that they support this -- Most of the people I've talked to support it even with the VMS.

I had a gentleman call me when this really came out, and he said, I was very opposed to this, but he said, but now I see how it keeps fishermen honest, and he was disappointed that we lost this VMS component, and I saw Mr. Strelcheck had his hand up, and I will let him respond.

37 MR. STRELCHECK: I appreciate Phil's question, and I think the 38 court, in some respects, has helped answer part of your 39 question, right, by striking the requirements for VMS, because I 40 think that was certainly viewed as burdensome by many. Recall 41 that, over the last year or more, we've been working on a couple of amendments to ease some of the burden on trip declaration, as 42 43 well as if there's a VMS system failure, and we will not have to implement, obviously, the VMS system failure requirement any 44 45 longer, as the program stands right now today. 46

47 Then I think, you know, the question becomes, you know, with the 48 court ruling, the economic data collection, and what the council 1 would want to do with that going forward, and I see certainly a 2 lot of pros and cons to, you know, both sides, with regard to 3 the economic data collection, but your point is well taken, and 4 I think it's an opportunity to take a look at the program. 5 6 As I have often voiced with the council during discussions,

7 right, we want to maintain the data integrity of this program 8 and make sure that it's a better system for estimating catch and 9 effort in the long run, or relative to what we have today, and 10 so that's my hope, is that the council moves forward, or we 11 appeal the decision, that that's what we're going to be left 12 with. 13

14 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Gill, I will get to you in just a moment, 15 and I want to comment to what Andy said, and, you know, standing 16 up this program -- I remember, several years back, before all of 17 this, there was some funding to put VMS on the charter fleet, 18 and a lot of the charter fleet did it, and I can't remember the 19 numbers, and I think it was 300, and it was a lot, and they 20 voluntarily did this.

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22 The reason that we, my husband and I, didn't do is we knew that 23 that data being collected wasn't going to do anything, but they 24 wanted to see how it worked and how it would impact the 25 business, and so standing up a program -- We don't want to do something that, at the end of the day, we've done all this work, 26 27 and there is nothing good that comes of it, and so that leads me to a question, and I don't know if it's to Andy or Dr. Walter, 28 29 but what happens to the data that's already been collected? 30

31 I mean, does that get thrown out and we start all over again, 32 and, again, we're what-ifing, and I hate that, and I tell my 33 daughter all the time that don't what-if me to death, but -- And 34 you may not have an answer, but the question, in my mind, is 35 what happens to the data that's been currently collected with If it is 36 the VMS units that's been able to be validated? 37 appealed, and the court upholds it, do we just keep going along 38 like we were, or, if we have to redo this program, are we 39 starting from scratch, and you may not be able to answer that, 40 and I understand that.

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42 STRELCHECK: I mean, I would ask Ms. Levy if there's MR. 43 anything that restricts us from maintaining that data that's already been collected when the program was working and not set 44 45 aside, but, in terms of the actual data itself, I think the 46 challenge, like we've talked about with state surveys or MRIP, right, and we want to have multiple years of comparable data to 47 48 calibrate against, and, ultimately, get to some stream of data 1 that can then be transitioned over to and used, and so, with the 2 changes to any program going forward, unless we want an appeal, 3 it would be that the data probably in the past would not be 4 useful for that purpose, because we're starting with a new 5 program, a new program design, new requirements, and we have to 6 start the baseline from that point forward, and I don't know, 7 John, or Mara, if you have any further comments.

9 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Well, that was a ray of sunshine. Okay. Mr. 10 Gill.

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12 MR. STRELCHECK: You asked.

14 Thank you, Madam Chair, and so the whole intent of MR. GILL: 15 this motion is to express the council's desire to continue on 16 with what we can for this program. Last week, Jim Green sent 17 around a plan, on behalf of CFA, if I have it right, on 18 expressing much the same thing, and a little more specificity in 19 that letter, but I believe this motion basically says the same 20 thing that CFA was expressing in their letter, and, Jim, you can 21 give me a nod yes or a nod no. A nod yes. So there seems to be 22 at least some charter support for doing what we can, whatever 23 the circumstances are down the road, and that supports the 24 intent of the motion, as expressed. Thank you.

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26 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Any other questions or comments? J.D.

Thank you, Ms. Chair. I think we need to pump the 28 MR. DUGAS: 29 brakes, if you will, and we need to see what the agency is going 30 to decide to do, before we get too aggressive on trying to reinvent the wheel again, and I think June is too soon. We need 31 32 to keep in mind the reason we're in this situation, is because 33 some of the fleet disagrees with the SEFHIER program, and maybe 34 the majority of the people in the room agree with it, but there 35 are some that don't, and I think we're moving a little too 36 quickly, and we need to give the agency some time to make their 37 decision and then follow-up behind that.

39 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Very quickly, Dr. Sweetman.

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41 DR. SWEETMAN: Sorry. To that point, J.D., and so, Mara, you 42 said April 10 would be the deadline day, right, for whether the 43 agency would appeal? No?

45 MS. LEVY: April 10 is the deadline for a rehearing in the 5th 46 Circuit. The cert petition to the U.S. Supreme Court is towards 47 the end of May, and so you will know by your June meeting. 48

1 DR. SWEETMAN: Okay, yes, and so that was my overall point there, and so we would know before the June meeting whether the 2 agency is going to appeal or not, and, at that point, we would 3 have an answer as to where we stand on SEFHIER, and I feel like 4 5 the council would have all the components that we would need, at that point, to be able to make some progress one way or the 6 7 other, and that's just my two-cents. 8 9 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okay. We have a motion on the board, and I am going to ask for a show of hands. 10 All those in favor of the 11 motion to bring the modifications to charter vessel and headboat 12 reporting document to the council in June for discussion and 13 comment, all those in favor, please raise your hand; all those 14 opposed. 15 16 **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SIMMONS:** It's seven to five, Madam Chair. 17 18 There's only eleven on my committee. Do we CHAIRMAN BOGGS: 19 need to do this again? 20 21 **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SIMMONS:** Yes, ma'am. 22 23 Okay. It's myself, Mr. Diaz, Mr. Schieble, CHAIRMAN BOGGS: 24 Donaldson, Dugas, Gill, Sweetman, McDermott, Geeslin, 25 Strelcheck, Williamson. Those are who need to vote. All those 26 in favor, please raise your hand; all those opposed. Who 27 abstained? The motion fails. 28 29 Let's move on from this subject. All right. I'm sure we'll 30 have a lot of comments tomorrow that we can listen to and bring 31 this back at Full Council. I did take a little extra time on 32 that, because it is important. Dr. Hollensead, would you take 33 to take us through Item Number V? 34 35 PUBLIC HEARING DRAFT: MODIFICATION TO COMMERCIAL COASTAL LOGBOOK 36 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS 37 38 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Yes, ma'am, and so the next agenda item is the 39 Modification to the Commercial Coastal Logbook Program Reporting Requirements, as well as the Data Collection Advisory Panel 40 41 recommendations. As some of you may be aware, there is interest in modifying the Southeast commercial coastal logbook program. 42 43 Right now, it is a paper logbook that is mailed into the agency, and this would allow for an electronic way to submit, and so, at 44 the Data Collection AP meeting in February, Southeast Fisheries 45 Science Center staff provided a presentation, and this is the 46 same presentation that's been received by the other APs, and so 47 the Data Collection got to see that and comment as well, and 48

1 just for and update on that.

3 The South Atlantic Fishery Management Council also reviewed a 4 draft of the document at its March 2023 meeting, and they 5 approved the document for public hearing, and I will go into 6 that a little bit more, Madam Chair, and my sort of outline for 7 how to go through this would be in four pieces.

9 Number one would be review the document, and there's been some 10 additions to it since you saw it in January, and number two is 11 we would go through an update of the Data Collection AP meeting. 12 Number three is give you that update from that March South 13 Atlantic meeting, and then number four is discuss the timeline.

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15 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Yes, ma'am. We're good.

17 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Okay, and so talking about number one, 18 reviewing the document, and, Bernie, if you wouldn't mind 19 pulling up that document, please, and so, you know, the document 20 is going to be a little different than, you know, what the 21 committee has seen before, for a couple of reasons.

23 It's an amendment with several FMPs, and it's a joint amendment, and so that's always structured a little bit differently, and, 24 25 right now, this is really structured as the South Atlantic does their documents, and it's also an amendment with a CE, and so 26 27 that's a little different, because the only thing being considered is do we move to electronic or not, and so that's the 28 29 main decision point, and so, in that case, I believe it hits 30 those NEPA requirements, but it's also a larger amendment, 31 because it deals with so many FMPs, and there is some other 32 things that the South Atlantic does a little differently, and so 33 that's why it's sort of a hodge-podge of all of the weird things that you could ever think of, and this document has sort of gone 34 35 into it.

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37 The one thing that I will also point as well is you will notice 38 from -- We brought this forward in January, but it mostly just 39 had those section headers, and those hadn't been filled yet, and 40 those analyses have largely been done to fill in those sections. 41 It's very heavy on the economic analyses. If you have any questions of any portion, I might, you know, pass it over to an 42 43 economist to help me out through that, because that's what is mostly being considered, right, and there's no real biological 44 effects changing or those sorts of things, and it's a program 45 that's already out there, and it's just moving from paper to 46 electronic, and so there's a lot of economic considerations, and 47 it has to be done for each of those FMPs, which is why it took a 48

1 little bit of work to get through. 2 3 The IPT has reviewed this initially, and so they have reviewed it, and there is still some outstanding considerations that the 4 5 IPT had that we might go through and just double-check those numbers, to make sure it's as complete as possible, and there's 6 7 also some administrative effects that are still being worked on, 8 for example how much the agency costs -- Different between the 9 paper and electronic, for example, and so some of those things have to be fleshed out, and that's generally, for the document, 10 all I had to say about that for now, and I'm happy to take any 11 12 questions. 13 14 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: It seems like a lot of work for something that 15 everybody wants so terribly. Any questions for Dr. Hollensead? 16 All right. Your next part. 17 18 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Yes, and on to part two, and so part two, as I 19 had mentioned, this will be an update, and I will be touching on 20 what the Data Collection Advisory Panel had, and so, Bernie, I'm 21 going to make you jump again, and if you wouldn't mind going to 22 the Data Collection AP summary, and I believe that's Tab F, 23 Number 5(a), I believe, or (b). 24 25 While she's pulling that up, I will mention, again, that this AP received the same presentations as some of the other APs, the 26 27 CMP AP and Reef Fish, and so they got the same presentation, and 28 so they've got the same sort of thing to work off of. 29 30 This first motion is very similar to what the other APs had 31 recommended to the council, like you said, Madam Chair, that 32 there is a general, you know, recommendation to move this 33 forward, with the electronic submission, and the paper logbook 34 takes a lot of time to go through, and so there's a desire to do 35 that. 36 37 The Data Collection AP went a little further, just from that 38 initial recommendation, and also had some recommendations about 39 a potential path forward for rolling some of this out, and so 40 the Data Collection AP had made the determination that the 41 council staff can decide perhaps the best way to move forward 42 with a public hearing methodology, and so, for example, at the 43 last meeting, if you recall, we had talked about just doing a virtual-only public hearing, and this would allow potentially 44 45 for us to invite some representatives from the Science Center to maybe give that presentation again, or to field questions from 46

stakeholders directly, and, this way, they would be able to participate, but, of course, our public hearings, in general,

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1 have to do with this is what the document is, and these sort of things in the document, and we anticipate that, more likely, 2 3 stakeholders would be interested in, well, you know, questions directly related to the program and submission, you know, data 4 5 field changes and things of that nature, very technical 6 questions that the Southeast Fisheries Science Center is 7 probably best poised to ask, rather than, you know, perhaps 8 council staff, those sorts of things. 9 10 We've got, in the audience, we've got the Data Collection AP 11 Chair, Captain Troy Frady, and so I might call on him, and he 12 know it's coming, and so I might call on him to speak out a 13 little bit more on the second motion, representing what the AP had recommended, in terms of, you know, looking at some perhaps 14 15 outreach efforts and those recommendations, and so, Captain 16 Frady, I will let you speak to that. 17 18 MR. TROY FRADY: Thank you very much. The AP was pretty in-tune 19 with this, and everybody was pretty much in agreement with 20 switching over to the commercial logbooks. The only real 21 concern that they had was just the roll-out and how to get 22 everyone to buy-in on the program, and, you know, we talked 23 about things like having in-person meetings, versus having 24 webinars and stuff like that, in order to get people to 25 participate. 26 27 We talked about using just an app, instead of a web-based process, and, you know, we talked about which app we would use, 28 29 and there was another comment that -- We talked about the idea 30 of transitioning the vendors over to this type of reporting, and 31 so, in all, I mean, the consensus was that it was beneficial for 32 us to switch over to this process, or have everybody go to this 33 form of reporting. 34 35 The biggest concern was we want to beta test this, through the 36 Science Center, to make sure that the data that is coming in 37 will pass the peer review, or muster, so to speak, and is there 38 anything else, Lisa? 39 40 No, and thanks, Troy, unless anybody has any DR. HOLLENSEAD: 41 questions. 42 43 MR. FRADY: The biggest thing was about getting everybody to buy-in on the program. Thank you. 44 45 46 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: All right. To Troy's comments, I mean, all of the commercial fishermen that I've spoken with -- I mean, they 47 want this, and they're ready to get away from the paper, and I 48

1 know that we've had this discussion several times, and I think 2 it was directed to the Science Center, about getting some 3 commercial fishermen on the water, testing this out, before we actually roll it out 100 percent, and I don't think that anyone 4 5 at this table is opposed to it, and I don't think the commercial fishermen are, but they would like to see it, and I think 6 7 there's been discussion in that past that there was a program at 8 one time, and nothing happened with it, and so how do we -- How 9 do we make sure that the program is going to be a successful rollout, get it in the hands of the fishermen, and have some of 10 11 these -- I'm sure there's a motion coming up, but I'm just 12 trying to direct some discussion, real quick. 13

Having the either in-person or webinars, where the Science Center is involved in that discussion, moving forward, and not just the agency, or a council member saying, hey, this is what we're getting ready to do, and I know that's a lot, but, Dr. Walter.

20 DR. JOHN WALTER: Madam Chair, thank you. I'm hearing two 21 things. One is a lot of positive support to say when can we get 22 this out, and let's get it out as soon as possible, which I 23 think is great, because I think people are seeing the potential 24 benefits of electronic reporting here, the challenges being, 25 with like any new system, there's a lot of infrastructure that still is behind the scenes, holding up the beta rollout to more 26 27 of the fleet, and to the fleet as a whole.

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29 Until we get some of those internal things working, we can't 30 roll it out completely, and there is, right now, beta testing in 31 the pilot fleet that had been done to show that it works, and 32 then the GARFO dual permittees, and so these are the Greater Atlantic Regional permittees on the Atlantic coast, and so they 33 34 are essentially the de facto beta testers, but we're still 35 trying to work out some of that internal infrastructure, before 36 we can do that full rollout, but then I'm also hearing that you 37 want some either talking sessions, or things where people get to 38 ask questions, or training sessions, and I think -- I know that 39 our staff have gone to the AP to explain it, and is that the 40 right form, or what would be the best form to get that out? I 41 would ask the question back.

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43 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: I am going to look to staff, and then I have a 44 follow-up question.

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46 **DR. HOLLENSEAD:** Thanks for the question, and so these two 47 motions sort of speak to that, and so the first motion says, you 48 know, that the AP recommended moving forward this, to an electronic submission, and then, however, the public hearings should be set by council staff, the best way to do it, and we mentioned those webinars before.

5 The second one speaks to something else, and so it says something along the lines of recommending either some workshops, 6 7 or perhaps the best way to provide outreach on what exactly --8 Nothing is supposed to be changing, but certainly moving over 9 from a paper to an electronic submission may have a bit of a learning curve, and so this AP had recommended, in considering 10 11 that, that there could be some cooperative, you know, workshops, 12 or whatever what might be the case, for moving that forward. 13 That's the reason for the two motions, and the reason I bring it 14 up is this is a little different from what we've received from 15 other APs, where, for example, that first motion is very similar to what we saw with the other ones. The Data Collection AP had 16 17 extended the second recommendation.

19 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Mr. Gill.

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21 **MR. GILL:** Thank you, Madam Chair, and so you do you feel that 22 this committee needs to make a motion for echoing, if you will, 23 the AP's motions, or their desires are sufficient for the 24 record?

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CHAIRMAN BOGGS: So, I guess I would look to staff. Is this enough, or do we need to maybe wait until we have a more completed document, because, until we have a completed document, can we really do anything with this, other than say, okay, when it's fleshed out, this is what we would like to have happen, and so do you need a motion to move forward with -- Dr. Simmons.

33 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SIMMONS: Thank you, Madam Chair. I think 34 that would be helpful. I think the AP was disappointed that 35 there weren't going to be in-person public hearings for this. Ι 36 think my understanding is they just want this to happen before 37 this becomes a law, to make sure that everyone understands that 38 this is occurring, and, because we talked about doing a mail-39 out, and this was the follow-up with trying to make sure that 40 there's an education and outreach component.

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I don't think the AP is the appropriate venue, and I think we need to work with the Regional Office and Science Center to figure out like a workshop style, across the Gulf, or in coordination with other meetings that we may be hosting, something like that, but it just needs to happen before it's implemented, is my understanding, and so a motion would be good.

1 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: I'm sure that Mr. Gill is prepared to make one. 2 3 MR. GILL: Beware of your assumptions, Madam Chair. I move that we -- That council staff is directed to work with industry 4 5 groups to determine what outreach and education would be appropriate for the commercial participants, which is basically 6 7 the last sentence of their motion, without the "in addition". 8 9 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Do we want to include, in that, Dr. Simmons and Dr. Hollensead, to -- I mean, "with industry groups" -- I can 10 11 construe that a couple of ways. I look at that as the 12 commercial industry, and do we need to put something in there 13 with NMFS and the Science Center, to say that we want to include 14 them, and would that be more -- Or is this -- You know, do you 15 want it more open-ended, or do you want to be a little more 16 direct? Mr. Gill. 17 18 Thank you, Madam Chair. My thinking of this is part MR. GILL: 19 of the O&E Technical Committee kind of purview, and it can stay 20 entirely within the council. The second portion, their other 21 motion, that's different. You know, that involves more than 22 just the council. 23 24 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: All right. Dr. Froeschke. 25 26 DR. JOHN FROESCHKE: Thank you. Just kind of a bigger question. 27 When we did the for-hire reporting document, that we just discussed, once we took final action on that, then we went 28 29 through this more workshop style, and it was different than just 30 the AP, and we got, you know, lots of participation, to tell people that this is the program that's being developed, and this 31 32 is how it's going to affect you, and is that what you're envisioning here, or is it more that you want feedback regarding 33 34 do you like the program or not, because, if we're going to do 35 more of what we did with the SEFHIER, I mean, we could do that 36 after taking final action while the rulemaking is in place, or 37 in process. 38 39 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okay. First of all, I need a second on this Dr. Sweetman. Okay, and so I understand what you're 40 motion. 41 saying, Dr. Froeschke, and that was kind of my thought process, 42 are we putting the cart before the horse, and, you know, it may 43 not be a bad idea to go ahead and work with the O&E Technical Committee, just to say, you know, this is coming, and how do we 44

47 48 MR. GILL: Thank you, Madam Chair, and so part of my thinking is

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address it when we get there, and maybe get prepared for it, and not be preparing for it after the fact, and is that -- Mr. Gill.

1 that, and I don't know if the AP was going down this road, but it involves the industry, and the outreach and education people, 2 upfront, to help shape that program that works, and I think that 3 upfront participation is really important. It does support buy-4 5 in or not, you know, and folks will solidify their 6 participation, but the endpoint is that this is not a top-down 7 decision, and it's the industry is involved in its evolution of 8 how it goes forward.

10 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okay. We have a motion on the board. C.J. 11 seconded it. The motion is to direct council staff to work with 12 industry groups to determine what outreach and education would 13 be appropriate to the commercial participants. Is there anyone 14 opposed to this motion? With no opposition, the motion passes.

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16 Really quickly, because I know we need to move on, but, Dr. 17 Walter, when you all get ready to roll this out, since it's the 18 South Atlantic and the Gulf, I mean, is the infrastructure going 19 to be there to be able to handle all that coming online at one 20 time?

22 **DR. WALTER:** That is indeed what some of that behind-the-scenes 23 work that needs to be there, because that's presumably going to 24 be a deluge of information, which is great, but we've got to be 25 set up and ready and able to handle that. Thanks.

27 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Thank you. Okay. Dr. Hollensead, I know we've 28 got a lot left to do. Please proceed.

30 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Okay. Thank you, Madam Chair. The next thing 31 was to give the committee an update from the South Atlantic 32 meeting. As you recall, they have seen this document at the 33 March meeting, and so they requested some more information, on 34 the document about the data collected, the economic questions 35 specifically, and, as you recall, we just went over the SEFHIER 36 program, and there was some discussion about those economic 37 questions there, and I think that prompted some discussion on 38 their end of that as well.

40 They had recommended that the IPT add some language to better 41 clarify those data collected and how they might be used. Α little bit of that is in there now, but, you know, that has not 42 43 gone through IPT review, because their meeting was not that far 44 ahead of ours, and so that would have to be better fleshed out 45 with the economic folks on the IPT as well, to add that clarifying language, and so I wanted to let you know that that 46 47 was an update from the South Atlantic. 48

1 They also decided to move -- They approved the document for 2 public hearing, and we had mentioned that, and they also moved 3 the final action consideration of the timeline to their September meeting in 2023. The reason they did this was to 4 5 match the timeline for their Snapper Grouper Amendment 48, which addresses the wreckfish ITQ program, and it includes an action 6 to move from paper to ELB, electronic logbook reporting, for 7 8 that fishery, and so it's desirable to have the implementation 9 of the ELBs for various fisheries at once. If that's the case, then it would push our timeline back a little bit, to where the 10 Gulf would consider final action of this document in October of 11 12 2023.

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14 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Any questions or comments?

DR. HOLLENSEAD: Okay. 16 For the timeline, potentially, I think 17 the committee could consider this document now for public 18 One of the things that we could do is we had talked hearing. 19 about doing a mailout in May, and that's something that we could 20 still do, to mail out to permit holders to let them know that a 21 series of webinars would be held, public hearings, for this 22 document.

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24 That might be advantageous, since, in May, there's lots going 25 on, in terms of public hearings for gag grouper, for example, and so this would give fishermen time to not only focus on that, 26 27 comment on that, but then move on to another document a little 28 later in the fall, and so that would mean holding webinars more 29 in the July and August timeframe. Like I said, that would allow 30 for the exploration of perhaps some joint outreach efforts with 31 the South Atlantic and the Southeast Fisheries Science Center, 32 if we decide to go that way or not, but it would allow us to 33 have those conversations with those partnering agencies. 34

35 Actually, if you don't mind, Madam Chair, Myra, if you're out 36 there, and she's the South Atlantic lead for this document, and 37 if you wouldn't mind doing me a favor, and if you wouldn't mind 38 expanding on an update of you all's meeting, and correct me, and 39 did you all pick a preferred, in this case, which would be the option for the electronic, and was that formally selected and 40 41 then sent out for public hearing? If you wouldn't mind 42 clarifying that for me, I would really appreciate it.

44 MS. MYRA BROUWER: Hi, Lisa. Hello, everybody. This is Myra. 45 Yes, absolutely, I can provide that update. The council --46 Since there are no alternatives, they did not select a 47 preferred, and the understanding is that they want to move 48 forward with moving to an electronic platform for the commercial

1 coastal logbook, and so we have not, at the council, discussed 2 the specifics of public hearings, how those would be held. 3 4 I did though suggest, as you just did, Lisa, that the public 5 hearings be held virtually, to allow for some, you know, further exploration and explanation of how, you know, the platform would 6 look like and how it might work for participants, and so I hope 7 8 that I answered your question, and, if I didn't, please -- I'm 9 here. 10 11 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Thank you, Myra, and so we would need a motion 12 to take this out to public hearing? Does anyone want to make a 13 motion, or do we want to wait until Full Council? Seeing no hands -- All right, Dr. Hollensead, and maybe we'll readdress 14 15 this at Full Council. Okay, and so are we ready to tackle Item 16 Number VI, which should be a really short conversation? 17 18 DISCUSSION OF PRIVATE ANGLER LICENSING REQUIREMENTS AND THE 19 FEASIBILITY OF A FEDERAL PRIVATE ANGLING PERMIT TO DEFINE 20 OFFSHORE ANGLERS 21 22 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Yes, ma'am. I'll go through this quickly, and 23 so, next up, we're going to have a discussion on the private 24 angler licensing and reporting requirements and the feasibility 25 of a federal private angling permit to define offshore anglers. 26 27 If you recall, we discussed this a little bit at the January meeting, and Carly Somerset gave a presentation of what the 28 29 various states do, and that sprung off some further discussion. 30 Speaking directly to that focused discussion, we've got Dr. 31 Richard Cody, who is going to provide a little bit more information, through a presentation on that topic. 32 33 34 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Dr. Cody. 35 36 DR. RICHARD CODY: Thank you. While we're loading the slides 37 here, I will just mention that the focus of this presentation is 38 largely from the federal survey perspective, and also in the 39 handling of the offshore component of the angling universe, I will say, and so I titled it as "The Federal Offshore Fishing 40 41 Permit as a Tool to Improve Recreational Data", and the perspective here is that we're talking about current federal 42 43 data collection programs, and so I'm limiting most of my discussion today, although I will make reference, here and 44 45 there, to the state programs as well. I think that they're the proper authority to deal with that. 46 47 48 There were several questions that were posed, at the last

1 meeting, by Andy Strelcheck, and, of those, three were mentioned in a letter from the council to NOAA, and so these three 2 3 questions here are listed on the first slide, and the first one pertains to is this permit to gather data solely on the universe 4 5 of offshore anglers, and, obviously, depending on the scope of the permit, it could be extended to include offshore, inshore, 6 7 or other components of the angling public, but I will limit my 8 discussion here mostly to the offshore component, since that's 9 mostly what would be covered by federal fishery management. 10 11 The second question is can additional information on federal 12 recreational fishing be used to enhance or improve data 13 collection for the sector, and the third question is related to 14 that second one, which is how might the information be used, in 15 the future, to manage Gulf fisheries differently, and so I 16 suggest a number of different potential avenues for evaluation. 17 18 The approach that I used in the presentation is, as I've 19 outlined, a list of questions, give you an oversight of the 20 current NOAA suite of surveys that are used for our purposes of estimating catch and effort, and I have an introduction here, a 21 22 little bit, to the National Saltwater Angler Registry, because 23 there might be some implications there, and then the three 24 questions, and I have kind of dealt with them not so much in 25 order, but with the management question first, and then, on the last slide, I have -- The following summary slide is really a 26 27 list of resources that pertain to that third question. 28 29 The Access Point Angler Intercept Survey is where we get our 30 catch information at the federal level, and these are done dockside, or shoreside, through in-person interviews, and the 31 32 states are the entities that conduct these intercepts, and it's 33 managed through the Gulf States Commission in the Gulf and the 34 Atlantic States Commission on the Atlantic coast. 35 36 The types of information that we collect include information on 37 fishing mode, and so we've got shore, private boat, and for-hire 38 vessel trips are identified. The general area fished, where the 39 majority of fishing occurred, and this is important, because 40 where the majority of the fishing occurred may not be where the 41 majority of the fishing catch was made, and so that's a distinction that needs to be made. Then species number and 42 43 disposition of the anglers' catch are other pieces of information that we get, and this is used to generate a catch 44 per trip, or CPUE, value. 45 46 For this survey specifically, we use a list that doesn't involve 47 licensing information, and it's a list of public access fishing 48

sites, and these are used by the states for their state surveys as well, and so it's a list of public-access fishing sites, and we don't get information, or we don't survey, at private-access sites, unless we get permission from private marinas and other restricted-access sites, such as military bases and things like that.

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8 The Fishing Effort Survey is the survey where we mostly get our 9 information for private boat and shore angling, and this is a 10 self-administered mail survey that's conducted bi-monthly, and 11 it targets residential households within different coastal 12 states, and so we get an estimate of effort, fishing effort, for 13 coastal residents in certain states, and the trip information 14 for each resident is very basic.

Basically, it consists of the numbers of trips, or fishing trips, days, that they made in the last two-month period for shore and private boat modes, and that's basically it. We don't get any other additional information other than that, and so this is used to get an estimate, as I mentioned, for private boat and shore angling trips. We have a separate for-hire survey that we use to get for-hire effort information.

24 For this sample frame, we use the U.S. Postal Service, what's 25 called the delivery sequence file, and that provides a list of residential residences, or addresses, and, in addition to that, 26 27 we use license information provided by the states, through the 28 National Saltwater Registry, and so state license information is 29 used to increase the efficiency of the sampling, since we're 30 list using basically an address that doesn't have any 31 designation of whether a household is a fishing household or 32 not, and the license information that we get from the states is 33 matched to that, so that we can make the sampling more efficient, and, by that, what I mean is that -- We can pull 34 35 license households at a higher rate than we do the unlicensed 36 households, and we account for that by weighting of the sample. 37

38 These two components come together in -- There is the Access 39 Point Angler Intercept Survey that actually provides some 40 information that we need to inform the effort estimates that we 41 get for private boat and shore angling, and so the Fishing Effort Survey, as I mentioned, gives us an estimate of resident 42 43 angler trips, and so we need a correction for off-frame effort, and so this will be non-resident, or instate, in some cases, and 44 non-coastal-county residents as well that fish in marine waters, 45 and so the intercept survey is used to adjust for this non-46 resident angler effort, and it determines basically the 47 48 proportions of effort to allocate to the different areas fished,

1 and so inland waters, territorial seas, and federal waters.

3 As I mentioned earlier, it asks where the majority of the 4 fishing occurred, and that doesn't necessarily equate to where 5 the majority of the catch was made. In most cases it does, but 6 it's not necessarily equivalent.

8 The National Saltwater Registry -- I had some questions, at the 9 last meeting, regarding how it operated and how it functioned, in terms of participation by the states and requirements for 10 11 signing up for the registry, and so one point to note, for the 12 NSAR, or National Saltwater Angler Registry, is that it doesn't allow for universal registration coverage at the federal level, 13 14 and so we worked with the states, and the states provided us 15 with license information, and they receive an exemption from us, 16 based on that information that we receive, and so, right now, 17 only Hawaii has a licensing requirement, and only Hawaiian 18 anglers sign up for the national registry, since they don't have 19 a state licensing program, and a couple of the territories as 20 well are also excluded there, but, for the most part, we receive 21 license information from the states, and, in the case of the 22 west coast states, we receive some survey information as well, 23 and, in return, there is an exemption that those states are 24 granted based on an existing memorandum of agreement. 25

26 Those memorandums of agreement take into consideration the 27 various exemptions that states have for their licensing 28 programs, and they have requirements that are outlined in the 29 MOAs, that they will provide certain pieces of information to 30 us, and so each of the five states have MOAs in place, and they 31 provide their license information, right now at a monthly level, 32 and they are required, through MSA, to just do this on an annual level, but we get the information on a monthly level at this 33 34 point. Let's see. Is there any other information there? Ι 35 mean, that's basically it, as far as the information that we get 36 from that.

38 One of the questions asked was how might this information be 39 used in the future to manage Gulf fisheries differently, and I 40 am going to defer most of the questions that you have related to 41 management to SERO staff, but I will give you my perspective 42 here, from the data side, and, also, I will just refer you to 43 some other ongoing efforts that are currently underway in 44 different regions around the country.

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46 I mentioned the first bullet here, that there are different 47 recreational fisheries initiatives at various stages of 48 development, and so, in the Mid-Atlantic, we have the Rec Reform 1 Initiative, and, in the South Atlantic, we have the recreational that is interested in improving 2 reporting working qroup 3 recreational fisheries information. There are also regional implementation plans that are done by the various MRIP teams 4 5 throughout the country. There is a Gulf plan and an Atlantic 6 states plan, and also west coast and HMS plans as well, and 7 others, and those identify recreational data priorities within 8 those regions.

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10 To my knowledge, I don't think an offshore permit has been 11 presented in any of those, although the Gulf is now working on 12 an updated plan at this point, and so those are just some of the examples, and, as I said, I have a list, at the end of the 13 14 presentation, that I can refer you to, but what this points to is a need for coordination of these efforts, and this is 15 basically to more effectively assess the needs and objectives, 16 based on, you know, the different initiatives that are underway. 17 18 I also think that they probably need to be looked at in terms of 19 examining the capability with the current data collection 20 programs and to evaluate their expected outcomes and the 21 potential for where something may work well in one area, and it 22 may not work so well in another, and so a cost-benefit and a 23 risk analysis would be beneficial as well.

I bring this up because the federal program, the federal surveys, operate outside the Gulf, and so decisions here related to the functioning of the surveys, those surveys, would impact a broader area than just the Gulf, and the impacts in those regions may be different than they are in the Gulf, based on circumstances.

32 One of the other questions was is the permit solely to gather information on the universe of offshore anglers, and, obviously, 33 34 that's where we've heard most of the discussions to-date, and I 35 will point to, you know, some of the existing programs that are 36 in operation in the Gulf that essentially get information on 37 offshore angling through the various endorsements, like you have 38 in Florida and Louisiana, for their state surveys, but, also, 39 you have reporting requirements for red snapper fishing in the Gulf also in place in Mississippi and Alabama, tied to license 40 41 information, and so I think what would have to be evaluated, in terms of the existing program, is the impact to the ongoing 42 43 efforts in the state surveys, as well as the federal surveys, in terms of what improvements a federal permit would make over the 44 45 state licensing initiatives that are ongoing right now. 46

47 We get that license information from the states involved in 48 their state surveys, and so there is the potential there to draw

1 samples for specialized surveys, based on the information that 2 we get from those states.

A couple of things that are pointed out on this slide as well, 4 5 and, as I mentioned, it would provide a list of permitted anglers, or vessel operators, that fish offshore, and there is a 6 7 and that's that this universe of basic assumption there, 8 offshore anglers would be identified through a permitting 9 system, and so you would have 100 percent sign-up for the permit. I think we have to have at least a consideration of the 10 11 fact that there may be unlicensed fishing that occurs offshore 12 that may not be represented in the permit, and then you have 13 complications with reporting, in terms of offshore some 14 permitted anglers may also fish inshore, and so would the 15 requirement require them, basically, to report all their trip 16 information for offshore and inshore?

18 Some potential improvements to recreational data collection, 19 and, as I said, this is based on, you know, the federal survey 20 perspective, and I talk about, first, the FES, which, to me, is the -- It would be the most impacted by a permit, an offshore 21 22 permit. Where this would be important, I think, is if there are 23 reported information for an differences between offshore 24 permitted angler versus the general angling public, and so there 25 could be some precision gains there, in terms of the information 26 that we get, using the current license information. 27

28 That said, there may be some other advantages there as well, in 29 terms of whether this permit was angler-based or vessel-based. 30 From our perspective, a vessel-based would be preferred to an 31 angler-based, just because it lines up better with our effort 32 survey, Fishing Effort Survey, and it would be simpler to put in 33 place, but it also would require less samples to get an 34 equivalent level of precision. 35

Then the other aspect that I will point to is that the permit list could provide sample frames to do other surveys, and so, if you had a new permit-based effort survey, this could be coupled to the Access Point Angler Intercept Survey, just as the FES is, to provide a more targeted effort estimate, or catch estimate, for permitted anglers.

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43 There are some considerations there though, in terms of the 44 complexity of that, because you would now have competing 45 estimates, and so you're in the position that we already are in 46 the Gulf, where we have competing estimates for different 47 surveys, and so you're adding that level of complexity, but that 48 would be, could be, an option.

2 The other point, and the last bullet there, presents two 3 different potential data collection programs that could be developed, and both permit-based, and refer to a rotating, or a 4 5 fixed, panel survey, and this could either be a continuous 6 survey that is longitudinal in nature, and provides trend information, or it could be instituted at different periods, or 7 8 periodically, and so this could provide information, I think, in 9 terms of getting additional, or more detailed, information on discards for offshore fishing, discard counts and sizes, as well 10 11 as maybe some information on private access fishing as well. 12 13 Then, lastly, having an offshore permit could allow you, if you 14 had mandatory reporting, to do a logbook-type of program, and, 15 obviously, the drawback there is the increase in the reporting 16 burden for the angler, in terms of the information that you 17 would get. 18 19 There's a lot on this slide here, and, basically, I will just 20 run through it briefly, but some of the things that I can point 21 out are that we have, in existence, and I made reference to it 22 earlier, but we have, in existence in the Gulf, some overlap 23 through the state programs, in terms of the information that 24 would be provided through a permit, an offshore permit. 25 26 You have information, from the state surveys, that provides 27 information on their offshore fishing fleet, and so there's an 28 overlap there, in terms of the information that you would get, 29 and so the benefits to that would have to be considered in 30 development of that, an exclusive offshore permit. 31 32 Compatibility with existing programs is also a consideration here, and, obviously, you have different surveys in place, and, 33 as we know, different surveys give you different estimates, and 34 35 so there are some considerations there, in terms of the value of 36 the information that we would get and how it would be presented 37 to the public and how it would be received by the public. 38 39 Capture/recapture census-based reporting information requires validation and enforcement, and so, even if you do institute a 40 41 reporting system, in the case of capture/recapture, you still need a field component to get validation, or the recapture part 42 43 of that, and then I will point to another consideration, which is you're adding to an already, I think, complex suite of 44 surveys, and so there are some logistics considerations there, 45 in terms of the ability of the states to field side-by-side 46 47 surveys, more surveys, without basically these surveys interfering with each other, and so that's another consideration 48

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1 there.

3 Panel surveys require recruitment and maintenance and have a 4 high response burden, and so there's that, when you think about 5 panel surveys, and most people think of something that's more 6 short-term in nature, but, if you have something in place, such 7 as a rotating-panel survey, or a fixed-panel survey, keeping 8 recruitment up, and reporting up, for those surveys can be quite 9 labor intensive, or resource intensive.

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11 Then, you know, the time and resources needed to establish and 12 maintain a permit, or a data management system, are 13 considerable, and we're talking about, you know, many millions 14 of anglers nationwide, but, in the case of the Gulf, you could 15 be looking at a sizable number, in excess of a million, and then 16 the other thing I will point out, just the last bullet here, is, 17 and I mentioned this earlier as well, is that there are impacts 18 beyond the Gulf, in terms of the functioning of the surveys. 19 Obviously, if we make a change to our FES survey, it poses 20 problems, in terms of our ability to conduct the survey, if we have one flavor of the FES in the Gulf and another flavor 21 22 somewhere else, and so you may have a situation where you have 23 an FES estimate that is not necessarily comparable between regions, and so that's a consideration as well. 24 25

CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Dr. Cody, I noticed that the next couple of slides were a summary, and I hate to cut you short, but we've only got fourteen minutes left in this committee, and do you mind if I go ahead and put it out there for questions? I mean, you're just summarizing what you just said.

32 **DR. CODY:** Yes, and I basically covered everything I need to 33 cover in these other slides, thinking that we would be trying to 34 move it along. The only slide that I would point to is the very 35 last one, which has some resources.

37 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Can we jump to that last slide, real quickly, 38 and then open it up for questions? Thank you. 39

40 DR. CODY: Yes. I mentioned about the ongoing efforts that are 41 in place right now, and, in particular, I wanted to just -- The first two bullets here refer to the National Academies' in-42 43 season management review that was done, and, also, the response that NOAA has made to this report, and so I think there are some 44 overlapping, maybe, priorities in there that overlap with the 45 idea of an offshore fishing permit, in terms of alternative 46 47 management strategies and alternative data collection strategies, and so I will just refer you to that, and then I've 48

1 listed here ongoing efforts with the South Atlantic Council and the Mid-Atlantic Council, in terms of the rec reform initiatives 2 3 and the recreational working group. 4 5 The last bullet on this I haven't mentioned before, and it refers to some state-level and other efforts, such as the 6 7 Maryland governor's taskforce report, and I do have a copy of that, a draft copy of that, if people are interested in that 8 9 report, and the Gulf states transition planning, which is ongoing right now, and the research plan is ongoing, as well as 10 11 the regular plan itself, and so those are all, I think, 12 components that may inform the discussion on an offshore permit. 13 14 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okey-dokey. Does anybody have any questions 15 for Dr. Cody? Again, I hated to cut you short, but I know we're 16 running short on time. 17 18 DR. CODY: No, that's fine. 19 20 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okay. Thank you very much. Dr. Hollensead. 21 22 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Okay, Madam Chair. I think the only thing left 23 on the agenda is to run through the remaining Data Collection AP 24 Summary Report. 25 26 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: I'm sorry. Mr. Dyskow. 27 28 MR. DYSKOW: I apologize, Madam Chair, and I didn't know that we 29 were done with the licensing, recreational licensing, portion of 30 This scares me to death, because we have an environment this. 31 today where all of the major recreational fishing groups are in 32 favor of some form of licensing, or offshore use, and they are 33 very concerned about getting better information about discards, 34 and discard mortality, and we have an audience that wants to 35 participate and provide that data that we need to manage 36 recreational fishing in federal waters more effectively. 37 38 What you have here is you're trying to put recreational fishing 39 in a box, the same box we use for, you know, for charter and 40 for-hire and for commercial fishing, and it doesn't fit in that 41 box. 42 43 A vessel permit isn't going to accomplish much of what you want to do, because there are multiple people fishing on that boat, 44 and some of those people fish on other boats, and sometimes they 45 take out five people, and sometimes they take out three people, 46 and I don't think that you can accomplish this with the 47 resources we have, and it's just going to be another complicated 48 36

1 system that, in the end, doesn't provide what we want, but we need this program, or we need a program like this, and I think 2 the states can do it better, and I think, if the states are 3 willing to work with NMFS, so that the data, the information 4 5 that's gathered, is what you need, you would be better off. 6 7 To that end, I am not a member of this committee, but, at the 8 Full Council session, I intend to present a motion that this 9 recreational fishing permit program be initiated and managed by the states, with NMFS involvement, to ensure that we get the 10 data that we want. I don't think this is something that NMFS 11 12 should tackle on their own. I don't think they're qualified to do it, and I think it would create another problem with data 13 14 collection. I want the states to do this, and that's their job. 15 16 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Dr. Stunz and then Dr. Hollensead. 17 18 DR. GREG STUNZ: Susan, to that point, and thanks, Phil, and I 19 recognize this issue -- Obviously, it's appropriate in Data 20 Collection, but it goes beyond just Data Collection, because, 21 you know, all the members of this that council might want to 22 weigh-in in a meaningful way aren't on this committee, and so, 23 Phil, I will reserve some time when we get to this, during that 24 point, to have -- Because I suspect that there's others, and 25 what I am hearing is there are others that would like to chime-26 in as well that may not be on the committee on that, Susan, and 27 so I just wanted to give you a heads-up. 28 29 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Dr. Hollensead, did you have a comment? 30 31 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Thanks, Madam Chair. Following up on what Mr. 32 Dyskow said, I apologize. When I said that we were going to go through the rest of the Data Collection summary, there is a 33 34 portion of the summary that speaks to this topic, and so I would 35 like to, you know, just review that very quickly, because I 36 think it also could provide some context for conversations at 37 Full Council. 38 Just to let you know, the Data Collection AP did receive that 39 January presentation from Ms. Somerset that this committee 40 41 received, and so they had a chance to comment on that. Just briefly, some of the things that I will highlight are that some 42 43 of the AP members advocated that every individual fishing in federal waters should be mandated to possess a permit, and other 44 45 members contended that taking smaller initial steps might be a 46 pathway of achieving that. 47 You know, the AP recognized that the South Atlantic has also 48

1 begun scoping the concept of a federal permit, and so they 2 recognized that this is happening over there in the snapper 3 grouper fishery.

5 I will have to say that, and there is a motion here, that some of the AP members expressed some concern with mandating a permit 6 7 for federal private recreational anglers, and one member stated that it is likely to take years for the Gulf states to 8 9 standardize their licensing data collection, for example, with another member replying that mandating such a large user group 10 11 was going to be a tough sell, and they suggested a more 12 voluntary approach that increased buy-in from the sector. 13

- 14 I will also make a note that one member expanded on this idea 15 and stated that the endorsements are a good tool for data 16 collection and outreach with anglers, as well as increasing 17 awareness of regulations and promoting conservation best 18 practices, and then they had the following motion, and that 19 motion carried with two opposed, for the reasons that Ι 20 mentioned a little bit earlier in this summary, but just to give you some context, and the Data Collection AP also sort of 21 22 recommended moving forward with the Gulf states and NOAA staff, 23 as well as state representatives on the council, to standardize the licensing and sort of achieve those goals, and so I just 24 25 wanted to make sure that that was captured in the record, for 26 discussions at Full Council, if that's the will of the 27 committee.
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29 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: That's right, and I was going to comment too, 30 to Mr. Dyskow's comments, and, you know, this is just a 31 presentation that OST put together, just to give us some 32 information, and, I mean, the council certainly has not made a 33 firm decision as to how to go with it. There has been a lot of 34 discussion, just like this motion captures, about -- And I've 35 even said the states are already collecting this information, 36 and we don't need to reinvent the wheel, but how do we -- How do 37 we perfect it and gather the information out there that we need, 38 and so I think this motion captures it very well, and so I will 39 be very happy to hear the rest of the discussion at Full Council 40 and the motion that you have to bring forward. Anything else on 41 this topic? Andy.

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43 MR. STRELCHECK: Going back to your comments, and Phil's 44 comments, you know, I don't know if we're really making any 45 progress, based on what we just discussed and heard with Richard 46 just now, and, you know, I think the struggle continues to be 47 what are our goals and objectives for this federal permit, and 48 what are we trying to accomplish with it, and that was part of

1 the reason why I had the whole litany of questions at the last 2 council meeting.

I recognize there is different sentiments, in terms of the need 4 5 for a federal permit, use the states, which already have systems set up, but I think that's an oversimplification of it, because 6 7 we really haven't done a good job of explaining what the goals 8 and objectives are that we're trying to accomplish, first and 9 foremost, right, and Dr. Cody started to lay out some of kind of the -- I will say pros and cons, or benefits and drawbacks, of, 10 11 obviously, this, but he is a data collector analyzer, and he 12 can't ultimately decide that for us.

14 We have to give him some direction, with regard to what we're 15 trying to accomplish, and, ultimately, at the end of the day, I 16 think we need to have a more robust conversation around that 17 very issue, as we discuss the federal permit purpose.

19 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: To that point, Andy, I agree, and, I mean, we 20 don't have enough time to really get into this discussion right 21 now, and I wish we had more time, but it's going to be a heavy 22 lift, if we decide to move forward with this, and I don't 23 disagree, and I'm not trying to oversimplify it, but it just 24 seems like we should be able to use some of the information that 25 we currently have, and so, Mr. Gill, I will give you the final 26 word.

28 MR. GILL: Oh my heavens. Thank you, Madam Chair. There is no 29 question that, if we embark on a program like this, there's a 30 lot of questions, and working out the mechanics, and all that, 31 and I agree, Andy, that we've got to figure out where it goes, 32 and that in itself, as we've seen with the IFQ program, is not a small lift either, but my feeling, from our previous discussions 33 34 on this issue, is that the agency is not really supportive of 35 this effort, and they're reluctantly getting dragged along, and 36 they don't want to do it, and they're certainly not providing 37 leadership.

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From that perspective, does the agency support moving ahead with looking at this thing, recognizing it's probably K2, and maybe not Mount Everest, but it's a biggie, and that starting to look at it, making that effort, and investing that time and energy, is worthwhile, or are they more of the mode that they would rather not do that? Thank you very much.

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46 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Well, Andy, I guess I have to let you have the 47 last word.

1 MR. STRELCHECK: Thank you. I'm standing between us and lunch. Bob, I appreciate the question, and this is a challenging issue, 2 3 right, because of what the states have stood up in the Gulf of Mexico, and we've worked closely with the states on those reef 4 5 fish, you know, fishing programs, and so there's an economy of scale issue, and there's an issue in terms of them already, you 6 7 know, permitting anglers, and it doesn't mean that we're opposed 8 to a federal offshore permit, and I think we're just trying to 9 think through what's the most appropriate way that we can go about doing this, and I get back to my original comment, which 10 is what are we trying to accomplish with the permit, right, and 11 12 so, if it's to improve data collection, if it's to refine how we estimate fishing effort, then can we do that, based on what we 13 have in place currently in the Gulf of Mexico, or do we need to 14 15 do something different, and, if so, is it this federal permit 16 that is separate and distinct from what the states have 17 implemented, or what could be modified from the state programs 18 and adapted to be more standardized? 19 20 In the South Atlantic, we certainly have been standing behind, 21 and supporting, work over there, and they don't have the state 22 surveys, with the exception of Florida, which had recently

expanded over there, and we had -- We kind of narrowed the scope, and Tom can speak to it from the last meeting, but really it is to get at how do we better estimate effort in the EEZ, right, and how can we refine MRIP, or other data collection programs, in terms of estimating that fishing effort, given that that's certainly a critique, or criticism, of the MRIP program and how that effort is generated.

31 I get back to we are supportive of this, and we certainly, I 32 think, want some consistency and standardization, where 33 appropriate, and want to take advantage of economies of scale, 34 where it makes sense.

36 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Okay. Anyone else? Dr. Hollensead, our last 37 action.

39 DR. HOLLENSEAD: Yes, ma'am. I am very quickly going to run 40 through the last of the Data Collection AP summary items.

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42 CHAIRMAN BOGGS: Thank you, ma'am.

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REMAINING DATA COLLECTION AP SUMMARY ITEMS

46 **DR. HOLLENSEAD:** The Data Collection AP also received a 47 presentation from Mote Marine Lab on their electronic monitoring 48 research, and this was an update on ongoing research that's being done at Mote Marine lab, specifically to put video cameras on commercial vessels, to better assess and quantify discard and bycatch information, and so the AP had asked a few questions, and we certainly appreciate Mote Marine staff coming to talk about that ongoing research that they have at their lab.

7 The AP -- The second item there, the next item, was just an 8 update on the development on the fishery ecosystem plan, and so 9 the AP also got an update on how the council is moving forward with the FEP, as well as the recent decision to allow the 10 11 Outreach and Education Technical Committee to help participate 12 in some of that process of soliciting some information about the 13 best way to identify some of these fishery ecosystem issues and 14 that sort of thing. You know, the potential that perhaps this, 15 when it's more formalized, could come in front of the Data 16 Collection AP again, and they could comment as progress is made 17 on that document a little further.

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19 Then, lastly, in Other Business, the AP reviewed the January 20 council motion, and, again, this is sort of similar, and this 21 was Mr. Strelcheck's motion at the end of the meeting, the 22 council meeting, and so they sort of discussed that and reviewed 23 it, you know, and then, generally some notes, and it's on the The council has not gotten a chance to address 24 AP's radar. 25 that, that motion formally, as yet, and so they didn't make any formalized recommendations or anything like that. 26

Then the AP discussed some red grouper management, and so a 28 29 member had expressed concern regarding the recent overharvest of 30 the red grouper by the recreational sector, and another member 31 sort of asked if there had been any suggestions, or comments, 32 from the group, and then there was an AP member that said that 33 perhaps SERO was better suited to address some of the concerns, 34 as it monitors the fisheries, and stakeholders are seeing 35 improvement in the stock, but the recent interim analysis did 36 not reflect that observation, and so that AP member mentioned 37 that perhaps, for example, some of the Mote Marine Lab, that had 38 been presented, might be a way to address some of these data 39 gaps in the future, and so that concludes the Data Collection AP 40 summary, Madam Chair.

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42 **CHAIRMAN BOGGS:** All right. The last item on the agenda is 43 Other Business, and does anyone have any other business for this 44 committee? Seeing none, it is 12:33, and I tried. 45

- 46 (Whereupon, the meeting adjourned on April 3, 2023.)
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